

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC, *et al.*,<sup>1</sup>

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 25-10472 (LSS)

(Joint Administration Requested)

**DEBTORS' MOTION FOR ENTRY OF INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS  
(I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO OBTAIN POSTPETITION FINANCING;  
(II) GRANTING LIENS AND SUPERPRIORITY ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE  
CLAIMS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN PERMITTED LIENS; (III) GRANTING  
ADEQUATE PROTECTION; (IV) MODIFYING THE AUTOMATIC STAY;  
(V) SCHEDULING A FINAL HEARING; AND (VI) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

The above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “Debtors” or, the “Company”) hereby move for entry of an interim order, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A** (the “Interim Order”), and a final order (the “Final Order,” and together with the Interim Order, the “DIP Orders”), pursuant to sections 105, 361, 362, 363, 364, 503, 507, and 552 of title 11 of the United States Code (as amended, the “Bankruptcy Code”), rules 2002, 4001, 6003, and 6004 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (as amended, the “Bankruptcy Rules”), and rules 2002-1, 4001-2 of the Local Rules of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “Local Rules”): (i) authorizing the Debtors to obtain postpetition financing; (ii) granting liens and superpriority administrative expense claims to the DIP Lender (as defined herein), subject to the Permitted Liens (defined below); (iii) granting adequate protection to the Prepetition Secured Parties (as defined herein); (iv) modifying the automatic stay; (v) scheduling

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<sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, together with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC (7907); Brightmark Plastics Renewal Indiana LLC (7118); and Brightmark Plastics Renewal Services LLC (3789). The Debtors’ headquarters are located at 1725 Montgomery St, Floor 3, San Francisco, CA 94111.

a final hearing; and (vi) granting related relief. In support of this motion (the “Motion”), the Debtors submit the *Declaration of Mark E. Chesen in Support of the Debtors’ Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders (I) Authorizing the Debtors to Obtain Postpetition Financing; (II) Granting Liens and Superpriority Administrative Expense Claims; (III) Granting Adequate Protection; (IV) Modifying the Automatic Stay; (V) Scheduling a Final Hearing; and (VI) Granting Related Relief* (the “DIP Declaration”), filed contemporaneously herewith, and respectfully state as follows:<sup>2</sup>

**RELIEF REQUESTED**

1. By this Motion, the Debtors seek, among other things:
  - (i) authorization for the Debtors to obtain secured postpetition financing on a subordinated priority basis (the “DIP Facility,” and the loans issued thereunder, the “DIP Loans”) in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$13,000,000 (the “DIP Commitment”), not to exceed the Approved Budget (defined below) of which, (i) \$5,600,000 (the “Interim Amount”) shall be made available to the Debtors, and may be drawn in one or more draws (in an aggregate minimum amount of \$100,000 or multiples thereof), upon entry of the Interim Order and satisfaction or waiver of the borrowing conditions set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement (defined below) and the Interim Order; and (ii) the remainder of the DIP Commitment shall be made available to the Debtors upon entry of the Final Order, through additional draws and in each case subject to the terms and conditions set forth in that certain Secured, Super-Priority Debtor-in-Possession Loan and Security Agreement by and among Brightmark Plastics Ashley Holdco LLC or its designees or assignees, as lender (the “DIP Lender”) and the Debtors, as borrowers (as may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof, the “DIP Credit Agreement,” a copy of which is attached to the Interim Order as **Exhibit 1** and, together with any ancillary, collateral, or related documents and agreements, the “DIP Documents”);
  - (ii) authorization for the Debtors to execute, deliver, and perform under the DIP Credit Agreement and any other DIP Documents;

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<sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement (as defined herein), or the First Day Declaration (as defined herein), as applicable.

- (iii) authorization for the Debtors to issue, incur, and guarantee all loans, notes, advances, extensions of credit, financial accommodations, reimbursement obligations, fees and premiums (including any fees payable pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement), and all other obligations due or payable to or for the benefit of the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents (collectively, the “DIP Obligations”), and to perform such other acts as may be required or appropriate in connection therewith;
- (iv) authorization and direction for the Debtors to use the proceeds of the DIP Loans solely in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement and the DIP Orders to (a) fund the postpetition working capital needs of the Debtors, pending a final hearing on this Motion; (b) pay fees, costs, and expenses of the DIP Facility on the terms and conditions described in the DIP Orders and the DIP Credit Agreement; and (c) pay the allowed administrative costs and expenses of these Chapter 11 Cases, in each case, solely in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement, the Approved Budget (as defined below), and the DIP Orders;
- (v) valid, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically, fully perfected liens in all of the DIP Collateral (as defined below) and all proceeds thereof, , in favor of the DIP Lender to secure the DIP Obligations, which liens shall be subordinate only to the Carve Out, and the Permitted Liens;
- (vi) allowed superpriority administrative expense claims in favor of the DIP Lender;
- (vii) adequate protection for the Prepetition Secured Parties (as defined below), of their respective interest in the Prepetition Bond Collateral (as defined below), in the form of valid, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and fully perfected security interests and replacement liens in the DIP Collateral and allowed superpriority administrative expense claims pursuant to sections 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, solely to the extent of any diminution in value of the Prepetition Secured Parties’ respective interest in the Prepetition Bond Collateral, which liens and claims shall be subject to the priorities set forth in the DIP Orders, without waiver of the Debtors’ rights to assert any and all challenges, causes of action, and claims against the Prepetition Secured Parties;
- (viii) authorization for the DIP Lender to take all commercially reasonable actions to implement and effectuate the terms of the DIP Orders and the DIP Credit Agreement;

- (ix) authorization to pay the DIP Fees (as defined below) at the times and in the amounts set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement;
- (x) waiver, upon entry of a Final Order, of (a) the Debtors' right to surcharge the DIP Lender or the DIP Collateral pursuant to sections 105(a) and 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, and (b) the equitable doctrine of "marshaling" and other similar doctrines with respect to any collateral;
- (xi) modification of the automatic stay imposed by section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent necessary to permit the Debtors and the DIP Lender to implement and effectuate the terms and provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement and the DIP Orders, and authorization for the DIP Lender, upon the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default (defined below), to deliver any notices and exercise rights and remedies, as contemplated in the DIP Orders and DIP Credit Agreement;
- (xii) the scheduling of a final hearing (the "Final Hearing") to consider entry of the Final Order authorizing and approving, on a final basis, among other things, the DIP Facility, as set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement; and
- (xiii) related relief.

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

2. The United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (this "Court") has jurisdiction over the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (these "Chapter 11 Cases"), the Debtors, property of the Debtors' estates, and these matters under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware*, dated February 29, 2012. This is a core proceeding within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2).

3. Pursuant to Local Rule 9013-1(f), the Debtors consent to the entry of a final judgment or order with respect to this Motion if it is determined that this Court, absent consent of the parties, cannot enter final orders or judgments consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution.

4. Venue of these Chapter 11 Cases in this district is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

5. The statutory and legal predicates for the relief requested herein are sections 105, 361, 362, 363, 364, 503, 507, and 522 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 4001, 6003, and 6004, and Local Rules 2002-1 and 4001-2.

### **BACKGROUND**

6. On March 16, 2025 (the "Petition Date"), each of the Debtors filed a voluntary petition for relief pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors have also filed a motion requesting joint administration of these Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 1015(b). The Debtors are operating their business and managing their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No request for the appointment of a trustee or examiner has been made, and no official committees have been appointed in these Chapter 11 Cases.

7. Born out of the desire to reimagine waste, the Debtors, originally founded in 2016, use their own proprietary process and licensed technology from a non-debtor affiliate to reduce plastic waste. The company purchases hard-to-recycle mixed post-consumer and post-industrial plastic waste to convert into valuable chemical feedstocks that can be used to make new plastics. Through this method, the company repurposes hydrocarbons bound for the landfill, providing for a more sustainable environmental future.

8. Additional factual background regarding the Debtors, including their business operations, their corporate and capital structure, and the events leading to the filing of these Chapter 11 Cases is set forth in the *Declaration of Craig R. Jalbert in Support of Chapter 11*

*Petitions and First Day Pleadings* (the “First Day Declaration,” and together with the DIP Declaration, the “Declarations”), which is incorporated herein by reference.

### **FACTS RELEVANT TO THIS MOTION**

#### **I. Prepetition Capital Structure**

9. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors are obligors with respect to approximately \$178,347,681 in principal, funded, secured debt obligations, summarized as below. These amounts do not include prepetition amounts which may be due to contractors, suppliers and other creditors which may be entitled to statutory liens that would have priority over the funded secured debt obligations (“Statutory Liens”).

<b>Funded Debt</b>	<b>Approximate Amount Outstanding</b>
Bonds	\$172,500,000
Bridge Loan	\$5,847,681

#### **A. The Bonds**

##### **(i) The Indenture**

10. In 2019, Brightmark Indiana<sup>3</sup> requested that the Indiana Finance Authority, a corporation exercising public functions duly organized and existing under the provisions of the Indiana Code 5-12 *et seq.*, as amended, issue bonds and loan the proceeds thereof to Brightmark Indiana to assist the Debtors with financing the costs of the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of the Debtors’ plastics recovery and recycling facility located in Ashley, Indiana (the “Circularity Center”). Per that certain Trust Indenture (as amended, the “Indenture”), dated March 1, 2019, by and between UMB Bank, N.A., in its capacities as trustee and collateral agent

<sup>3</sup> At this time, Brightmark Indiana was doing business as RES Polyflow Indiana LLC.

(the “Indenture Trustee”), and the Indiana Finance Authority, as issuer (“IFA”), IFA authorized the issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds (the “Bonds”) in an aggregate principal amount of \$185,000,000.

(ii) The Indenture Loan Agreement

11. In conjunction with the issuance of the Bonds under the Indenture, IFA, Brightmark Indiana, and Brightmark Ashley<sup>4</sup> (collectively, the “Borrowers”) entered into that certain Loan Agreement (the “Indenture Loan Agreement”), dated March 1, 2019. The Indenture Loan Agreement was funded with the proceeds of the Bonds.

12. The proceeds of the Bonds were used by the Debtors to (i) finance a portion of the costs of the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of the Circularity Center; (ii) fund capitalized interest; and (iii) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

13. To secure the performance and observance of all of the covenants, agreements, obligations, and conditions contained in the Bonds, the Indenture, and the Indenture Loan Agreement (the “Prepetition Obligations”), Brightmark Indiana, as debtor, and UMB Bank, N.A. (“UMB”) as secured party, entered into that certain Pledge and Security Agreement (the “Pledge and Security Agreement”). Pursuant to the Pledge and Security Agreement, Brightmark Indiana granted a security interest, assigned, conveyed, mortgaged, pledged, hypothecated and transferred to UMB as secured party, a lien upon and security interest in all of its right, title and interest in, to and under the following property, whether now owned by or existing, or hereafter acquired by or arising in favor of Brightmark Indiana, and regardless of where located (the “Bond Liens” and, with the Statutory Liens, the “Permitted Liens”): (i) all accounts; (ii) all chattel paper; (iii) all

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<sup>4</sup> At this time, Brightmark Ashley was doing business as BME Renewable Polyfuels LLC.

documents; (iv) all general intangibles; (v) all goods; (vi) all instruments; (vii) all investment property; (viii) all deposit accounts; (ix) all money, cash, or cash equivalents; (x) all letter of credit rights; (xi) all commercial tort claims; and (xii) to the extent not otherwise included, all proceeds including all tort claims, insurance claims, and other rights to payments not otherwise included in the foregoing and products of the foregoing and all accessions to, substitutions and replacements for, and rents and profits of, each of the foregoing (collectively, the “Bond Collateral”).

(iii) The Mortgage and Security Agreement

14. Additionally, in conjunction with the issuance of the Bonds and the Indenture Loan Agreement, Brightmark Indiana, as grantor, and UMB, as beneficiary (and together, with UMB in its capacities as secured party under the Pledge and Security Agreement and Indenture Trustee under the Indenture, and IFA, the “Prepetition Secured Parties”), entered into that certain Mortgage and Security Agreement (the “Mortgage and Security Agreement,” and together, with the Indenture, Indenture Loan Agreement, Pledge and Security Agreement, and any other ancillary, collateral, or related documents and agreements, the “Prepetition Credit Documents”), dated March 1, 2019. The Mortgage and Security Agreement encumbered the Circularity Center, and certain other rights and interests (together with the Bond Collateral, the “Prepetition Bond Collateral”), to provide further security for the Prepetition Obligations.

15. While the Prepetition Secured Parties were granted a security interest in cash, they are only perfected in certain accounts of the Debtors. As set forth more fully in the Debtors’ *Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders (I) Authorizing the Debtors to (A) Continue to Operate Their Cash Management System, (B) Honor Certain Prepetition Obligations Related Thereto, (C) Perform Intercompany Transactions, and (D) Maintain Existing Business Forms; (II)*



*Authorizing the Debtors' Banks to Honor All Related Payment Requests; and (III) Granting Related Relief* (the "Cash Management Motion"), the Debtors maintain fifteen (15) bank accounts, of which twelve (12) are with UMB (the "UMB Accounts"), which are all restricted accounts established pursuant to the Prepetition Credit Documents. The other three (3) accounts are with Bank of America, N.A. (the "BofA Accounts"), all of which are checking accounts.

16. As UMB has control of the UMB Accounts, the Debtors believe that any cash in such accounts (the "UMB Cash Collateral") constitutes "cash collateral" as that term is defined in section 363(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. To be clear, the Debtors do not propose and are not seeking authority to use any of the UMB Cash Collateral.

17. UMB does not have Deposit Account Control Agreements in place for the BofA Accounts and, thus, UMB does not have a perfected security interest in those accounts and the cash in those accounts is not cash collateral of UMB.

18. The Debtors did not make a scheduled principal and interest payment on their Prepetition Obligations that was due on March 1, 2025 in the amount of \$12,941,000 (the "March 2025 Payment"). On March 7, 2025, UMB issued a Declaration and Notice of Default and Notice of Acceleration related to the failure to make the March 1, 2025 payment.

**B. The Bridge Loan**

19. The Circularity Center is only operating at five (5%) percent capacity and does not generate sufficient revenue to fund the Debtors' operations. In addition, the Debtors continue to work to expand the Circularity Center's capacity, which is a capital-intensive project necessary to make the Circularity Center financially viable.

20. Historically, the cost of the Debtors' operations and capital expenditures have been funded by the Debtors' parent company, Brightmark LLC ( "Brightmark Parent"). In 2024 alone Brightmark Parent funded over \$44,600,000 in the form of equity contributions and, to date, has funded a total of \$211,364,101 in the form of equity contributions. In the beginning of February 2025, knowing that the March 2025 Payment was coming due and a restructuring was likely necessary, Brightmark Parent determined that it could not continue to make equity contributions to fund operations and capital expenditures, and the significant debt service payments required under the Prepetition Credit Documents.

21. Instead, Brightmark Parent determined that continued intermediate funding of operational and capital expenses would need to be made as loans, not further equity investments.

22. On March 5, 2025, the Debtors and the DIP Lender (in connection with the Bridge Loan, the "Bridge Lender"), entered into that certain Security Agreement (as amended, the "Bridge Loan Security Agreement"), whereby, pursuant to that certain Secured Promissory Note, also dated March 5, 2025 (as amended, the "Secured Promissory Note," and together with the Bridge Loan Security Agreement, and any other ancillary, collateral, or related documents and agreements, the "Bridge Loan Documents"), the Bridge Lender agreed to make loans to the Debtors in the aggregate original principal amount of up to \$6.5 million, including approximately \$5,847,681 in amounts advanced to the Debtors since February 1, 2025 (the "Bridge Loan").

23. Pursuant to the Bridge Loan Documents, the Debtors granted to the Bridge Lender a security interest and liens (the "Bridge Loan Liens") in certain collateral of each Debtor, as more fully detailed in the Bridge Loan Documents (the "Bridge Loan Collateral") in order to secure the prompt and complete payment and performance of all of the Debtors' obligations under the Bridge

Loan Documents (the “Bridge Loan Obligations”). In summary, the Bridge Lender received a first priority security interest in all previously unencumbered assets of the Debtors and a junior priority security interest in previously encumbered assets.

24. The Bridge Lender does not have Deposit Account Control Agreements in place for the BofA Accounts and, thus, does not have a perfected security interest in those accounts and the cash in the BofA Accounts is not cash collateral of the Bridge Lender.

25. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors were indebted and liable to the Bridge Lender in respect of the Bridge Loan Obligations in the approximate aggregate principal amount of not less than \$5,847,681.

**C. Unsecured Claims**

26. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors’ unsecured trade claims are estimated to be approximately \$1,810,000.

**II. Proposed Postpetition Financing**

**A. The Debtors’ Urgent Need for Debtor In Possession Financing**

27. As described in the Declarations, the Debtors believe that the best available option to maximize value of their estates is to pursue a sale process to achieve a value maximizing transaction that will benefit the Debtors and all of their stakeholders. In order to implement such a process, the Debtors require immediate access to the additional liquidity described in this Motion as, without it, the Debtors would be unable to continue operating. Prior to the Petition Date the Debtors’ required approximately \$3.5 - \$4.0 million per month to fund operations and improvements to the Circularity Center.

28. The Debtors' parent, Brightmark Parent, is unwilling to continue to provide liquidity through equity investments or on an unsecured basis. Thus, the Debtors require secured financing to access capital, maintain liquidity and fund their operations through a sale process.

29. In addition, the Debtors also require access to capital to continue to fund the capital projects necessary to improve the processing capacity of the Circularity Center. The current 5% operational capacity of the Circularity Center cannot generate sufficient revenue to be profitable. In order to preserve and enhance going concern value, the Debtors need to continue with their capital projects. In the Debtors' determination, pausing such efforts could harm the Debtors' progress and, in turn, negatively affect the potential going concern value of the Debtors.

30. The Debtors' capital expenditures fall into two broad categories: (i) those designed to improve the existing equipment that has been placed in service – more specifically, these projects are designed to bring the plant up to nameplate capacity; and (ii) those designed to increase the value of the finished product. Delays in executing the capital projects will have a corresponding detrimental impact on the ability to achieve nameplate capacity and value of the finished product. The DIP Facility would allow the Debtors to keep operating and continue their efforts in reaching nameplate capacity and fund these Chapter 11 Cases – thus preserving the Debtors' going concern value during the sale process. In short, immediate access to the DIP Facility is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors.

31. The DIP Facility and the proposed sale process will provide the Debtors with a smooth landing into these Chapter 11 Cases and a viable path forward that will maximize the value of the Debtors' assets for the benefit of all creditors. For these reasons, and for the reasons further set forth herein, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court approve the relief requested herein.

**B. The Prepetition DIP Marketing Process**

32. As described in the First Day Declaration, the Debtors have a highly levered capital structure and faced access to capital challenges leading to the commencement of these Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors' capital structure consists of both first and second lien secured debt with outstanding funded debt obligations consisting of approximately \$178.3 million as of the Petition Date.

33. Prior to the Petition Date, the Debtors engaged SSG Capital Advisors, LLC ("SSG") to assist them in evaluating strategic and financial alternatives to improve liquidity. The Debtors, with the assistance of SSG, solicited indications of interest from six alternative third-party sources of asset-based financing (including specialty lenders and those that routinely provide debtor in possession financing) along with the Prepetition Secured Parties to gauge their interest in providing debtor in possession financing to the Debtors on a junior or senior secured basis.

34. As further described in the Declarations, the Prepetition Secured Parties and the other alternative financing sources contacted were unwilling to provide financing on the same or better terms.

35. Specifically, no third-party that SSG contacted expressed a willingness to provide financing on a junior secured basis. Nor did any third-party or the Prepetition Secured Parties make a proposal to provide senior secured financing.

36. The DIP Lender initially proposed to provide postpetition financing on a senior secured basis. That proposal would have primed the Prepetition Secured Parties and also contemplated a roll-up of the Bridge Loan. To the extent that SSG received any indications that parties would consider offering senior secured financing, the cost of capital terms the third parties

expressed that were necessary were far higher in terms of interest rate, lending fees and other fees than what was proposed by the DIP Lender.

37. In addition, the Debtors were informed by the Prepetition Secured Parties that they would not consent to any financing by the Bridge Lender which sought to prime the Prepetition Secured Parties. Further, the Prepetition Secured Parties informed the Debtors that the Prepetition Secured Parties would vigorously contest any such priming debtor in possession loan and would insist on a valuation of the Prepetition Bond Collateral in connection with any offer of adequate protection the Debtors might offer.

38. While the Prepetition Secured Parties indicated a potential interest in providing DIP financing, ultimately, they did not submit a proposal for debtor in possession financing.

39. In light of the reaction of the Prepetition Secured Parties to a “priming” DIP loan and in the hopes of avoiding unnecessary and expensive litigation at the outset of these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors requested that the DIP Lender consider loaning on a junior basis to the Permitted Liens, including the Prepetition Bond Liens, and only receiving a first lien on assets in which the Prepetition Secured Parties did not have a perfected security interest.

40. Fortunately, the DIP Lender agreed to provide debtor in possession financing on a junior secured basis. Accordingly, the DIP Lender will provide the DIP Facility and fund these Chapter 11 Cases junior to over \$170 million of Prepetition Obligations.

41. This will allow the Debtors the liquidity to operate their business during these Chapter 11 Cases while they commence their sales process and market test the value of the Prepetition Secured Parties’ collateral.

**C. The Debtors' Proposed Sale Process**

42. The Debtors determined that the best path forward to maximize the value of the Debtors' assets was through a section 363 sale process. To that end, SSG is also engaged to serve as the Debtors' investment banker to conduct a marketing and sale process of the Debtors' assets as a going concern.

43. The Debtors evaluated other possible paths and determined that such paths would be detrimental to the value of their assets and would harm the ability of the Prepetition Secured Parties to receive a fair, market driven value for their collateral.

**D. Terms of the Debtor In Possession Financing**

44. The Debtors, their legal and financial advisors, and the DIP Lender engaged in arm's length negotiations regarding the terms offered by the DIP Lender. Over the course of multiple weeks, the Debtors and the DIP Lender, with the assistance of their respective legal and financial advisors, worked to negotiate the most favorable terms and provisions of the DIP Facility available to the Debtors given the Debtors' lack of alternative third-party financing.

45. The Debtors and the DIP Lender agree that the terms, covenants, and fees were subject to negotiation and are an integral component of the overall terms of the DIP Documents, which, in turn, are integral to the broader success of the Chapter 11 Cases and the contemplated sale process.

46. Specifically, the proposed DIP Facility contemplates the following priority scheme, all of which are subject to Statutory Liens:

- On the Debtors' assets in which the Prepetition Secured Parties have a perfected security interest, the DIP Liens shall be junior to the Permitted Liens, including the Prepetition Bond Liens, and the Bridge Loan Liens shall have a third priority;

- On the Debtors' assets which were (i) unencumbered, (ii) subject to an invalid, unperfected, or avoidable security interest or lien, or (iii) not otherwise subject to any valid, perfected, enforceable, and non-avoidable liens or security interest, subject only to Statutory Liens, either prior to the Bridge Loan or after the Petition Date, the DIP Liens shall have first priority, the Prepetition Bond Liens shall have a second priority, and the Bridge Loan Liens a third priority.

47. Additionally, the Debtors undertook an analysis of how much postpetition financing would be required to provide the Debtors with enough liquidity to fund operations, working capital and capital expenditure needs, and to satisfy other administrative obligations of these Chapter 11 Cases. As part of this analysis and the overall evaluation of the Debtors' liquidity position, the Debtors developed, with the assistance of its advisors, a 9-week cashflow forecast (the "Initial DIP Budget," and together, with each subsequent approved budget, the "Approved Budget"), which takes into account anticipated cash receipts and disbursements during the projected period and considers a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the effect of a Chapter 11 filing on the operations of the business, restructuring costs (including professional fees), required operational payments, and the potential acceleration of demands on available liquidity through working capital contraction. Based on this analysis, the Debtors determined that they would require loans and advances in the amounts and on the terms and conditions set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement to operate smoothly postpetition and satisfy all administrative costs and expenses.

*(i) Forms of Adequate Protection for the Prepetition Secured Parties*

48. As noted above, the Debtors are not seeking to use the UMB Cash Collateral.

49. The Debtors are seeking to continue to operate their business and seek to use the remainder of the Prepetition Bond Collateral – to wit the Prepetition Bond Collateral used in the operation of the Circularity Center, essentially the Debtors' hard assets.



50. The Debtors assert that the Prepetition Secured Parties are adequately secured by the operation of the Debtors' business as set forth in the Initial DIP Budget for the following reasons:

- The UMB Cash Collateral, through the collection of receipts, will increase from approximately \$914,000 to over \$1.85 million;
- The Debtors propose, through critical vendor payments, to pay \$1.81 million to creditors that would otherwise have Statutory Liens senior to the Bond Liens, resulting in a dollar-for-dollar benefit to the Prepetition Secured Parties by eliminating superior liens;
- Through the operation of the Debtors' business in the ordinary course, the Debtors will increase working capital collateral by: (i) purchasing materials; (ii) creating work in process; (iii) producing finished inventory; and (iv) generating new accounts receivable; and
- Continue to invest in capital improvements which will enhance the going concern value of the Bond Collateral.

51. In addition, the Debtors propose to grant the Prepetition Secured Parties junior liens in all prepetition and postpetition assets of the Debtors in which the Prepetition Secured Parties did not have a perfected security interest (the "Bond Adequate Protection Liens") and superpriority claims in the proceeds of those assets subject only to the priority of the DIP Lenders' superpriority claims (the "Adequate Protection Claims").

*(ii) The Milestones Contemplated Are Reasonable.*

52. The terms and conditions of the DIP Facility are fair and reasonable under the circumstances, especially in light of the Debtors' need for postpetition financing and their capital structure, among other factors.

53. The Debtors and the DIP Lender agree that the terms and covenants contained in the DIP Documents were subject to negotiation and are an integral component of the overall terms

of the DIP Facility, which, in turn, is integral to the broader success of the Chapter 11 Cases and the contemplated sale process.

54. Additionally, the DIP Credit Agreement contemplates, as a product of negotiation with, and as required by, the DIP Lender as a condition to providing the DIP Facility, certain milestones (the “DIP Milestones”) that the Debtors must meet throughout these Chapter 11 Cases, the failure of which would constitute an Event of Default under the DIP Documents. These DIP Milestones were heavily negotiated and required by the DIP Lender as a condition to providing the DIP Facility.

55. Moreover, as a condition to the extension of credit under the DIP Documents, the DIP Lender and the Debtors have agreed that proceeds of any DIP Loan shall be used exclusively in a manner consistent with the Approved Budget and section 6.11 of the DIP Credit Agreement. No portion of the proceeds of any DIP Loan or Cash Collateral shall be used, directly or indirectly, to make any payment or prepayment that is prohibited under the DIP Documents.

**CONCISE STATEMENT PURSUANT TO  
BANKRUPTCY RULE 4001 AND LOCAL RULE 4001-2**

56. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(b), (c), and (d) and Local Rule 4001-2, the Debtors submit the following concise statement of the material terms of the DIP Facility, together with references to the applicable section of the relevant source documents:<sup>5</sup>

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<sup>5</sup> The summaries contained in this Motion are qualified in their entirety by the provisions of the documents referenced. To the extent anything in this Motion is inconsistent with such documents, the terms of the applicable documents shall control. Capitalized terms used in the following summary chart but not otherwise defined have the meanings ascribed to them in the DIP Documents or the Interim Order, as applicable.

<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>		<b>Reference</b>
<b><u>Borrowers:</u></b>  <i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)</i>	Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC, Brightmark Plastics Renewal Services LLC, and Brightmark Plastics Renewal Indiana LLC	DIP Credit Agreement, Recitals
<b><u>DIP Lenders:</u></b>  <i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)</i>	Brightmark Plastics Ashley Holdco LLC	DIP Credit Agreement, Recitals
<b><u>Parties with an Interest in Cash Collateral:</u></b>  <i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(b)(1)(B)(i)</i>	The Debtors do not seek to use any cash which is “cash collateral” of the Prepetition Secured Parties as defined in section 363(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. No party has a perfected security interest in the cash which is in the Debtors’ BofA Accounts.	
<b><u>DIP Facility:</u></b>  <i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)</i>  <i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(A), (O)</i>	<p>The proposed DIP Facility is a non-amortizing, super-priority secured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$13,000,000, not to exceed the Approved Budget, of which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) upon entry of the Interim Order and satisfaction or waiver of the borrowing conditions set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement and the Interim Order, \$5,600,000 (the “<u>Interim Amount</u>”), shall be made available to the Debtors and may be drawn in one or more draws (in an aggregate minimum amount of \$100,000 or multiples thereof); and</li> <li>(ii) the remainder will, subject to and upon the date of entry of the Final Order, be available through additional draws, in each case subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement.</li> </ul>	<p>DIP Credit Agreement, Recitals</p> <p>Interim Order ¶¶ 1, 2, 4</p>
<b><u>Use of DIP Facility:</u></b>  <i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(b)(1)(B)</i>  <i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(A)</i>	<p>The proceeds of the DIP Loans shall be used to fund payments, subject in all respects to the Approved Budget and the Permitted Variances, related to the: (a) working capital and other general corporate purposes of the Debtors; (b) professional fees and expenses of administering the Chapter 11 Cases (including fees incurred prior to the date the DIP Credit Agreement was signed) in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and any orders of the Court, as applicable; (c) fees and expenses payable under the DIP Credit Agreement, including, without limitation, the legal fees and expenses of the DIP Lender; and (d) interest and other amounts payable under the DIP Credit Agreement.</p> <p>In addition, the Debtors have agreed that the proceeds of the DIP Facility shall be used solely in accordance with the terms and conditions of the</p>	<p>DIP Credit Agreement § 6.11</p> <p>Interim Order ¶¶ 1, 10, 29</p>

	<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>	<b>Reference</b>
	<p>Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, and the Approved Budget (subject to Permitted Variances).</p> <p><u>Limitations on the Use of DIP Facility:</u></p> <p>Except as otherwise permitted in the Interim Order and the Approved Budget, the DIP Facility, the DIP Collateral, and the Carve Out may not be used, directly or indirectly, by any of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, or any trustee or other estate representative appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases (or any Successor Case) or any other person or entity (or to pay any professional fees, disbursements, costs, or expenses incurred in connection therewith) in connection with (a) preventing, hindering, or delaying any of the DIP Lender's enforcement or realization upon any of the DIP Collateral; (b) using or seeking to use any insurance proceeds constituting DIP Collateral without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender; (c) seeking to amend or modify any of the rights granted to the DIP Lender under the Interim Order or the DIP Credit Agreement, including seeking to use DIP Collateral on a contested basis; (d) litigating, objecting to, challenging, or contesting in any manner in any way the DIP Liens, DIP Obligations, DIP Superpriority Claims, DIP Collateral or any other claims held by or on behalf of the DIP Lender; (f) litigating, objecting to, challenging, or contesting in any manner, or raising any defenses to, the validity, extent, amount, perfection, priority, or enforceability of any of the DIP Obligations, the DIP Liens, or any other liens or interests of the DIP Lender; (g) seeking to subordinate, recharacterize, disallow, or avoid the DIP Obligations; or (h) any other prohibited or otherwise restricted use of proceeds as set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement; <i>provided, however</i>, that, upon an Event of Default or DIP Termination Event, nothing in the Interim Order shall limit the Debtors' right to move for an order of the Court authorizing the use of cash which is DIP Collateral absent the DIP Lender's consent.</p>	
<p><b><u>Interest Rate and Fees:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(B), (K)</i></p>	<p><u>Interest Rate.</u> The DIP Loans shall bear interest on the Daily Balance thereof at a rate equal to twelve percent (12.0%) per annum. For the purpose of calculating interest, the Daily Balance shall exclude accrued but unpaid interest due or owing under the DIP Credit Agreement.</p> <p><u>Default Rate.</u> Upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default, all DIP Obligations shall bear interest on the Daily Balance thereof at a per annum rate equal to fifteen percent (15.0%) (the "<u>Default Rate</u>"), upon notice from the DIP Lender of its election to impose interest at the Default Rate. Any such notice may impose interest at the Default Rate retroactively to the date of the occurrence of the</p>	<p>DIP Credit Agreement §§ 2.4(a), (b); 2.8</p> <p>Interim Order ¶¶ 25, 26</p>

<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>		<b>Reference</b>
	<p>related Event of Default. For the purpose of calculating interest at the Default Rate, the Daily Balance shall exclude accrued but unpaid interest due or owing under the DIP Credit Agreement.</p> <p>In consideration for the DIP Facility, the DIP Lender shall be paid all fees, expenses and other amounts payable under the DIP Credit Agreement as such become due, including, without limitation, the reasonable and documented fees and expenses of the DIP Lender in connection with the DIP Facility (all such fees, together, the “<u>DIP Fees</u>”).</p> <p>The DIP Lenders shall be entitled to payment of their professionals’ (the “<u>DIP Lender Professionals</u>”) fees and expenses. Notwithstanding paragraph 26 of the Interim Order, on or about the Closing Date, the Debtors shall pay fees and expenses of the DIP Lender’s Professionals incurred prior to such date, without the need to first deliver a copy of its invoice as provided for in paragraph 26 of the Interim Order.</p>	
<p><b><u>Provisions Limiting the Court’s Power or Discretion to Enter Future Orders:</u></b></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(C)</i></p>	<p>Except as otherwise agreed in writing by the DIP Lender, the DIP Obligations shall not be discharged by the entry of an order confirming any plan of reorganization or liquidation in any of the Chapter 11 Cases, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1141(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless the DIP Obligations have been indefeasibly paid in full in cash, on or before the effective date of such confirmed plan.</p>	<p>Interim Order ¶ 38</p>
<p><b><u>Funding of Non-Debtor Affiliates:</u></b></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(D)</i></p>	<p>Not applicable.</p>	
<p><b><u>Lending Conditions:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(E)</i></p>	<p>The effectiveness of the DIP Credit Agreement and the agreements of the DIP Lender to loan the Interim Amount shall be subject to the satisfaction of the conditions set forth below (unless waived in writing by DIP Lender in its sole discretion):</p> <p>(i) The parties shall have executed and delivered the DIP Credit Agreement and all other documents required by the DIP Lender as a condition to the Effective Date (as defined in the DIP Credit Agreement) and in connection with the transactions contemplated by the DIP Credit Agreement and shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the DIP Lender.</p>	<p>DIP Credit Agreement §§ 3.1, 3.2</p>

	<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>	<b>Reference</b>
	<p>(ii) DIP Lender shall have received evidence satisfactory to it that all Uniform Commercial Code financing statements necessary, or, in the opinion of the DIP Lender, desirable to provide the DIP Lender with a valid, perfected, priming security interest in the DIP Collateral pledged by the Debtors have been filed or will be filed by the DIP Lender promptly upon the Effective Date.</p> <p>(iii) Subject to the availability of the Court, the Court shall have entered the Interim Order not later than four (4) Business Days after the Petition Date, in form and substance satisfactory to the DIP Lender in its reasonable discretion and no order shall have been entered reversing, amending, staying, vacating, terminating, or otherwise modifying the Interim Order or any material provision thereof in any manner without the DIP Lender's prior written consent. The Debtors and the DIP Lender shall be entitled to rely in good faith upon the Interim Order and shall be permitted and required to perform their respective obligations in compliance with the DIP Credit Agreement notwithstanding any such objections thereto, unless the relevant order has been stayed by a court of competent jurisdiction.</p> <p>(iv) DIP Lender shall have received copies of UCC, tax, and judgment lien searches and title reports, in each case satisfactory to the DIP Lender in its sole discretion.</p> <p>(v) DIP Lender shall have received from the Debtors an Approved Budget, acceptable to the DIP Lender in its sole discretion.</p> <p>(vi) The Debtors shall have provided DIP Lender with evidence of insurance coverage.</p> <p>(vii) Each Debtor shall be a debtor and debtor in possession in the Chapter 11 Cases.</p> <p>(viii) All accrued and unpaid Lender Expenses (as defined in the DIP Credit Agreement) for which invoices have been presented in connection with the DIP Credit Agreement and</p>	

	Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
	<p>all other Loan Documents required to be paid on or before the Effective Date, if any, shall have been paid.</p> <p>(ix) No Material Adverse Change shall have occurred and be continuing.</p> <p>(x) The following statements shall be true and correct: (i) the representations and warranties of the Debtors contained in the DIP Credit Agreement or in the other Loan Documents shall be true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) on and as of the Effective Date, as though made on and as of such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date) and (ii) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing on the Effective Date or would immediately result from the DIP Credit Agreement or the other Loan Documents becoming effective in accordance with its or their respective terms.</p> <p>In addition to the conditions set forth above, subject to section 2.1(c) of the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Lender shall not be required to fund any DIP Loans unless and until all of the conditions set forth below shall have been satisfied or waived in writing by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion; <i>provided that</i> clauses (a) and (b)(i) and (ii) below must be satisfied as determined by the DIP Lender in its sole discretion for any DIP Loans to be made under any circumstances:</p> <p>(i) No order has been entered reversing, amending, staying, vacating, terminating, or otherwise modifying in any manner adverse to the DIP Lender the DIP Orders.</p> <p>(ii) No trustee, examiner, or receiver shall have been appointed or designated with respect to the Debtors’ business, properties, or assets and no motion shall be pending seeking similar relief or any other relief, which, if granted, would result in a person other than the Debtors exercising control over their assets, and (ii) no Person other than the Debtors shall have been granted control over the DIP Collateral by the Court in any of the Chapter 11 Cases.</p>	

Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
<p>(iii) The Debtors shall be in compliance in all respects with the Interim Order.</p> <p>(iv) The Court shall have entered into a Final Order approving the DIP Facility not later than thirty-five (35) days following the Petition Date, which Final Order shall be in the form of the Interim Order with such changes as are customary for a final order or otherwise in form and substance acceptable to the DIP Lender.</p> <p>(v) The representations and warranties of the Debtors contained in the DIP Credit Agreement or in the other Loan Documents shall be true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) on and as of the date of such DIP Loan, as though made on and as of such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date).</p> <p>(vi) No Default or Event of Default under any of the Loan Documents (including a DIP Termination Event under the DIP Orders) shall have occurred and be continuing on the date of such DIP Loan, nor shall either result from the making thereof.</p> <p>(vii) No injunction, writ, restraining order, or other order of any nature restricting or prohibiting, directly or indirectly, the extending of such credit shall have been issued and remain in force by any Governmental Authority against the Debtors or the DIP Lender.</p> <p>(viii) No action, proceeding, investigation, regulation, or legislation shall have been instituted or threatened before any Governmental Authority to enjoin, restrain, or prohibit, or to obtain damages in respect of, or which is related to or arises out of the DIP Credit Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby and which, in the DIP Lender's reasonable judgment, would make it inadvisable to</p>	



	Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
	<p>consummate the transactions contemplated by the DIP Credit Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents.</p> <p>(ix) The Borrowers shall be in compliance in all respects with the Loan Documents (including the DIP Orders).</p> <p>(x) The DIP Lender shall have received a fully executed and delivered Borrowing Notice and Compliance Certificate from Borrowers in accordance with section 2.2 of the DIP Credit Agreement.</p> <p>(xi) DIP Lender shall have received in advance, or will receive from the proceeds of such DIP Loan, (i) all Fees required to be paid upon or before the date of any such DIP Loan, and (ii) all Lender Expenses (including the fees and expenses of legal counsel) for which invoices have been presented before any such DIP Loan, subject in all respects to the DIP Orders. All such amounts shall be reflected in the funding instructions annexed to the relevant Borrowing Notice delivered in accordance with section 2.2 of the DIP Credit Agreement.</p> <p>(xii) Since the Petition Date, there shall not have occurred any event, condition, circumstance, or contingency that, individual or in the aggregate, constitutes or would reasonably be expected to constitute a Material Adverse Change.</p> <p>(xiii) DIP Lender shall have received from the Debtors an updated Approved Budget to the extent required to be delivered by section 5.2(b) of the DIP Credit Agreement on or before the making of such draw, which such updated Approved Budget shall be subject to section 5.2(b) of the DIP Credit Agreement and the DIP Order.</p>	
<p><b><u>Carve-Out:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(b)(1)(B)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(F)</i></p>	<p>As used in the Interim Order, the term “<u>Carve Out</u>” shall mean the sum of:</p> <p>(i) all fees required to be paid to the Clerk of the Court and to the U.S. Trustee under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a), together with any interest thereon pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3717 (“<u>Statutory Fees</u>”), which shall not be subject to the Approved Budget;</p>	<p>DIP Credit Agreement § 5.13</p> <p>Interim Order ¶ 24(b)-(e)</p>

Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
<p>(ii) Court-allowed fees and expenses of a trustee appointed under section 726(b) of the Bankruptcy Code in an amount not to exceed \$50,000;</p> <p>(iii) to the extent allowed at any time, whether by interim order, procedural order, or otherwise, all unpaid fees and expenses (the “<u>Allowed Professional Fees</u>”) incurred by persons or firms retained by the Debtors pursuant to sections 327, 328, or 363 of the Bankruptcy Code (the “<u>Debtor Professionals</u>”) or persons or firms retained by the Creditors’ Committee pursuant to sections 328 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code (if any) (together with the Debtor Professionals, the “<u>Professional Persons</u>”), at any time before or on the first calendar day following delivery by the DIP Lender of a Carve Out Trigger Notice, whether allowed by the Court prior to or after delivery of a Carve Out Trigger Notice (the “<u>Pre-Trigger Date Fees</u>”), subject to the Approved Budget and any limits by the DIP Orders, provided that Professional Persons may carry forward budgeted but unused disbursements set forth in the Approved Budget for any week for use in any subsequent week; and</p> <p>(iv) Allowed Professional Fees of Professional Persons in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$75,000 incurred after the first calendar day following delivery by the DIP Lender of the Carve Out Trigger Notice (the “<u>Trigger Date</u>”), to the extent allowed at any time, whether by interim order, procedural order, or otherwise (the amounts set forth in this clause (iv) being the “<u>Post-Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap</u>” or the “<u>Carve Out Cap</u>”); <i>provided, however</i>, that for the purposes of the foregoing, any plan success fee, financing fee, transaction fee, or other similar contingency fee shall not be included in the Post Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap and shall be paid, to the extent allowed, pursuant to any confirmed plan in these Chapter 11 Cases; <i>provided, further</i>, that nothing herein shall be construed to impair the ability of the DIP Lender to object to the fees, expenses, reimbursement or compensation described in clauses (iii) or (iv) above, on any grounds.</p>	

Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
<p>In the event that Allowed Professional Fees exceed or are expected to exceed the amounts provided in the Approved Budget, the parties will negotiate in good faith (but without further obligation) regarding a proposed amendment to the Approved Budget to address such additional Allowed Professional Fees.</p> <p>For purposes of the foregoing, “<u>Carve Out Trigger Notice</u>” shall mean a written notice delivered by email (or other electronic means) by the DIP Lender or its counsel to the Debtors, their lead restructuring counsel, the U.S. Trustee, counsel to the Prepetition Secured Parties, and counsel to the Creditors’ Committee, if any, which notice may be delivered following the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default and acceleration of the DIP Loans under and as such terms are defined in the DIP Credit Agreement, stating that the Post-Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap has been invoked.</p> <p><u>Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve.</u> The Debtors shall deposit the Pre-Trigger Date Fees in a segregated account in trust to pay such then unpaid Allowed Professional Fees (the “<u>Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve</u>”) prior to any and all other claims. The Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve shall be funded on a weekly basis and shall contain an amount equal to the amount of fees reflected in the Approved Budget for Professional Persons from the Closing Date through the weekly date of funding.</p> <p><u>Carve Out Draw.</u> Subject to exhaustion of the DIP Commitment, the Debtors shall be permitted to draw on the DIP Facility in the amount of the Carve Out less the Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve, notwithstanding any default, Event of Default, or the occurrence of a Trigger Date. Any Carve Out Trigger Notice shall be deemed a consent by the DIP Lender to the Debtors depositing Cash Collateral or DIP Facility proceeds into the Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve in an amount equal to the sum of the Post-Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap and any budgeted Pre-Trigger Date Fees reflected in the Approved Budget through the date of the Carve Out Trigger Notice that have not been deposited in the Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve.</p> <p><u>Payment of Allowed Professional Fees Prior to the Trigger Date.</u> Any payment or reimbursement made prior to the occurrence of the Trigger Date in respect of any Allowed Professional Fees shall not reduce the Carve Out.</p>	

	Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
<p><b><u>Priority and Security:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rules 4001(c)(1)(B)(i), (vii), (xi)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(G)</i></p>	<p>To secure the DIP Obligations, immediately upon and effective as of entry of the Interim Order, the DIP Lender is granting, on an interim basis, continuing, valid, binding, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and properly perfected security interests in and liens on the DIP Collateral (the “<u>DIP Liens</u>”) as follows, in each case subject to the Carve Out and Permitted Liens:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <u>Liens Priming the Bridge Loan Liens.</u> Pursuant to section 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, valid, binding, continuing, enforceable, non-avoidable and automatically and fully perfected first-priority senior priming liens and security interests in all assets and interests in property of the Debtors that are subject to Bridge Loan Liens (including the Bridge Loan Collateral), regardless of where located, which senior priming liens and security interests in favor of the DIP Lender shall be senior to the Bridge Loan Liens;</li> <li>b. <u>Liens on Unencumbered Property.</u> Pursuant to section 364(c)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, valid, binding, continuing, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and fully perfected first-priority liens on and security interests in all DIP Collateral that is (i) subject to an invalid, unperfected, unenforceable, or avoidable security interest or lien or (ii) not otherwise subject to any valid, perfected, enforceable, and non-avoidable liens or security interests, subject only to Statutory; and</li> <li>c. <u>Liens Junior to Certain Other Liens.</u> Pursuant to section 364(c)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, valid, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and fully perfected junior liens on and security interests in all DIP Collateral, junior only to the Permitted Liens.</li> </ol> <p>Other than as set forth in the Interim Order or in the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Liens shall not be made subject to or <i>pari passu</i> with any lien or security interest heretofore or hereinafter granted in the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, and shall be valid and enforceable against any trustee appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, upon the conversion of any of the Chapter 11 Cases to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (or in any other Successor Case), and/or upon the dismissal of any of the Chapter 11 Cases or Successor Case. The DIP Liens shall not be subject to section 510, 549, or 550 of the Bankruptcy Code.</p>	<p>DIP Credit Agreement §§ 6.2, 8.1, 8.3</p> <p>Interim Order ¶¶ 5, 7, 8</p>

	<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>	<b>Reference</b>
	<p>The term “<u>DIP Collateral</u>” means, collectively, each Debtor’s right, title, and interest in, to and under all such Debtor’s assets, including, but not limited to the following, in each case, whether now owned or existing or hereafter acquired, created or arising and wherever located: all assets and property of such Debtor and its estate, real or personal, tangible or intangible, now owned or hereafter acquired, whether arising before or after the Petition Date, including, without limitation, all contracts, contract rights, licenses, general intangibles, instruments, equipment, accounts, documents, goods, inventory, fixtures, documents, cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivables, chattel paper, letters of credit and letter of credit rights, investment property (including, without limitation, all equity interests owned by such Debtor in its current and future subsidiaries), commercial tort claims, arbitration awards, money, insurance, receivables, receivables records, deposit accounts, collateral support, supporting obligations and instruments, fixtures, all interests in leaseholds and real properties, all patents, copyrights, trademarks, all trade names and other intellectual property (whether such intellectual property is registered in the United States or in any foreign jurisdiction), together with all books and records relating to the foregoing, all proceeds, products, accessions, rents and profits of or in respect of any of the foregoing (as such terms are defined in the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in the State of Delaware) and (i) effective upon entry of the Interim Order, all causes of actions under section 549 of the Bankruptcy Code to recover any postpetition transfer of DIP Collateral and any proceeds thereof and (ii) effective upon entry of the Final Order, all Avoidance Actions and the proceeds thereof.</p>	
<p><b><u>Milestones:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(H)</i></p>	<p>As a condition to the DIP Facility and the use of Cash Collateral, the Debtors have agreed to the following milestones (the “<u>DIP Milestones</u>”):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) No later than two (2) days after the Petition Date, the Debtors shall have filed a motion (the “Sale and Bidding Procedures Motion”) to sell, and to approve bidding procedures for the sale of substantially all of the Debtors’ assets (the “Assets”);</li> <li>(ii) No later than five (5) days after the Petition Date, the Court shall have entered the Interim DIP Order in form and substance satisfactory to the DIP Lender;</li> <li>(iii) No later than seventeen (17) days after the Petition Date, the Court shall have entered an order (the “Bidding Procedures Order”) approving the bidding procedures set forth in the Sale and Bidding Procedures Motion;</li> </ul>	<p>DIP Credit Agreement § 7.1(b)</p>

	<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>	<b>Reference</b>
	<p>(iv) No later than 35 days after the Petition Date, the Court shall have entered the Final DIP Order in form and substance satisfactory to the DIP Lender;</p> <p>(v) No later than fifty (50) days after the Petition Date, all competing bids under the Bidding Procedures Order shall have been submitted;</p> <p>(vi) No later than fifty-eight (58) days after the Petition Date, the Court shall have entered an order (the “Sale Order”) approving the sale of all or substantially all of the Assets; and</p> <p>(vii) No later than sixty-three (63) days after the Petition Date, the Debtors shall have consummated a Sale Transaction for all of Debtors’ Assets;</p>	
<p><b><u>Repayment Features:</u></b></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(I)</i></p>	<p><u>Optional Prepayments.</u> Upon notice to the DIP Lender, Debtors may prepay any DIP Loan, in whole or in part, at any time; provided, that (i) the aggregate principal amount being prepaid shall be an amount not less than one million Dollars (\$1,000,000) (and multiples of \$1,000,000 in excess thereof) and (ii) any such prepayments under section 2.3(c) of the DIP Credit Agreement shall be applied in the order set forth in section 2.3(b) of the DIP Credit Agreement.</p> <p><u>Mandatory Prepayments.</u></p> <p>(i) <i>Dispositions.</i> Subject to the DIP Orders and, so long as such order are acceptable to the DIP Lender in its sole discretion, any other applicable orders of the Court, within one (1) Business Day of the date of receipt by any Debtor of the Net Cash Proceeds of any disposition (whether through a voluntary or involuntary sale, the loss, destruction, or damage thereof or any actual condemnation, confiscation, requisition, seizure, or taking thereof or otherwise) of Collateral (other than the disposition of Collateral in the Ordinary Course), such Debtor shall prepay such portion of the outstanding amount of the Obligations in accordance with section 2.3(b) of the DIP Credit Agreement in an amount equal to 100% of the Net Cash Proceeds (including insurance proceeds, condemnation awards, and payments in lieu thereof) received in connection with such sales or dispositions, plus the accrued interest as applied to the amount of such prepayment.</p> <p>(ii) <i>Indebtedness.</i> Within one (1) Business Day of the date on which any Debtor receives proceeds of any Indebtedness (other than Permitted Indebtedness), Debtors shall prepay the outstanding principal amount of the Obligations in accordance with section</p>	<p>DIP Credit Agreement §§ 2.3(c), 2.3(d)</p>

<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>		<b>Reference</b>
	2.3(b) of the DIP Credit Agreement in an amount equal to 100% of the Net Cash Proceeds received by such Person in connection with the incurrence of such Indebtedness, plus the accrued interest as applied to the principal amount of such prepayment.	
<b><u>Joint Liability:</u></b>  <i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(J)</i>	All Debtors are jointly and severally liable under the DIP Documents.	DIP Credit Agreement § 14  Interim Order ¶ 3
<b><u>Use of Estate Funds for Investigation:</u></b>  <i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(L)</i>	Not applicable.	
<b><u>Maturity Date:</u></b>  <i>Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b)(1)(B), (c)(1)(B)</i>  <i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(M)</i>	“ <u>Maturity Date</u> ” means the earliest of (a) May 18, 2025; (b) the effective date of any chapter 11 plan with respect to the Debtors; (c) the consummation of any sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Debtors pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code; (d) the date of the acceleration of the DIP Loans and the termination of the Commitments following the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement; (e) dismissal of the Chapter 11 Cases or conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases into cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (f) thirty-five (35) days after the Petition Date (or such later date as agreed to by the DIP Lender), unless the Final Order has been entered by the Court on or prior to such date.	DIP Credit Agreement § 1.1
<b><u>Events of Default:</u></b>  <i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)</i>  <i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(M)</i>	<p>Any one or more of the following events shall constitute an event of default upon giving any applicable notice (if required) and the expiration of the applicable cure period (if any) (each, an “<u>Event of Default</u>”) under the DIP Credit Agreement:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(a) the entry of the Final Order shall have occurred later than thirty-five (35) days after the Petition Date;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(b) the Debtors fail to comply with the DIP Milestones;</p>	DIP Credit Agreement § 7.1

Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
<p>(c) any Debtor fails to pay when due and payable, any principal, interest, or any Fees, Lender Expenses, or any other Obligations under the DIP Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document;</p> <p>(d) any Debtor fails to comply with its obligations under sections 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.8, 5.11, 6, or 8 of the DIP Credit Agreement;</p> <p>(e) any Debtor fails to perform, or otherwise breach, any of its covenants or obligations contained in the DIP Credit Agreement, which failure or breach shall continue for fifteen (15) days after the earlier to occur of (i) the date on which such failure to comply is known to any officer of such Debtor, and (ii) the date on which the DIP Lender shall have notified such Debtor or its applicable representative of such failure; <i>provided, however</i>, that such fifteen (15) day grace period shall not apply in the case of any failure that is not capable of being cured at all or within such fifteen (15) day period;</p> <p>(f) any representation or warranty made by any Debtor in the DIP Credit Agreement or in any agreement, certificate, instrument, financial statement, or other statement delivered to the DIP Lender pursuant to or in connection with the DIP Credit Agreement shall prove to have been incorrect in any material respect when made or deemed made;</p> <p>(g) except upon DIP Lender’s prior written request or with DIP Lender’s express prior written consent (and no such consent shall be implied from any other action, inaction, or acquiescence of the DIP Lender), any Debtor shall file a motion with the Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction seeking an order (or such order is otherwise entered), that by its terms modifies, reverses, revokes, stays, rescinds, vacates, or amends the DIP Orders (or any material provision thereof), the DIP Credit Agreement, any other Loan Documents, or the relief or transactions otherwise contemplated in the foregoing Loan Documents (or, in each case, purports to effect any of the foregoing);</p> <p>(h) the occurrence of a Change of Control;</p>	



Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
<p>(i) without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender, any Debtor shall file, or the Court shall otherwise order, grant, confirm, or approve (including any approval on an interim or conditional basis), as applicable, (i) any motion seeking approval of a sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Debtors that is not an Acceptable 363 Sale; or (ii) any chapter 11 plan or related disclosure statement (including any amendment, modification or supplement to such plan or disclosure statement), that is not an Acceptable Plan;</p> <p>(j) except with respect to the Carve Out, any Debtor shall file any motion or application, or the Court allows the motion or application of any other Person, which seeks approval for or allowance of any claim, lien, or security interest ranking equal or senior in priority to the claims, liens, and security interests granted to the DIP Lender under the DIP Orders, or with respect to the DIP Collateral or any such equal or prior claim, lien, or security interest shall be established in any manner, except, in any case, as expressly permitted under the DIP Orders;</p> <p>(k) one or more final non-appealable judgments (and the same shall remain undischarged for a period of thirty (30) consecutive calendar days during which execution shall not be effectively stayed) and orders for the payment of money exceeding \$100,000 in the aggregate (in each case to the extent not paid or covered by insurance or indemnities as to which the insurer or indemnifying party has been notified of such judgment or order and the applicable insurance company or indemnifying party has not denied coverage thereof) shall be rendered against any Debtor and shall be subject to immediate collection and remain unsatisfied;</p> <p>(l) any damage to, or loss, theft or destruction of, any DIP Collateral having a value in excess of \$500,000 in the aggregate, unless such DIP Collateral is insured in amounts acceptable to the DIP Lender, the insurance company has been notified of the occurrence of such event and has not denied coverage thereof and the claim has been settled within 30 days (or such longer time as the DIP Lender may agree) of the occurrence of such event;</p>	

Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
<p>(m) the occurrence of any default or event of default under the DIP Orders and the continuance thereof after any applicable grace or cure period provided in the DIP Orders, if any, or granted by order of the Court;</p> <p>(n) the entry of an order appointing a trustee or an examiner having expanded powers (beyond those set forth under sections 1106(a)(3) and (4) of the Bankruptcy Code) under section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code (other than a fee examiner) in the Chapter 11 Cases, or the Court shall have entered an order providing for such appointment, in each case without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender in its sole discretion;</p> <p>(o) the entry of an order which provides relief from the automatic stay otherwise imposed pursuant to section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, which order permits any creditor or party in interest, other than the DIP Lender (other than any creditor or party in interest having a Lien on specific DIP Collateral that is senior to the DIP Lender), to realize upon, or to exercise any right or remedy with respect to, any of the DIP Collateral with a value in excess of \$500,000;</p> <p>(p) the entry of an order (i) surcharging any of the DIP Collateral under sections 105, 506(c), or any other section of the Bankruptcy Code or applicable law; (ii) allowing any administrative expense claim having priority over or ranking in parity with the DIP Lender’s claims or rights (subject to the Carve Out) under the Loan Documents; or (iii) otherwise adversely impacting the DIP Lender’s Liens and priority in the DIP Collateral, as set forth in section 8 of the DIP Credit Agreement and the DIP Orders;</p> <p>(q) the conversion of any Chapter 11 Case to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, or the dismissal of any Chapter 11 Case or any subsequent case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, either voluntarily or involuntarily, and the DIP Obligations are not indefeasibly paid in full in cash at the time of such conversion or dismissal;</p> <p>(r) the DIP Orders, or any material provision thereof, (i) cease to be in full force and effect from and after the date of entry thereof by the Court or (ii) are modified, reversed, revoked, remanded,</p>	

	<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>	<b>Reference</b>
	<p>stayed, rescinded, vacated, or amended on appeal or by the Court without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender (and no such consent shall be implied from any other authorization or acquiescence by the DIP Lender);</p> <p>(s) any Borrower brings any action to, or otherwise supports such action to, (i) challenge the rights and remedies of the DIP Lender under the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document in the Chapter 11 Cases or acts in a manner inconsistent with the Loan Documents or (ii) avoid or require disgorgement by the DIP Lender of any amounts received in respect of the DIP Obligations;</p> <p>(t) any Debtor shall seek, or the Court shall enter, an order authorizing any Debtor to obtain financing from a Person other than the DIP Lender pursuant to section 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless (i) the DIP Lender consents in writing to such financing, or (ii) the DIP Lender is indefeasibly paid in full in cash in connection with such financing;</p> <p>(u) any Debtor shall make any material payments in respect of prepetition obligations other than (i) as permitted by the DIP Orders, (ii) as permitted by any “first day” or “second day” orders satisfactory to the DIP Lender (and DIP Lender acknowledges that all orders entered by the Court as of the Effective Date are satisfactory to it), (iii) as permitted by any other order of the Court satisfactory to the DIP Lender, (iv) as permitted under the DIP Credit Agreement or any other Loan Documents in accordance with the Approved Budget (subject to Permitted Variances), or (v) as otherwise agreed to by the DIP Lender in writing before such payment is made;</p> <p>(v) the entry of an order by the Court terminating or modifying the exclusive right of any Debtor to file a chapter 11 plan pursuant to section 1121 of the Bankruptcy Code, without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender;</p> <p>(w) any Debtor shall seek, or support any other person’s motion, to (i) disallow in whole or in part the DIP Obligations, (ii) challenge the validity and enforceability of the DIP Liens, or (iii) contest</p>	

<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>		<b>Reference</b>
	<p>any material provision of the DIP Credit Agreement or any Loan Document;</p> <p>(x) the entry of an order granting the relief sought in a motion which seeks to prosecute or settle a claim or controversy on account of, or that is part of, the DIP Collateral (including, without limitation, any commercial tort claims held by any Debtor or its estate), without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender;</p> <p>(y) the Debtors fail to execute and deliver to the DIP Lender any agreement, financing statement, trademark filing, copyright filing, notices of lien, or similar instruments or other documents that the DIP Lender may reasonably request from time to time to more fully evidence, confirm, validate, perfect, preserve, and enforce the DIP Liens created in favor of the DIP Lender, subject to the time periods and terms set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement; or</p> <p>(z) any Variance Report shall indicate a Prohibited Variance.</p>	
<p><b><u>Cross-Collateralization:</u></b></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(N)</i></p>	Not applicable.	
<p><b><u>Adequate Protection:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b)(1)(B), (c)(1)(B)(ii)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(P)</i></p>	<p>Solely to the extent of any Diminution of the Prepetition Secured Parties' asserted interest in the Bond Collateral resulting from the use of Cash Collateral, the Carve Out, the imposition of the automatic stay, and the use, sale or lease by the Debtors of the Debtors' assets that constitute Bond Collateral during the pendency of these Chapter 11 Cases, the Prepetition Secured Parties shall receive:</p> <p>(i) The Bond Adequate Protection Liens: continuing valid, binding, enforceable, and perfected postpetition replacement liens pursuant to sections 361, 363(e), and 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code on the DIP Collateral, which shall be subject and subordinated only to the Carve Out, the DIP Liens, and the Statutory Liens and which (a) shall otherwise be senior to all other security interests in, liens on, or claims against the DIP Collateral, and (b) shall not otherwise be made subject to or <i>pari passu</i> with any lien or security interest heretofore or hereinafter granted in the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case and shall be valid and</p>	Interim Order ¶¶ 13

	<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>	<b>Reference</b>
	<p>enforceable against any trustee appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, and shall not be subject to sections 510, 549 or 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, without waiver of any of the Debtors' or any other party's right to assert any and all challenges, causes of action, and claims against the Prepetition Secured Parties; and</p> <p>(ii) Subject and junior to the Carve Out, the DIP Liens, the Statutory Liens, the Permitted Liens, the DIP Superpriority Claims, and the indefeasible repayment in full in cash of all DIP Obligations, immediately upon entry of this Interim Order, the Prepetition Secured Parties are hereby granted pursuant to sections 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, allowed superpriority administrative expense claims (the "<u>Adequate Protection Superpriority Claims</u>") in the Chapter 11 Cases and any Successor Case.</p>	
<p><b><u>Debtors' Stipulations:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)(iii)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(Q)</i></p>	<p>Not applicable.</p>	
<p><b><u>Waiver or Modification of Automatic Stay/Provisions Seeking to Limit Parties in Interest during the Remedies Notice Period:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)(iv)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(S), (T)</i></p>	<p>The automatic stay of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code is hereby modified to the extent necessary to permit the Debtors and the DIP Lender to accomplish the transactions contemplated by this Interim Order.</p> <p><u>DIP Termination Event.</u> For purposes of the Interim Order, the term "<u>DIP Termination Event</u>" shall mean: (i) the occurrence of the Maturity Date, (ii) the occurrence of any material breach or Event of Default under the DIP Credit Agreement or the Interim Order, or (iii) the acceleration of the DIP Obligations or termination of the DIP Commitment in accordance with the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement or the other DIP Documents.</p> <p><u>Exercise of Remedies.</u> Upon the occurrence of a DIP Termination Event, without further notice to, hearing of, application to, or order from this Court, the automatic stay provisions of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code shall be vacated and modified to the extent necessary to permit the DIP Lender to take any of the following actions, at the same or different</p>	<p>Interim Order ¶¶ 17, 22</p>

Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
<p>time: (i) deliver a written notice (which may be via email) to counsel for the Debtors, the U.S. Trustee, counsel for the Prepetition Secured Parties, and counsel for a Creditors' Committee, if any, (the "<u>Remedies Notice</u>") declaring the occurrence of a DIP Termination Event (such date, the "<u>DIP Termination Declaration Date</u>") and deliver a Carve Out Trigger Notice; (ii) declare the termination, reduction or restriction of any commitments under the DIP Facility (including the DIP Commitment) to the extent any such commitment remains; (iii) declare all DIP Obligations to be immediately due and payable, without presentment, demand, or protest or other notice of any kind, all of which are expressly waived by the Debtors; (iv) declare the termination, restriction or reduction of the DIP Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement as to any further liability or obligation thereunder, but without affecting the DIP Liens, the DIP Superpriority Claims, or the DIP Obligations; (v) charge default interest at the default rate set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement; and (vi) declare the termination, restriction, or revocation of the ability of the Debtors to use Cash Collateral.</p> <p><u>Waiting Period Procedures.</u> The Debtors may seek an emergency hearing solely during the period beginning on the DIP Termination Declaration Date and prior to the expiration of the five (5) days following the DIP Termination Declaration Date (such period, the "<u>Waiting Period</u>"). If, notwithstanding the foregoing, a hearing cannot be scheduled prior to the expiration of the Waiting Period, the Waiting Period shall be deemed automatically extended until such time as the matter can be heard by the Court. During the Waiting Period, the Debtors shall continue to have the right to use DIP Collateral (including Cash Collateral) in accordance with the terms of this DIP Order and the Approved Budget, solely to pay any expenses which are necessary to (i) preserve the Debtors' going concern value or (ii) contest, in good faith, the occurrence of the Event of Default (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, the occurrence of the Maturity Date under the DIP Credit Agreement); <i>provided, however</i>, that the professional fees and expenses of the Professional Persons shall be governed by paragraph 24 of the Interim Order and subject to the Approved Budget.</p> <p><u>Rights and Remedies Following Termination Date.</u> Following a DIP Termination Declaration Date and unless the Court has entered an order prior to the expiration of the Waiting Period finding that an Event of Default has not occurred or is not continuing, the DIP Lender shall be entitled to exercise all rights and remedies in accordance with the Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, the other DIP Documents (if any), applicable law, and the automatic stay of section 362 of the Bankruptcy</p>	

	Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
	<p>Code shall automatically, without further order of the Court, be lifted, to allow the DIP Lender to pursue all rights and remedies in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement, the other DIP Documents (if any), the Interim Order, and applicable law.</p>	
<p><b><u>Provisions Effective Upon Entry of the Interim Order:</u></b></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(R)</i></p>	<p><u>Use of Proceeds of DIP Facility.</u> Upon entry of the Interim Order, all of the Debtors’ cash in the BofA Accounts and all future deposits into those accounts shall be the DIP Lender’s cash collateral.</p> <p><u>DIP Obligations.</u> Upon entry of the Interim Order, the DIP Obligations shall include, but not be limited to, (a) the payment by the Debtors of (i) the unpaid principal amount of and interest on the DIP Loans, as and when due, whether at maturity, by acceleration, or otherwise, and (ii) all other monetary obligations of the Debtors to the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement and the Interim Order, and (b) the payment and performance of all covenants, duties, agreements, obligations and liabilities of the Debtors to the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement and the Interim Order.</p> <p><u>Authorization to Borrow.</u> Upon entry of the Interim Order, the Debtors are authorized to borrow up to aggregate amount of the Interim Amount, in each case, in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement, and the DIP Obligations are hereby approved (as and when such amounts become earned, due, and payable in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement) without the need to seek further Court approval.</p> <p><u>DIP Collateral.</u> Effective upon entry of the Interim Order, all causes of actions under section 549 of the Bankruptcy Code to recover any postpetition transfer of DIP Collateral and any proceeds thereof shall constitute DIP Collateral.</p> <p><u>Releases.</u> Upon entry of this Interim Order, the Debtors, on their own behalf and on behalf of their estates, forever and irrevocably: (a) release, discharge, and acquit the DIP Lender and each of its respective former or current officers, employees, directors, agents, representatives, owners, members, partners, financial advisors, legal advisors, shareholders, managers, consultants, accountants, attorneys, affiliates, and predecessors in interest, in each case solely in their capacity as such, from any and all claims, demands, liabilities, responsibilities, disputes, remedies, causes of action, indebtedness and obligations, of every type, including, without limitation, any so-called “lender liability” or equitable subordination claims or defenses, solely with respect to or relating to the negotiation of and entry into the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP</p>	<p>Interim Order ¶¶ 3, 4, 5, 30</p>

	Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
	Documents; and (b) waive, discharge and release any and all defenses (including, without limitation, offsets and counterclaims of any nature or kind) as to the validity, perfection, priority, enforceability, and avoidability of the DIP Liens and the DIP Obligations.	
<p><b><u>Liens on Avoidance Actions:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)(xi)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(U)</i></p>	Subject to entry of the Final Order, all Avoidance Actions and the proceeds thereof shall constitute DIP Collateral.	Interim Order ¶ 5
<p><b><u>Sections 506(c) and 552(b) Waivers:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rules 4001(c)(1)(B)(viii), (x)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rules 4001-2(a)(i)(C), (V), (W), (X)</i></p>	<p><u>Section 506(c) and Marshaling.</u> As material inducement to the DIP Lender’s agreement that its liens and superpriority claims shall be subject to payment of the Carve Out and the Permitted Liens, upon entry of the Final Order, the DIP Lender is entitled to (i) a waiver of the equitable doctrine of “marshaling” or any similar doctrine with respect to the DIP Collateral and the DIP Obligations in favor of the DIP Lender; and (ii) a waiver of the provisions of section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to the DIP Collateral.</p>	Interim Order ¶¶ m, 31
<p><b><u>Budget:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(iii)</i></p> <p><i>Local Rule 4001-2(a)(i)(E)</i></p>	<p>The Debtors have prepared and delivered to the DIP Lender and its advisors an initial budget attached to the Interim Order as <u>Exhibit 2</u> (together with any additional line-item or other detail and supplements as may be provided pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement, the “<u>Initial DIP Budget</u>”).</p> <p>The Initial DIP Budget reflects, among other things, for the 9-week period commencing on or about the Petition Date, the Debtors’ projected operating receipts, operating disbursements, non-operating disbursements, net operating cash flow and liquidity for each one-week period covered thereby.</p> <p>The Initial DIP Budget may be modified, amended, extended, and updated from time to time in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement or the other DIP Documents, and such modified, amended, extended and/or updated budget, once approved (or deemed approved) by the Debtors and the DIP Lender, shall modify, replace, supplement or</p>	Interim Order ¶ k, Exhibit 2



	Summary of the Material Terms	Reference
	<p>supersede, as applicable, the Initial DIP Budget for the periods covered thereby (the Initial DIP Budget and each subsequent approved budget (including any additional line-item or other detail and supplements as may be provided pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement) shall constitute, without duplication, an “<u>Approved Budget</u>”).</p> <p>The Initial DIP Budget has been prepared by the Debtors, their management and their advisors, and the Debtors believe that the Initial DIP Budget is reasonable under the circumstances. The DIP Lender is relying, in part, upon the Debtors’ agreement to comply with the Approved Budget (subject only to Permitted Variances) and the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement in determining to enter into the DIP Facility as provided for in this Interim Order.</p>	
<p><b><u>Release, Waiver or Limitation on any Claim or Cause of Action:</u></b></p> <p><i>Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(1)(B)(viii)</i></p>	<p><b><u>Releases.</u></b> Upon entry of this Interim Order, the Debtors, on their own behalf and on behalf of their estates, forever and irrevocably: (a) release, discharge, and acquit the DIP Lender and each of its respective former or current officers, employees, directors, agents, representatives, owners, members, partners, financial advisors, legal advisors, shareholders, managers, consultants, accountants, attorneys, affiliates, and predecessors in interest, in each case solely in their capacity as such, from any and all claims, demands, liabilities, responsibilities, disputes, remedies, causes of action, indebtedness and obligations, of every type, including, without limitation, any so-called “lender liability” or equitable subordination claims or defenses, solely with respect to or relating to the negotiation of and entry into the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents; and (b) waive, discharge and release any and all defenses (including, without limitation, offsets and counterclaims of any nature or kind) as to the validity, perfection, priority, enforceability, and avoidability of the DIP Liens and the DIP Obligations.</p> <p><b><u>Indemnification.</u></b> The DIP Lender (and its affiliates and respective officers, directors, employees, advisors, and agents, solely in such capacity) (each such person, an “<u>Indemnitee</u>”) will have no liability for, and will be indemnified and held harmless by the Debtors and their estates against, any losses, claims, damages, liabilities or expenses incurred in respect of the financing contemplated hereby or the use or the proposed use of proceeds thereof, except to the extent they are found by a final, non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to arise from the gross negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct of the relevant indemnified person (or any of its affiliates or any of its or its respective officers, directors, employees, advisors or agents). Such indemnity shall</p>	<p>Interim Order ¶¶ 27, 30</p>

<b>Summary of the Material Terms</b>		<b>Reference</b>
	not be available (a) to the extent arising from a material breach of any obligation of such Indemnitee under the DIP Credit Agreement or (b) to the extent arising out of any loss, claim, damage, liability, or expense that does not involve an act or omission of the Debtors and that is brought by an Indemnitee against another Indemnitee.	

### **BASIS FOR RELIEF**

#### **I. The Debtors Should Be Authorized to Obtain Postpetition Financing.**

##### **A. Entry into the DIP Documents Is an Exercise of the Debtors' Sound Business Judgment.**

57. The Court should authorize the Debtors, as an exercise of their sound business judgment, to enter into the DIP Documents and obtain access to the postpetition financing provided therein. Section 364 of the Bankruptcy Code authorizes a debtor to obtain secured or superpriority financing under certain circumstances discussed in detail below. Courts grant a debtor in possession considerable deference in acting in accordance with its business judgment in obtaining postpetition secured credit, so long as the agreement to obtain such credit does not run afoul of the provisions of, and policies underlying, the Bankruptcy Code. *See, e.g., In re Trans World Airlines, Inc.*, 163 B.R. 964, 974 (Bankr. D. Del. 1994) (approving a postpetition loan and receivables facility because such facility “reflect[ed] sound and prudent business judgment”); *In re L.A. Dodgers LLC*, 457 B.R. 308, 313 (Bankr. D. Del. 2011) (“[C]ourts will almost always defer to the business judgment of a debtor in the selection of the lender.”); *In re Ames Dep’t Stores, Inc.*, 115 B.R. 34, 40 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1990) (“[C]ases consistently reflect that the court’s discretion under section 364 is to be utilized on grounds that permit reasonable business judgment to be exercised

so long as the financing agreement does not contain terms that leverage the bankruptcy process and powers or its purpose is not so much to benefit the estate as it is to benefit a party in interest.”).

58. Specifically, to determine whether the business judgment standard is met, a court need only “examine whether a reasonable businessperson would make a similar decision under similar circumstances.” *In re Exide Techs.*, 340 B.R. 222, 239 (Bankr. D. Del. 2006); *see also In re Curlew Valley Assocs.*, 14 B.R. 506, 513–14 (Bankr. D. Utah 1981) (noting that courts should not second guess a debtor’s business decision when that decision involves “a business judgment made in good faith, upon a reasonable basis, and within the scope of the debtor’s authority under the [Bankruptcy] Code”).

59. Furthermore, in considering whether the terms of postpetition financing are fair and reasonable, courts consider the terms in light of the relative circumstances of both the debtor and the potential lender. *See In re Farmland Indus., Inc.*, 294 B.R. 855, 886 (Bankr. W.D. Mo. 2003) (while many of the terms favored the DIP lenders, “taken in context, and considering the relative circumstances of the parties,” the court found them to be reasonable); *see also Unsecured Creditors’ Comm. Mobil Oil Corp. v. First Nat’l Bank & Trust Co. (In re Elingsen McLean Oil Co., Inc.)*, 65 B.R. 358, 365 n.7 (W.D. Mich. 1986) (recognizing that a debtor may have to enter into “hard bargains” to acquire funds for its reorganization). The Court may also appropriately take into consideration non-economic benefits to debtors offered by a proposed postpetition facility. For example, in *In re ION Media Networks, Inc.*, the bankruptcy court for the Southern District of New York held that:

Although all parties, including the Debtors and the Committee, are naturally motivated to obtain financing on the best possible terms, a business decision to obtain credit from a particular lender is almost never based purely on economic terms. ***Relevant features of the***

*financing must be evaluated, including non economic elements such as the timing and certainty of closing, the impact on creditor constituencies and the likelihood of a successful reorganization.*

This is particularly true in a bankruptcy setting where cooperation and establishing alliances with creditor groups can be a vital part of building support for a restructuring that ultimately may lead to a confirmable reorganization plan. That which helps foster consensus may be preferable to a notionally better transaction that carries the risk of promoting unwanted conflict.

2009 WL 2902568, at \*4 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. July 6, 2009) (emphasis added).

60. The Debtors' determination to move forward with the DIP Facility is an exercise of their sound business judgment following an arm's length process and careful evaluation of available alternatives. Specifically, the Debtors, after appointing an independent manager and a Chief Restructuring Officer, along with their advisors determined that the Debtors would require postpetition financing to support their operational and Chapter 11 activities. The DIP Facility will allow the Debtors to: (a) fund capital expenditures that are essential to the Debtors' continuation as a going concern; (b) provide the liquidity necessary to continue favorable trade terms with vendors, suppliers, and customers, and to continue compensating their employees, who are essential to operating the business as normal; (c) fund the administrative cost of these Chapter 11 Cases; and (d) provide a path to emergence by allowing the Debtors to effectuate a sale of their assets during these Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors negotiated the DIP Documents with the DIP Lender in good faith, at arm's length, and with the assistance of their respective advisors, and the Debtors believe that they have obtained the best financing available under the circumstances. Accordingly, the Court should authorize the Debtors' entry into the DIP Documents, as it is a reasonable exercise of the Debtors' business judgment.

**B. The Debtors Satisfy the Requirement for Entering into the DIP Documents Under Sections 364(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.**

61. The Debtors propose to obtain postpetition financing under the terms and conditions of the DIP Documents by providing security interests and other liens, as described herein and provided for in the DIP Documents, pursuant to section 364(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. More specifically, the Debtors propose to provide to the DIP Lender, subordinate only to the Carve Out and Permitted Liens, valid, binding, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and properly perfected security interests in and liens on the DIP Collateral.

62. The statutory requirement for obtaining postpetition credit under section 364(c) is a finding, made after notice and hearing, that the debtors are “unable to obtain unsecured credit allowable under section 503(b)(1) of the [the Bankruptcy Code].” 11 U.S.C. § 364(c). Furthermore, section 364(c) financing is appropriate when the debtor in possession is unable to obtain unsecured credit allowable as an ordinary administrative claim. *See In re Crouse Grp., Inc.*, 71 B.R. 544, 549 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1987) (debtor seeking unsecured credit under section 364(c) of the Bankruptcy Code must prove that it was unable to obtain unsecured credit); *Ames Dep’t Stores*, 115 B.R. at 37-39 (holding that debtor must show it made a reasonable effort to seek other sources of financing under sections 364(a) and (b) of the Bankruptcy Code).

63. Bankruptcy courts have articulated a three-part test to determine whether a debtor is entitled to financing under section 364(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. Specifically, courts look to whether:

- (a) [The debtor is] unable to obtain unsecured credit under section 364(b), *i.e.*, by allowing a lender only an administrative claim per 11 U.S.C. § 503(b)(1)(A);
- (b) The credit transaction is necessary to preserve the assets of the estate; and

- (c) The terms of the transaction are fair, reasonable, and adequate, given the circumstances of the debtor-borrower and the proposed lender.

*L.A. Dodgers*, 457 B.R. at 312 (citing *In re St. Mary Hosp.*, 86 B.R. 393, 401 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1988)); *see also Crouse Grp.*, 71 B.R. at 549; *Ames Dep't Stores*, 115 B.R. at 37-39. The elements of this test are satisfied here.

64. First, as described in the DIP Declaration, the Debtors do not believe that alternative sources of financing are reasonably available given the efforts of SSG and the Debtors. Specifically, (i) no other third-party was willing to provide financing subordinate to the Prepetition Secured Parties; (ii) the parties that were potentially interested in providing financing, were only willing to do so on a superpriority senior secured basis with the consent of the Prepetition Secured Parties, as not to risk a “priming” fight; and (iii) the parties that expressed a potential interest in providing financing, could not provide financing on terms better than that of the proposed DIP Facility in a timely manner.

65. Most telling, the Debtors received no actual proposals or offers for financing these Chapter 11 Cases.

66. The proposed DIP Facility will provide the Debtors with necessary liquidity on terms and conditions more favorable than those that can be obtained by other financing sources. For example, the Debtors are not required to pay certain fees to obtain the DIP Loans, including origination fees, exit fees or commitment fees, which would reduce the amount available to the Debtors.

67. Concerning the second prong of the three-part test, without adequate postpetition financing, the Debtors would be unable to maintain ordinary course business operations. The Debtors cannot operate unless they can fund payments for, among other things, employees, critical

vendors, and suppliers. Missing just one of these vital payments could have a devastating effect on the Debtors. The DIP Facility, thus, is central to the Debtors' strategy in these Chapter 11 Cases. Absent approval of the DIP Facility, the Debtors would quickly become administratively insolvent, leading to a conversion of these Chapter 11 Cases to those under Chapter 7, resulting in depressed recoveries for creditors. Accordingly, the DIP Facility is necessary to preserve the value of the estates and ensure a successful sale process in the interest of all of the Debtors' stakeholders.

68. Finally, as set forth below, the terms of the DIP Documents are fair, reasonable, and adequate given the facts and circumstances.

**C. The Debtors Should Be Authorized to Obtain Postpetition Financing on a Secured and Superpriority Basis.**

69. The Debtors propose to obtain the DIP Facility by providing security interests and liens as set forth in the DIP Documents pursuant to sections 364(c) and (d) of the Bankruptcy Code. Specifically, section 364(c) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that:

If the trustee is unable to obtain unsecured credit allowable under section 503(b)(1) of this title as an administrative expense, the court, after notice and a hearing, may authorize the obtaining of credit or the incurring of debt—

- (1) with priority over any or all administrative expenses of the kind specified in section 503(b) or 507(b) of this title;
- (2) secured by a lien on property of the estate that is not otherwise subject to a lien; or
- (3) secured by a junior lien on property of the estate that is subject to a lien.

11 U.S.C. § 364(c).

70. To satisfy the requirements of section 364(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, a debtor need only demonstrate “by a good faith effort that credit was not available without” the protections

afforded to potential lenders by section 364(c) of the Bankruptcy Code. *Bray v. Shenandoah Fed. Sav. & Loan Ass'n (In re Snowshoe Co.)*, 789 F.2d 1085, 1088 (4th Cir. 1986) (“The statute imposes no duty to seek credit from every possible lender before concluding that such credit is unavailable.”); *see also Pearl-Phil GMT (Far East) Ltd. v. Caldor Corp.*, 266 B.R. 575, 584 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (superpriority administrative expenses authorized where debtor could not obtain credit as an administrative expense). When few lenders are likely to be able and willing to extend the necessary credit to a debtor, “it would be unrealistic and unnecessary to require [the debtor] to conduct such an exhaustive search for financing.” *In re Sky Valley, Inc.*, 100 B.R. 107, 113 (Bankr. N.D. Ga. 1988), *aff'd sub nom., Anchor Savs. Bank FSB v. Sky Valley, Inc.*, 99 B.R. 117, 120 n. 4 (N.D. Ga. 1989); *see also Ames Dep't Stores*, 115 B.R. at 40 (approving financing facility and holding that the debtor made reasonable efforts to satisfy the standards of section 364(c) where it approached four lending institutions, was rejected by two, and selected the most favorable of the two offers it received).

71. Further, section 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that a debtor may obtain credit secured by a senior or equal lien on property of the estate already subject to a lien, after notice and a hearing, where the debtor is “unable to obtain such credit otherwise” and “there is adequate protection of the interest of the holder of the lien on the property of the estate on which such senior or equal lien is proposed to be granted.” 11 U.S.C. § 364(d)(1).

72. Here, the DIP Facility proposes granting the DIP Lender (i) DIP Liens on the Prepetition Bond Collateral junior to the Permitted Liens, (ii) “priming” DIP Liens on the Bridge Loan Collateral (that is not Prepetition Bond Collateral) senior to the Bridge Loan Liens, and (iii) DIP Liens on other DIP Collateral junior only to Permitted Liens. Accordingly, the Debtors may



incur “priming” liens under the DIP Facility if they are unable to obtain unsecured or junior secured credit and either (a) the Bridge Lender has consented or (b) the Bridge Lender’s interests in the Bridge Loan Collateral are adequately protected. *See Anchor Sav. Bank*, 99 B.R. at 122 (“[B]y tacitly consenting to the superpriority lien, those [undersecured] creditors relieved the debtor of having to demonstrate that they were adequately protected.”). Notably, the DIP Facility does not contemplate “priming” the Permitted Liens.

73. The Bridge Lender has affirmatively consented to the DIP Facility and actively participated in facilitating the proposed DIP Facility.

74. Accordingly, for the reasons set forth above and below, the Debtors satisfy the requirements of sections 364(c) and (d) of the Bankruptcy Code to grant the liens and superpriority claims set forth herein.

***(i) No Adequate Alternative to the DIP Facility Is Currently Available.***

75. To obtain a postpetition financing facility, a debtor need only demonstrate “by a good faith effort that credit was not available without” the protections afforded to potential lenders by sections 364(c) and (d) of the Bankruptcy Code. *See YL West 87th Holdings I LLC*, 423 B.R. 421, 441 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2010) (“Courts have generally deferred to a debtor’s business judgment in granting section 364 financing.”); *In re Gen. Growth Props., Inc.*, 412 B.R. 122, 125 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2009) (stating that debtor has an obligation only to make “reasonable efforts, under the circumstances . . . to obtain [unsecured financing], in the ordinary course of business or otherwise”). If only a few lenders likely can or will extend the necessary credit to a debtor, “it would be unrealistic and unnecessary to require [the debtor] to conduct such an exhaustive search for financing.” *Sky Valley, Inc.*, 100 B.R. at 113 (Bankr. N.D. Ga. 1988); *see also Snowshoe Co.*, 789 F.2d at 1088 (demonstrating that credit was unavailable absent the senior lien by establishment

of unsuccessful contact with other financial institutions in the geographic area); *In re Stanley Hotel, Inc.*, 15 B.R. 660, 663 (D. Colo. 1981) (holding that the bankruptcy court's finding that two national banks refused to grant unsecured loans was sufficient to support conclusion that the section 364 requirement was met); *Ames Dep't Stores*, 115 B.R. at 37–39 (finding that the debtor must show that it made reasonable efforts to seek other sources of financing under section 364(a) and (b) of the Bankruptcy Code); *In re Harborwalk, LP*, Case No. 10-80043-G3-11 (LZP) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. Jan. 29, 2010) [Docket No. 28] (“Section 364(d)(1) does not require that a debtor seek credit from every possible source, but a debtor must show that it made a reasonable effort to obtain postpetition financing from other potential lenders on less onerous terms and that such financing was unavailable.”) (internal citations omitted).

76. As further detailed above and in the DIP Declaration, the Debtors do not believe that a more favorable alternative debtor in possession financing is reasonably available given the realities imposed by the Debtors' existing capital structure and the lack of offers from the Prepetition Secured Parties and other third parties. Accordingly, the Debtors have determined that, the DIP Facility offered by the DIP Lender represents not only the Debtors' best available option to meet the Debtors' urgent liquidity needs and to successfully finance these Chapter 11 Cases, but the only one. The DIP Facility will also allow the Debtors to smoothly transition into Chapter 11, wherein they and their advisors will execute a comprehensive sale process for the Debtors' assets. Therefore, the requirement of section 364 of the Bankruptcy Code that alternative credit on more favorable terms be unavailable to the Debtors is satisfied.

## **II. Adequate Protection of the Prepetition Secured Parties.**

77. Section 363(e) of the Bankruptcy Code provides for adequate protection of interests in property when a debtor uses such property. Further, section 362(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code

provides for adequate protection of interests in property due to the imposition of the automatic stay. *See In re Cont'l Airlines*, 91 F.3d 553, 556 (3d Cir. 1996) (en banc).

78. The Bankruptcy Code does not expressly define “adequate protection.” Section 361 of the Bankruptcy Code provides a non-exhaustive list of examples of adequate protection, such as granting replacement liens and administrative claims, but courts ultimately decide what constitutes sufficient adequate protection on a case-by-case basis. *See, e.g., In re Swedeland Dev. Grp., Inc.*, 16 F.3d 552, 564 (3d Cir. 1994) (explaining that the “determination of whether there is adequate protection is made on a case by case basis”); *In re Satcon Tech. Corp.*, Case No. 12-12869 (KG), 2012 WL 6091160, at \*6 (Bankr. D. Del. Dec. 7, 2012) (same); *In re Columbia Gas Sys., Inc.*, Nos. 91-803, 91-804, 1992 WL 79323, at \*2 (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 18, 1992) (holding that “what interest is entitled to adequate protection and what constitutes adequate protection must be decided on a case-by-case basis”); *see also In re Dynaco Corp.*, 162 B.R. 389, 394 (Bankr. D.N.H. 1993) (citing 2 Collier on Bankruptcy ¶ 361.01[1] at 361–66 (15th ed. 1993) (explaining that adequate protection can take many forms and “must be determined based upon equitable considerations arising from the particular facts of each proceeding”).

79. The purpose of adequate protection “is to protect a secured creditor from diminution in the value of its interest in the particular collateral during the period of use by the debtor.” *Satcon Tech.*, 2012 WL 6091160, at \*6; *see also In re Beker Indus. Corp.*, 58 B.R. 725, 736 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1986) (noting that the application of adequate protection “is left to the vagaries of each case . . . but its focus is protection of the secured creditor from diminution in the value of its collateral during the reorganization process”) (citation omitted), *rev'd on other grounds*, 89 B.R. 336 (S.D.N.Y. 1988).

80. Here, the Prepetition Secured Parties are adequately protected as a result of the continuation of the Debtors' business operations and the funds to be expended pursuant to the Interim DIP Budget.

81. First, there is no use of the UMB Cash Collateral. The existing UMB Cash Collateral is in blocked accounts and after acquired UMB Cash Collateral – *e.g.* proceeds of the Prepetition Bond Collateral are being deposited in the same blocked accounts. As shown in the Initial DIP Budget, the UMB Cash Collateral increases over 100% to nearly \$2 million.

82. Second, the Initial DIP Budget contemplates continued operations in the ordinary course of business. By continuing to operate in the ordinary course, the Debtors will increase, not diminish, the Prepetition Secured Parties' working capital collateral – raw materials will be purchased, work in process and finished goods will be manufactured; and new accounts receivable will be generated.

83. In addition, the Debtors propose to pay certain prepetition creditors that hold Statutory Liens. Statutory Liens have priority over the Bond Liens. Thus, every dollar of Statutory Liens that is satisfied increases the position of the Bond Liens on a dollar-for-dollar basis. For example, if the Bond Liens were subordinate to \$500,000 of Statutory Liens as of the Petition Date and the Debtors retire \$400,000 of Statutory Liens, then the Bond Liens interest in collateral has been increased concomitantly.

84. Finally, the Debtors will continue to make capital expenditures to preserve the existing value of the Circularity Center and further enhance the operational capacity of the Circularity Center. It is axiomatic that investments in capital expenditures do not result in diminution of value of collateral, to the contrary, capital expenditures increase value.

85. Entry of the Interim Order and Final Order granting the DIP Liens and DIP Superpriority Claims is, thus, not only necessary but will help maximize the value of the Debtors' estates and the ultimate recovery for the Debtors' creditors, including the Prepetition Secured Parties. Without the proposed DIP Facility, the Debtors will not be able to function as a going concern, necessitating the cessation of the Debtors' operations, or continue the Chapter 11 process. Accordingly, the DIP Facility and the authority to use Cash Collateral is necessary to avoid the shutdown of the Debtors' business, which is unquestionably in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates, and their creditors.

86. Moreover, as noted above, without funding from the DIP Facility and use of Cash Collateral, the Prepetition Bond Collateral will likely suffer diminution in value because the Debtors would be forced to proceed with a fire-sale liquidation. Courts have repeatedly recognized that the preservation of a secured lender's collateral constitutes adequate protection of such creditors' interest in the collateral. *See, e.g., In re 499 W. Warren St. Assocs., Ltd. P'ship*, 142 B.R. 53, 56 (Bankr. N.D.N.Y. 1992) (finding a secured creditor's interest in collateral adequately protected when cash collateral was applied to normal operating and maintenance expenditures on the collateral property); *In re Stein*, 19 B.R. 458, 460 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1982) (creditors' secured position would be enhanced by the continued operation of the debtors' business); *see also In re Patriot Coal Corp.*, Case No. 15-32450 (KLP), Transcript of Hearing at 124-25 (Docket No. 24) (Bankr. E.D. Va. June 4, 2015) (approving priming financing, where without it company would be forced into an "irresponsible forced wind-down scenario;" preservation of going concern value protected prepetition secured lender's interests).

87. The Debtors' continued operations and contemplated Chapter 11 sale process presents the best opportunity for the Prepetition Secured Parties to receive the greatest recovery on account of their claims. The value of the Prepetition Bond Collateral in the Chapter 11 process, compared to the value of the Prepetition Bond Collateral in a Chapter 7, liquidation scenario, which would be minimal by virtue of the loss of the IP License, is evidence of this. Additionally, the Chapter 11 process contemplates using certain of the proceeds of the DIP Facility to pay in full certain Permitted Liens that would normally have priority over the Prepetition Bond Liens, allowing for a greater recovery for the Prepetition Secured Parties whether or not a successful sale ultimately occurs. *See Debtors' Motion for Entry of Interim and Final Orders (I) Authorizing the Debtors to Pay Certain Prepetition Claims of Trade Claimants, Lienholder Claims, and 503(b)(9) Claims; (II) Authorizing Banks to Honor and Process Check and Electronic Transfer Requests Related Thereto; and (III) Granting Related Relief; Critical Vendor Motion*, filed contemporaneously herewith. Accordingly, the Debtors submit that the funding of the DIP Facility and use of the Cash Collateral will allow the Debtors to continue their operations and, thereby, protect and even enhance the value of the Prepetition Secured Parties' interests.

88. Nonetheless, the Debtors propose to provide the Prepetition Secured Parties with various forms of other adequate protection (collectively, the "Adequate Protection Obligations") to further protect against any postpetition diminution in value of the Prepetition Bond Collateral resulting from the use of Cash Collateral:

- a) continuing valid, binding, enforceable and perfected postpetition replacement liens pursuant to sections 361, 363(e), and 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code on

the DIP Collateral, which shall be subject and subordinated only to the Carve Out, the DIP Liens, and Permitted Liens (the “Bond Adequate Protection Liens”); and  
b) allowed superpriority administrative expense claims (the “Bond Adequate Protection Superpriority Claims”) in the Chapter 11 Cases and any Successor Case, junior to the DIP Superpriority Claims.

89. The Debtors submit that the Adequate Protection Obligations are fair and reasonable, reflect the Debtors’ prudent exercise of business judgment, and are sufficient to protect against any diminution in value of the Prepetition Bond Collateral, including Cash Collateral.

**II. The DIP Lender Should Be Deemed a Good Faith Lender Under Section 364(e).**

90. Section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code protects a good faith lender’s right to collect on loans extended to a debtor, and its right in any lien securing those loans, even if the authority of the debtor to obtain such loans or grant such liens is later reversed or modified on appeal. 11 U.S.C. § 364(e). Section 364(e) provides that:

The reversal or modification on appeal of an authorization under this section [364 of the Bankruptcy Code] to obtain credit or incur debt, or of a grant under this section of a priority or a lien, does not affect the validity of any debt so incurred, or any priority or lien so granted, to an entity that extended such credit in good faith, whether or not such entity knew of the pendency of the appeal, unless such authorization and the incurring of such debt, or the granting of such priority or lien, were stayed pending appeal.

*Id.*

91. Here, the Debtors believe the DIP Documents embody the most favorable terms on which the Debtors could obtain debtor in possession financing. As discussed in the DIP Declaration, all negotiations regarding the provisions of DIP Facility were conducted in good faith and on an arm’s length basis.

92. Indeed, over the course of the Debtors' negotiations with the DIP Lender, the proposed financing went from a senior, priming facility to a facility that is subordinated to the Prepetition Bond Liens.

93. The terms and conditions of the DIP Financing are fair and reasonable, and the proceeds of the DIP Loans will be used only for purposes that are permissible under the Bankruptcy Code. Further, no consideration is being provided to any party to the DIP Documents other than as disclosed herein. Accordingly, the Court should find that the DIP Lender is a "good faith" lender within the meaning of section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code and is entitled to all of the protections afforded by that section.

**III. The Automatic Stay Should Be Modified on a Limited Basis.**

94. The relief requested herein contemplates a modification of the automatic stay to permit the Debtors, the DIP Lender to accomplish the transactions contemplated in the DIP Orders. Specifically, the DIP Facility contemplates modifying the automatic stay so as to (i) permit the creation and perfection of the DIP Liens and Bond Adequate Protection Liens and (ii) provide for the automatic vacation of such stay to permit the DIP Lender to enforce its rights under the DIP Documents in the event of an Event of Default, subject to written notice to counsel to the Debtors, the U.S. Trustee, counsel for the Prepetition Secured Parties, and counsel for the Creditors' Committee (if any).

95. Stay modifications of this kind are ordinary and standard features for postpetition financings, and in the Debtors' business judgment, are reasonable and fair under the present circumstances. *See, e.g., In re Zurvita Holdings, Inc.*, Case No. 24-12823 (MFW) (Bankr. D. Del. Jan. 17, 2025) (modifying automatic stay as necessary to effectuate the terms of the order and following occurrence of an Event of Default); *In re Biolase, Inc.*, Case No. 24-12245 (KBO)



(Bankr. D. Del. Nov. 15, 2024) (same); *In re Supply Source Enters., Inc.*, Case No. 24-11054 (BLS) (Bankr. D. Del. June 24, 2024) (same); *In re Ambri Inc.*, Case No. 24-10952 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. June 13, 2024) (same); *In re Restoration Forest Prods. Group, LLC*, Case No. 24-10120 (KBO) (Bankr. D. Del. Mar. 6, 2024) (same).<sup>6</sup>

### **SATISFACTION OF BANKRUPTCY RULE 6003**

96. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 6003(b), any motion seeking to use property of the estate pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code or to satisfy prepetition claims within 21 days of the Petition Date requires the Debtors to demonstrate that such relief “is needed to avoid immediate and irreparable harm.” Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6003(a); *see also In re First NLC Fin. Servs., LLC*, 382 B.R. 547, 549 (Bankr. S.D. Fla. 2008). As described herein, and in the Declarations, the Debtors will suffer immediate and irreparable harm without the Court’s authorization to withdraw and borrow funds under the DIP Documents. If the relief is not granted, the Debtors’ ability to continue to operate and pay their employees and critical vendors and suppliers will be significantly disrupted, which will have a disastrous effect on the Debtors’ operations and the contemplated sale process. The ability to obtain sufficient working capital and liquidity through the proposed DIP Facility is therefore vital to the preservation and maximization of the value of the Debtors’ estates. Accordingly, obtaining postpetition financing, as provided under the DIP Documents, will minimize disruption of the businesses and operations of the Debtors while they move forward expeditiously in their efforts to continue to a sale process.

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<sup>6</sup> Because of the voluminous nature of the orders cited herein, such orders have not been attached to this Motion. Copies of these orders are available upon request of the Debtors’ proposed counsel.

97. For this reason and those set forth above, the Debtors respectfully submit that Bankruptcy Rule 6003(b) has been satisfied and that the relief requested herein is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors and their estates.

**INTERIM APPROVAL IS APPROPRIATE**

98. Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b) and 4001(c)(2) provide that a final hearing on a motion to obtain credit pursuant to section 364 of the Bankruptcy Code may not be commenced earlier than 14 days after the service of such motion. Upon request, however, a bankruptcy court is empowered to conduct a preliminary expedited hearing on the motion and authorize the obtaining of credit to the extent necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors' estates. *See Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(c)(2).*

99. The Debtors request that the Court authorize them, on an interim basis pending a final hearing, to borrow under the DIP Documents in an amount up to \$13,000,000, not to exceed the Approved Budget. As discussed above, this relief will enable the Debtors to operate their business in a manner that will permit them to preserve and maximize value and thereby avoid immediate and irreparable harm and prejudice to their estates and all parties in interest, pending a final hearing. Absent interim approval of this interim borrowing under the DIP Documents, the Debtors' business would suffer immediate and irreparable harm.

**REQUEST FOR FINAL HEARING**

100. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b)(2) and 4001(c)(2), the Debtors request that the Court set a date for a final hearing to consider this Motion that is as soon as practicable, and in no event after 30 days after the Petition Date and fix the time and date prior to the final hearing for parties to file objections to this Motion.

**REQUESTS FOR IMMEDIATE RELIEF AND WAIVER OF STAY**

101. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 6003(a) and 6004(h), the Debtors seek (a) immediate entry of an order granting the relief sought herein and (b) a waiver of any stay of the effectiveness of such an order. Bankruptcy Rule 6003(a) provides, in relevant part, that “[u]nless relief is needed to avoid immediate and irreparable harm, the court must not, within 21 days after the petition is filed, grant an application or motion to: . . . pay all or a part of a claim that arose before the petition was filed.” Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6003(a). Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h) provides that “[u]nless the court orders otherwise, an order authorizing the use, sale, or lease of property other than cash collateral is stayed for 14 days after the order is entered.” Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6004(h). Accordingly, where the failure to grant any such requested relief would result in immediate and irreparable harm to a debtor’s estate, a court may allow a debtor to pay all or part of a claim that arose prepetition immediately.

102. As set forth above, the relief requested herein is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors. Accordingly, the Debtors submit that ample cause exists to justify (a) the immediate entry of an order granting the relief sought herein and (b) a waiver of the 14-day stay imposed by Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), to the extent that it applies.

**RESERVATION OF RIGHTS**

103. Nothing contained herein is intended or shall be construed as: (i) an admission as to the validity, priority, or amount of any claim against the Debtors; (ii) a waiver of the Debtors’ or any appropriate party in interest’s rights to dispute the amount of, basis for, validity, or priority of any claim against the Debtors or rights of setoff asserted against the Debtors; (iii) a waiver of any claims or causes of action which may exist against any creditor or interest holder; (iv) an approval, assumption, adoption, or rejection of any agreement, contract, lease, program, or policy

between the Debtors and any third party under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (v) a promise to pay a claim.

**NOTICE**

104. Notice of this Motion will be provided to the following parties or their respective counsel: (a) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware; (b) the holders of the thirty (30) largest unsecured claims against the Debtors on a consolidated basis; (c) the Indenture Trustee, on behalf of the Prepetition Secured Parties; (d) the DIP Lender; (e) the Bridge Lender; (f) the Internal Revenue Service; (g) the United States Attorney’s Office for the District of Delaware; (h) the state attorneys general for all states in which the Debtors conduct business; and (i) any party that has requested notice pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002 (the “Notice Parties”). As this Motion is seeking “first day” relief, within 48 hours of the entry of an order with respect to this Motion, the Debtors will serve copies of this Motion and any order entered with respect to this Motion as required by Local Rule 9013-1(m). The Debtors respectfully submit that, in light of the nature of the relief requested, no further notice is necessary.

*[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]*

**CONCLUSION**

WHEREFORE, the Debtors respectfully request that this Court enter the Interim Order, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, (i) authorizing the Debtors to obtain the postpetition financing described herein on an interim basis and setting the Motion for a final hearing; and (iii) granting such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: March 17, 2025  
Wilmington, Delaware

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Jeremy W. Ryan

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*Proposed Counsel to the Debtors and Debtors  
in Possession*

**EXHIBIT A**

**Proposed Interim Order**

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC, *et al.*,<sup>1</sup>

Debtors.

Chapter 11

Case No. 25-10472 (LSS)

(Joint Administration Requested)

**INTERIM ORDER (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO OBTAIN POSTPETITION FINANCING; (II) GRANTING LIENS AND SUPERPRIORITY ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN PERMITTED LIENS; (III) GRANTING ADEQUATE PROTECTION; (IV) MODIFYING THE AUTOMATIC STAY; (V) SCHEDULING A FINAL HEARING; AND (VI) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

Upon the motion (the “Motion”)<sup>2</sup> of Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC and its affiliated debtors, as debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “Debtors”) in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (the “Chapter 11 Cases”), seeking entry of an order, pursuant to sections 105, 361, 362, 363, 364, 503, 507, and 522 of title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532 (the “Bankruptcy Code”), rules 2002, 4001, 6003, and 6004 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “Bankruptcy Rules”), and rules 2002-1 and 4001-2 of the Local Rules of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “Local Rules”), seeking entry of an interim order (together with all exhibits hereto, this “Interim Order”) that, among other things:

- i. authorizes the Debtors to obtain secured postpetition financing on a subordinated priority basis (the “DIP Facility,” and the loans issued thereunder, the “DIP Loans”) in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$13,000,000 (the “DIP Commitment”), not to exceed the Approved Budget (defined below) of which, (i) \$5,600,000 (the “Interim Amount”) shall be made available to the Debtors, and may be drawn in one or more draws (in an aggregate minimum amount of \$100,000 or multiples thereof), upon entry of the Interim Order and satisfaction or waiver of the

<sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, together with the last four digits of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC (7907); Brightmark Plastics Renewal Indiana LLC (7118); and Brightmark Plastics Renewal Services LLC (3789). The Debtors’ headquarters are located at 1725 Montgomery St, Floor 3, San Francisco, CA 94111.

<sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Motion or DIP Credit Agreement (defined below), as applicable.

borrowing conditions set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement (defined below) and the Interim Order; and (ii) the remainder of the DIP Commitment shall be made available to the Debtors upon entry of the Final Order, through additional draws and in each case subject to the terms and conditions set forth in that certain Secured, Super-Priority Debtor-in-Possession Loan and Security Agreement by and among Brightmark Plastics Ashley Holdco LLC or its designees or assignees, as lender (the “DIP Lender”) and the Debtors, as borrowers (as may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof, the “DIP Credit Agreement,” a copy of which is attached to the Interim Order as **Exhibit 1** and, together with any ancillary, collateral, or related documents and agreements, the “DIP Documents”);

- ii. approves the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement, and authorizes the Debtors to execute, deliver, and perform under the DIP Credit Agreement and any other DIP Documents;
- iii. authorizes the Debtors, on an interim basis, to issue, incur, and guarantee all loans, notes, advances, extensions of credit, financial accommodations, reimbursement obligations, fees and premiums (including any fees payable pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement), and all other obligations due or payable to or for the benefit of the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents (collectively, the “DIP Obligations”), and to perform such other acts as may be required or appropriate in connection therewith;
- iv. authorizes and directs the Debtors, on an interim basis, to use the proceeds of the DIP Facility solely in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order to (a) fund the postpetition working capital needs of the Debtors pending the Final Hearing (as defined below); (b) pay fees, costs, and expenses of the DIP Facility on the terms and conditions described in this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement; and (c) pay the allowed administrative costs and expenses of the Chapter 11 Cases, in each case, solely in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement, the Approved Budget (as defined below), and this Interim Order;
- v. authorizes the Debtors to grant to the DIP Lender valid, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically, fully perfected liens in all of the DIP Collateral (as defined below) and all proceeds thereof, in favor of the DIP Lender to secure the DIP Obligations, which liens shall be subordinate only to the Carve Out and the existing liens of the Prepetition Secured Parties (the “Prior Permitted Senior Liens”);
- vi. authorizes the Debtors to grant to the Prepetition Secured Parties (as defined below), as adequate protection of their respective interest in the Prepetition Bond Collateral (as defined below), valid, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and fully perfected security interests and replacement liens in the DIP Collateral and allowed superpriority administrative expense claims pursuant to sections 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, solely to the extent of any Diminution (as defined below) of the Prepetition Secured Parties’ respective interest in the



Prepetition Bond Collateral, which liens and claims shall be subject to the priorities set forth in the Interim Order;

- vii. authorizes the DIP Lender to take all commercially reasonable actions to implement and effectuate the terms of this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement;
- viii. authorizes payment of the DIP Fees (as defined below) at the times and in the amounts set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement;
- ix. upon entry of the Final Order, waives (a) the Debtors' right to surcharge the DIP Lender or the DIP Collateral pursuant to sections 105(a) and 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise; and (b) the equitable doctrine of "marshaling" and other similar doctrines with respect to the DIP Lender or the DIP Collateral;
- x. modifies the automatic stay imposed by section 362(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent set forth herein and as necessary to permit the Debtors and the DIP Lender to implement and effectuate the terms and provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order, and authorizes the DIP Lender, upon the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default (as set forth herein and in the DIP Credit Agreement), to deliver any notices and exercise rights and remedies, as contemplated in this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement;
- xi. waives any applicable stay (including under Bankruptcy Rule 6004) and provides for immediate effectiveness of this Interim Order; and
- xii. schedules a final hearing (the "Final Hearing") to consider final approval of the DIP Facility pursuant to a proposed final order (the "Final Order"), as set forth in the Motion and the DIP Credit Agreement.

This Court, having considered the relief requested in the Motion, the exhibits attached thereto, the First Day Declaration, the DIP Declaration, the DIP Credit Agreement, the other papers filed with this Court, the evidence submitted, and arguments made at the interim hearing held before this Court on March [●], 2025 (the "Interim Hearing"); and due and sufficient notice of the Interim Hearing having been given in accordance with Bankruptcy Rules 2002 and 4001(b), (c), and (d) and all applicable Local Rules; and the Interim Hearing having been held and concluded; and all objections, if any, to the interim relief requested in the Motion having been withdrawn, resolved, or overruled by the Court; and it appearing that the interim relief requested in the Motion is fair and reasonable and in the best interests of the Debtors and their estates, necessary to avoid

immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors and their estates, and essential for the continued operation of the Debtors' business and the preservation of the value of the Debtors' assets; and it appearing that the Debtors' entry into the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents is a sound and prudent exercise of the Debtors' business judgment; and after due deliberation and consideration, and good and sufficient cause appearing therefor,

**THIS COURT HEREBY MAKES THE FOLLOWING FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW BASED UPON THE MOTION, THE REPRESENTATIONS OF COUNSEL, AND THE EVIDENCE SUBMITTED DURING THE HEARING:**

a. **Petition Date.** Commencing on March 16, 2025 (the "Petition Date"), each of the Debtors filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in this Court, commencing these Chapter 11 Cases.

b. **Debtors in Possession.** The Debtors are operating their business and managing their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee or examiner has been appointed in any of the Chapter 11 Cases.

c. **Jurisdiction and Venue.** The Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334. This is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

d. **Notice.** The Interim Hearing was held pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(b)(2) and (c)(2). Notice of the relief sought at the Interim Hearing was provided by the Debtors to: (a) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware; (b) the holders of the thirty (30) largest unsecured claims against the Debtors on a consolidated basis; (c) the Indenture Trustee, on behalf of the Prepetition Secured Parties; (d) the DIP Lender; (e) the Bridge Lender; (f) the Internal Revenue Service; (g) the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Delaware; (h) the state

attorneys general for all states in which the Debtors conduct business; and (i) any party that has requested notice pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002. No other or further notice of the Motion or the entry of this Interim Order shall be required. The interim relief granted herein is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors and their estates pending the Final Hearing.

e. **Committee Formation.** As of the date hereof, the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware (the “U.S. Trustee”) has not appointed an official committee of unsecured creditors in these Chapter 11 Cases pursuant to section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code (a “Creditors’ Committee”).

f. **No Credit Available on More Favorable Terms.** Given their current financial condition, financing arrangements, and capital structure, and the circumstances of the Chapter 11 Cases as demonstrated at the Interim Hearing, the Debtors are unable to obtain financing from sources other than the DIP Lender on terms more favorable than the DIP Facility. The Debtors are unable to procure sufficient financing in the form of unsecured credit allowable as an administrative expense. The Debtors are also unable to obtain sufficient secured credit without (i) granting to the DIP Lender the DIP Liens and the DIP Superpriority Claims and (ii) granting the other protections set forth in this Interim Order. After considering all alternatives, the Debtors have properly concluded, in the exercise of their sound business judgment, that the DIP Facility represents the best financing available to them at this time and is in the best interests of all their stakeholders.

g. **Good Faith.** Based upon the papers filed and the proceedings of record in these Chapter 11 Cases, (i) the extension of credit and financial accommodations under the DIP Facility, as provided by the DIP Credit Agreement, are fair, reasonable, in good faith, negotiated at arm’s length, reflect the Debtors’ exercise of prudent business judgment consistent with their fiduciary

duties, and are supported by reasonably equivalent value and fair consideration; (ii) the DIP Facility and the DIP Loans thereunder are being provided by the DIP Lender in “good faith” within the meaning of section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code in express reliance on the protections offered thereby; (iii) the liens, claims, and other covenants and payments as set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement or this Interim Order, as well as the protections afforded parties acting in “good faith” under section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code are integral, critical, and essential components of the DIP Facility provided by the DIP Lender to the Debtors; and (iv) the DIP Facility, the DIP Liens, and the DIP Superpriority Claims shall be entitled to the full protection of section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code in the event that this Interim Order or any provision hereof is vacated, reversed, or modified, on appeal or otherwise.

h. **Good Cause.** Good cause has been shown for the entry of this Interim Order, and the entry of this Interim Order is in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates, their creditors, and other parties in interest. The interim relief requested in the Motion is in the best interest of the Debtors and their estates.

i. **Need for Postpetition Financing.** The Debtors do not have sufficient and reliable sources of working capital to continue to operate their business in the ordinary course without the financing requested in the Motion. The financing provided pursuant to this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement will permit the Debtors to, among other things, (i) pay the fees, costs, and expenses incurred in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases; (ii) fund any obligations benefiting from the Carve Out; (iii) continue the orderly continuation of the operation of their business; (iv) maintain business relationships with customers, vendors, and suppliers; (v) make payroll for their employees; and (vi) satisfy other working capital and operational needs.

j. **Willingness to Provide Financing.** The DIP Lender has committed to provide financing to the Debtors subject to: (i) entry of this Interim Order; (ii) approval of the terms and conditions of the DIP Facility, the DIP Credit Agreement, and the other DIP Documents; (iii) satisfaction of the closing conditions set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement; and (iv) findings by this Court that the DIP Lender is extending credit to the Debtors pursuant to this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement in good faith, and that the DIP Lender's claims, superpriority claims, security interests and liens, and other protections granted pursuant to this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement will have the protections provided by section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

k. **DIP Budget.** The Debtors have prepared and delivered to the DIP Lender and its advisors an initial budget attached hereto as **Exhibit 2** (together with any additional line-item or other detail and supplements as may be provided pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement, the "Initial DIP Budget"). The Initial DIP Budget reflects, among other things, for the 9-week period commencing on or about the Petition Date, the Debtors' projected operating receipts, operating disbursements, non-operating disbursements, net operating cash flow, and liquidity for each one-week period covered thereby. The Initial DIP Budget may be modified, amended, extended, and updated from time to time in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement or the other DIP Documents, and such modified, amended, extended and/or updated budget, once approved (or deemed approved) by the Debtors and the DIP Lender, shall modify, replace, supplement, or supersede, as applicable, the Initial DIP Budget for the periods covered thereby (the Initial DIP Budget and each subsequent approved budget (including any additional line-item or other detail and supplements as may be provided pursuant to the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement) shall constitute, without duplication, an "Approved Budget"). The Initial DIP Budget

has been prepared by the Debtors, their management, and their advisors, and the Debtors believe that the Initial DIP Budget is reasonable under the circumstances. The DIP Lender is relying, in part, upon the Debtors' agreement to comply with the Approved Budget (subject only to Permitted Variances) and the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement in determining to enter into the DIP Facility provided for in this Interim Order.

l. **Use of Proceeds of DIP Facility.** As a condition to the Debtors' entry into the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents and the extension of credit under the DIP Facility, the Debtors have agreed that the proceeds of the DIP Facility shall be used solely in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, and the Approved Budget (subject to Permitted Variances).

m. **Section 506(c) and Marshaling.** As material inducement to the DIP Lender's agreement that its liens and superpriority claims shall be subject to payment of the Carve Out and the existing liens of the Prepetition Secured Parties (the "Permitted Liens"), upon entry of the Final Order that so provides, the DIP Lender is entitled to (i) a waiver of the equitable doctrine of "marshaling" or any similar doctrine with respect to the DIP Collateral and the DIP Obligations in favor of the DIP Lender; and (ii) a waiver of the provisions of section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to the DIP Collateral.

n. **Requisite Authority.** Subject to entry of this Interim Order, each Debtor has all requisite corporate or entity power and authority to execute and deliver the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents to which it is a party and to perform its obligations thereunder.

o. **Immediate Entry.** Sufficient cause exists for immediate entry of this Interim Order pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c)(2) and Local Rule 4001-2. Absent granting the relief set forth in this Interim Order, the Debtors' estates will be immediately and irreparably harmed.

Consummation of the DIP Facility in accordance with this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, are therefore in the best interests of the Debtors' estates and consistent with the Debtors' exercise of their fiduciary duties.

p. **Consent by Bridge Lender.** The Bridge Lender consents to the entry into the DIP Facility and the DIP Loan Documents solely in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions provided for in this Interim Order.

NOW, THEREFORE, based upon the foregoing findings and conclusions, the Motion, and the record before this Court, and after due consideration, and this Court having found good and sufficient cause therefor,

**IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:**

1. **Motion Granted.** The relief sought in the Motion is GRANTED on an interim basis as set forth herein. Entry into the DIP Credit Agreement and, as applicable, the other DIP Documents is authorized and approved, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Interim Order and in the DIP Credit Agreement, including the Approved Budget (subject to Permitted Variances). All objections to the Motion to the extent not withdrawn, waived, settled, or resolved are hereby denied and overruled on the merits.

2. **Authorization of the DIP Facility.** The Debtors are expressly and immediately authorized and empowered to execute and deliver the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents (as applicable), and to incur and perform the DIP Obligations in accordance with, and subject to, the terms of this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, and to execute, deliver, and perform (and to cause the DIP Lender to execute, deliver, and perform) under all instruments, certificates, agreements, and documents which may be required or necessary for their performance under the DIP Credit Agreement, and the creation and perfection of the DIP Liens described in and

provided for by this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement. Each of the Debtors is hereby authorized to pay any principal, interest, fees, expenses, and other amounts subject to and in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order, as such amounts become due and owing, without further Court approval (except as otherwise provided herein or in the DIP Credit Agreement), including, without limitation, any reasonable and documented fees and expenses of counsel to the DIP Lender, as set forth herein and in the DIP Credit Agreement, subject to paragraph 26 of this Interim Order, and to take any other actions that may be necessary or appropriate, all to the extent provided in this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement. Upon execution and delivery, the DIP Credit Agreement and, as applicable, the other DIP Documents shall represent legal, valid, and binding obligations of the Debtors, enforceable against the Debtors and their estates in accordance with their terms. All provisions of the DIP Credit Agreement are incorporated herein and approved in their entirety. Each officer of the Debtors acting individually is hereby authorized to execute and deliver each of the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents.

3. **DIP Obligations.** The DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order shall constitute and evidence the validity and binding effect of the DIP Obligations. All DIP Obligations shall be enforceable against the Debtors, their respective estates, and any successors thereto, including without limitation, any trustee appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases, or in any case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code upon the conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases, or in any other proceeding superseding or related to any of the foregoing (the “Successor Case”). Upon entry of this Interim Order, the DIP Obligations shall include, but not be limited to, (a) the payment by the Debtors of (i) the unpaid principal amount of and interest on the DIP Loans, as and when due, whether at maturity, by acceleration, or otherwise, and (ii) all other monetary obligations of the



Debtors to the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order, and (b) the payment and performance of all covenants, duties, agreements, obligations, and liabilities of the Debtors to the DIP Lender under the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order. The Debtors and their successors shall be jointly and severally liable for repayment of any funds advanced pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement and the DIP Obligations. The DIP Obligations shall become due and payable, without notice or demand, on the Maturity Date or as otherwise set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement. No obligation, payment, transfer, or grant of collateral as security hereunder or under the DIP Credit Agreement (including any DIP Obligation or DIP Liens) to the DIP Lender shall be stayed, restrained, voidable, avoidable, or recoverable, under the Bankruptcy Code or under any applicable law, or be subject to any disgorgement, avoidance, reduction, setoff, recoupment, offset, recharacterization, subordination, claim, counterclaim, charge, assessment, cross-claim, defense, or any other liability or challenge under the Bankruptcy Code or any applicable law or regulation by any person or entity for any reason.

4. **Authorization to Borrow.** The Debtors are hereby authorized to execute, deliver, enter into, and, as applicable, comply with and perform all of their obligations, and to pay all fees, costs, expenses, indemnities, and other amounts contemplated, under the DIP Credit Agreement (and any other DIP Documents) and to take such other and further acts as may be necessary, appropriate, or desirable in connection therewith. Upon entry of this Interim Order, the Debtors are authorized to borrow up to aggregate amount of the Interim Amount, in each case, in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement, and the DIP Obligations are hereby approved (as and when such amounts become earned, due, and payable in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement) without the need to seek further Court approval. The borrowing of DIP Loans under

this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement shall permanently decrease the DIP Commitment and, once repaid, the DIP Loans incurred may not be re-borrowed.

5. **DIP Collateral.** The term “DIP Collateral” means, collectively, each Debtor’s right, title, and interest in, to, and under all such Debtor’s assets, including, but not limited to the following, in each case, whether now owned or existing or hereafter acquired, created, or arising and wherever located: all assets and property of such Debtor and its estate, real or personal, tangible or intangible, now owned or hereafter acquired, whether arising before or after the Petition Date, including, without limitation, all contracts, contract rights, licenses, general intangibles, instruments, equipment, accounts, documents, goods, inventory, fixtures, documents, cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivables, chattel paper, letters of credit and letter of credit rights, investment property (including, without limitation, all equity interests owned by such Debtor in its current and future subsidiaries), commercial tort claims, arbitration awards, money, insurance, receivables, receivables records, deposit accounts, collateral support, supporting obligations and instruments, fixtures, all interests in leaseholds and real properties, all patents, copyrights, trademarks, all trade names and other intellectual property (whether such intellectual property is registered in the United States or in any foreign jurisdiction), together with all books and records relating to the foregoing, all proceeds, products, accessions, rents and profits of or in respect of any of the foregoing (as such terms are defined in the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in the State of Delaware) and (i) effective upon entry of the Interim Order, all causes of actions under section 549 of the Bankruptcy Code to recover any postpetition transfer of DIP Collateral and any proceeds thereof and (ii) effective upon entry of the Final Order that so provides, all Avoidance Actions<sup>3</sup> and the proceeds thereof.

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<sup>3</sup> For the purposes of this Interim Order, “Avoidance Actions” means any and all avoidance, recovery, subordination or other claims, actions or remedies that may be brought by or on behalf of the Debtors or their estates or other

6. **Disposition of Collateral.** Notwithstanding anything otherwise provided herein, it shall be deemed an Event of Default under the DIP Credit Agreement and, as applicable, the other DIP Documents if the Debtors sell, transfer, lease, encumber, or otherwise dispose of any portion of the DIP Collateral, other than in the ordinary course of business or in connection with the payments contemplated under this Interim Order or the Approved Budget (subject to the Permitted Variances), without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender, which consent shall not unreasonably be withheld or delayed. Notwithstanding anything otherwise provided herein, 100% of any net cash proceeds of any sale of DIP Collateral outside of the ordinary course of business shall, subject to the satisfaction of the Carve Out and the lien priorities set forth herein and in the DIP Credit Agreement, be used to immediately satisfy the DIP Obligations.

7. **DIP Liens.** To secure the DIP Obligations, immediately upon and effective as of entry of this Interim Order, the DIP Lender is hereby granted, on an interim basis, continuing, valid, binding, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and properly perfected security interests in and liens on the DIP Collateral (the “DIP Liens”) as follows, in each case subject to the Carve Out and Prior Permitted Senior Liens:

- a. **Liens Priming the Bridge Loan Liens.** Pursuant to section 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, valid, binding, continuing, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and fully perfected first-priority senior priming liens and security interests in all assets and interests in property of the Debtors that are subject to the Bridge Loan Liens (including the Bridge Loan Collateral), regardless of where

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authorized parties in interest under the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable law, including actions or remedies under sections 544, 545, 547, 548, and 550 of the Bankruptcy Code or under similar or related state or federal statutes and common law, including fraudulent transfer laws.

located, which senior priming liens and security interests in favor of the DIP Lender shall be senior to the Bridge Loan Liens;

- b. **Liens on Unencumbered/Unperfected Property.** Pursuant to section 364(c)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, valid, binding, continuing, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and fully perfected first-priority liens on and security interests in all DIP Collateral that is (i) subject to an invalid, unperfected, unenforceable, or avoidable security interest or lien or (ii) not otherwise subject to any valid, perfected, enforceable, and non-avoidable liens or security interests, subject only to Statutory Liens; and
- c. **Liens Junior to Certain Other Liens.** Pursuant to section 364(c)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, valid, enforceable, non-avoidable, and automatically and fully perfected junior liens on and security interests in all DIP Collateral, junior only to the Prior Permitted Senior Liens.

Other than as set forth herein or in the DIP Credit Agreement, the DIP Liens shall not be made subject to or *pari passu* with any lien or security interest heretofore or hereinafter granted in the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, and shall be valid and enforceable against any trustee appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, upon the conversion of any of the Chapter 11 Cases to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (or in any other Successor Case), and/or upon the dismissal of any of the Chapter 11 Cases or Successor Case. The DIP Liens shall not be subject to sections 510, 549, or 550 of the Bankruptcy Code.

8. **DIP Superpriority Claims.** Subject to the Carve Out, immediately upon entry of this Interim Order, the DIP Lender is hereby granted, pursuant to section 364(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, allowed superpriority administrative expense claims in the Chapter 11 Cases

and any Successor Case (collectively, the “DIP Superpriority Claims”) for all DIP Obligations with priority over any and all administrative expense claims and unsecured claims against the Debtors’ or their estates in the Chapter 11 Cases and any Successor Case, as provided under section 364(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, and which shall be senior to the rights of the Debtors, their estates, and their successors or other representatives to the extent permitted by law. The DIP Superpriority Claims shall have recourse to and be payable from all prepetition and postpetition property and assets of the Debtors and the estates and all DIP Collateral and all proceeds thereof.

9. **No Obligation to Extend Credit.** The DIP Lender shall have no obligation to make any loan or advance under the DIP Credit Agreement unless (a) all of the conditions precedent and other terms under the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order have been satisfied in full or waived by the DIP Lender (in its sole discretion), and (b) no Event of Default under the DIP Credit Agreement or the other DIP Documents (including this Interim Order) has occurred and is continuing.

10. **Use of DIP Facility Proceeds.** The Debtors shall be permitted to use DIP Loans under the DIP Facility only for the purposes specifically set forth in this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement.

11. **No Monitoring Obligation.** The DIP Lender shall not have any obligation or responsibility to monitor any Debtor’s use of the DIP Facility, and the DIP Lender may rely upon each Debtor’s representation that the use of the DIP Facility at any time is in accordance with the requirements of this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, including the Approved Budget (subject to the Permitted Variances).

12. **Relative Priority of DIP Liens and Adequate Protection Liens.** Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the DIP Liens, Adequate Protection Liens, and Prior Permitted Liens shall have the relative priority on the DIP Collateral set forth in **Exhibit A** hereto.

13. **Adequate Protection for Prepetition Secured Parties.** As adequate protection:

a. solely to the extent of any Diminution of the Prepetition Secured Parties' valid, perfected, enforceable, and non-avoidable liens or security interests in the Prepetition Bond Collateral resulting from the imposition of the automatic stay and the use, sale or lease by the Debtors of the Debtors' assets that constitute Prepetition Bond Collateral during the pendency of these Chapter 11 Cases, the Prepetition Secured Parties shall receive:

(i) continuing valid, binding, enforceable and perfected postpetition replacement liens pursuant to sections 361, 363(e), and 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code on the DIP Collateral, which shall be subject and subordinated only to the Carve Out, the DIP Liens, and the Statutory Liens (the "Adequate Protection Liens") and which (a) shall otherwise be senior to all other security interests in, liens on, or claims against the DIP Collateral, and (b) shall not otherwise be made subject to or *pari passu* with any lien or security interest heretofore or hereinafter granted in the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case and shall be valid and enforceable against any trustee appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, and shall not be subject to sections 510, 549 or 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, without waiver of any of the Debtors' or any other party's right to assert any

and all challenges, causes of action, and claims against the Prepetition Secured Parties; and

(ii) Subject and junior to the Carve Out, the DIP Liens, the Prior Permitted Senior Liens, the DIP Superpriority Claims, and the indefeasible repayment in full in cash of all DIP Obligations, immediately upon entry of this Interim Order, the Prepetition Secured Parties are hereby granted pursuant to sections 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, allowed superpriority administrative expense claims (the “Adequate Protection Superpriority Claims”) in the Chapter 11 Cases and any Successor Case..

- b. the Debtors shall provide to counsel in this case for the Indenture Trustee the Variance Reports, the Updated Budgets, and any other reports required to be delivered to the DIP Lender hereunder at the same time such items are provided to the DIP Lender, and such counsel can share such reports with the Prepetition Secured Parties.

14. **Modification of DIP Credit Agreement.** The Debtors and the DIP Lender are hereby authorized to implement, in accordance with the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement any non-material modifications of the DIP Credit Agreement without further notice, motion, or application to, order of or hearing before, this Court. Any material modification or amendment to the DIP Credit Agreement shall only be permitted pursuant to an order of this Court, after being submitted to this Court upon five (5) days’ notice to the U.S. Trustee and any Committee appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases; provided that any forbearance from, or waiver of, (a) a breach by the Debtors of a covenant representation or any other agreement or (b) a default or an Event of Default, in each case under the DIP Credit Agreement shall not require an order of this Court. In the event

of any inconsistency between this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, this Interim Order shall control.

15. **DIP Facility Reporting.** Except as otherwise provided herein or approved by the DIP Lender, the proceeds from the DIP Facility shall be used only in compliance with the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement and in accordance with the Approved Budget. The Debtors shall comply with the reporting requirements and obligations set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement.

16. **Perfection of DIP Liens and Adequate Protection Liens.** This Interim Order shall be sufficient and conclusive evidence of the creation, validity, perfection, and priority of all liens granted herein, including the DIP Liens and the Adequate Protection Liens, without the necessity of filing or recording any financing statement, mortgage, deed of trust, notice, or other instrument or document which may otherwise be required under the law or regulation of any jurisdiction or the taking of any other action (including entering into any deposit account control agreement) to validate or perfect (in accordance with applicable non-bankruptcy law) the DIP Liens and the Adequate Protection Liens or to entitle the DIP Lender and the Prepetition Secured Parties to the priorities granted herein. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the DIP Lender and the Prepetition Secured Parties are authorized, but not required, to file, as each deems necessary or advisable, such financing statements, security agreements, mortgages, notices of liens, and other similar documents to perfect or otherwise evidence the DIP Liens and the Adequate Protection Liens in accordance with applicable non-bankruptcy law, and all such financing statements, mortgages, notices and other documents shall be deemed to have been filed or recorded as of the Petition Date; provided, however, that no such filing or recordation shall be necessary or required in order to create or perfect the DIP Liens or the Adequate Protection Liens. The DIP Lender and the Prepetition Secured Parties may, in their respective sole discretion, file an electronic copy or



photocopy of this Interim Order as a financing statement with any filing or recording office or with any registry of deeds or similar office in addition to or in lieu of such financing statements, notices of lien or similar instruments. To the extent that a Prepetition Secured Party is, with respect to the DIP Collateral, a secured party under any Prepetition Credit Documents or is listed as loss payee, lenders' loss payee, or additional insured under any Debtor's insurance policies, the DIP Lender shall also be deemed to be the secured party or mortgagee, as applicable, under such documents or to be the loss payee or additional insured, as applicable.

17. **Modification of Automatic Stay.** The automatic stay of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code is hereby modified to the extent necessary to permit the Debtors, the DIP Lender, and, as applicable, the Prepetition Secured Parties to accomplish the transactions contemplated by this Interim Order.

18. **Proceeds of Subsequent Financing.** If any of the Debtors, any trustee, any examiner, or any responsible officer subsequently appointed in any of the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, shall obtain credit or incur debt pursuant to sections 364(b), 364(c), or 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code in violation of the DIP Credit Agreement or otherwise at any time prior to the indefeasible repayment in full in cash of all DIP Obligations (other than unasserted contingent obligations that expressly survive termination of the DIP Credit Agreement) and the termination of the DIP Lender's obligation to extend credit under the DIP Facility, then, after satisfaction of the Carve Out, and unless otherwise agreed by the DIP Lender, all cash proceeds derived from such credit or debt shall immediately be turned over to the DIP Lender to be distributed in accordance with this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement.

19. **Payments Held in Trust.** Except as expressly permitted in this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, or otherwise ordered by this Court, including in respect of the Carve Out

and the Prior Permitted Senior Liens, in the event that any person or entity receives any payment on account of a security interest in the DIP Collateral or receives any DIP Collateral or any proceeds of DIP Collateral prior to indefeasible payment in full in cash of all DIP Obligations under the DIP Credit Agreement, and termination of the DIP Facility in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement, such person or entity shall be deemed to have received, and shall hold, any such payment or proceeds of DIP Collateral in trust and shall immediately turn over such proceeds to the DIP Lender, for application in accordance with this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, or the applicable DIP Documents.

20. **Maintenance of DIP Collateral.** Until the payment in full of the DIP Obligations, the Debtors shall: (a) insure the DIP Collateral as required under the DIP Credit Agreement; and (b) maintain the cash management system consistent with the terms and conditions of any order(s) governing the Debtors' cash management systems and the DIP Credit Agreement.

21. **Right to Credit Bid.** Subject to section 363(k) of the Bankruptcy Code, the DIP Lender may credit bid all or any portion of its claims, including, without limitation, the DIP Obligations and the DIP Superpriority Claims, in connection with any proposed sale of any, all, or substantially all of the Debtors' assets, whether occurring pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code or included as part of a reorganization plan under section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, including a plan subject to confirmation under section 1129(b)(2)(A)(ii) of the Bankruptcy Code, or a sale or disposition by a chapter 7 trustee for any of the Debtors under section 725 of the Bankruptcy Code. In connection with any such credit bid by the DIP Lender, the Debtors shall, upon reasonable advance notice by the DIP Lender, provide for the assignment of such DIP

Lender's right to purchase the acquired assets to one or more of the applicable DIP Lender's sub-agents or a newly formed acquisition vehicle. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this paragraph is intended to alter the priority of the DIP Liens, as provided for in this Interim Order.

22. **DIP Termination Event; Exercise of Remedies.**

a. **DIP Termination Event.** For purposes of this Interim Order, the term "DIP Termination Event" shall mean: (i) the occurrence of the Maturity Date, (ii) the occurrence of any material breach or Event of Default under the DIP Credit Agreement or this Interim Order, or (iii) the acceleration of the DIP Obligations or termination of the DIP Commitment in accordance with the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement or the other DIP Documents.

b. **Exercise of Remedies.** Upon the occurrence of a DIP Termination Event, without further notice to, hearing of, application to, or order from this Court, the automatic stay provisions of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code shall be vacated and modified to the extent necessary to permit the DIP Lender to take any of the following actions, at the same or different time: (i) deliver a written notice (which may be via email) to counsel for the Debtors, the U.S. Trustee, counsel for the Prepetition Secured Parties, and counsel for a Creditors' Committee, if any, (the "Remedies Notice") declaring the occurrence of a DIP Termination Event (such date, the "DIP Termination Declaration Date") and deliver a Carve Out Trigger Notice; (ii) declare the termination, reduction, or restriction of any commitments under the DIP Facility (including the DIP Commitment) to the extent any such commitment remains; (iii) declare all DIP Obligations to be immediately due and payable, without presentment, demand, or protest or other notice of any kind, all of

which are expressly waived by the Debtors; (iv) declare the termination, restriction, or reduction of the DIP Facility and the DIP Credit Agreement as to any further liability or obligation thereunder, but without affecting the DIP Liens, the DIP Superpriority Claims, or the DIP Obligations; (v) charge default interest at the default rate set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement; and (vi) declare the termination, restriction, or revocation of the ability of the Debtors to use proceeds of the DIP Facility.

- c. **Waiting Period Procedures.** The Debtors may seek an emergency hearing solely during the period beginning on the DIP Termination Declaration Date and prior to the expiration of the five (5) days following the DIP Termination Declaration Date (such period, the “Waiting Period”). If, notwithstanding the foregoing, a hearing cannot be scheduled prior to the expiration of the Waiting Period, the Waiting Period shall be deemed automatically extended until such time as the matter can be heard by the Court. During the Waiting Period, the Debtors shall continue to have the right to use DIP Collateral in accordance with the terms of this DIP Order and the Approved Budget, solely to pay any expenses which are necessary to (i) preserve the Debtors’ going concern value or (ii) contest, in good faith, the occurrence of the Event of Default (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, the occurrence of the Maturity Date under the DIP Credit Agreement); provided, however, that the professional fees and expenses of the Professional Persons (as defined below) shall be governed by paragraph 24 and subject to the Approved Budget.

- d. **Rights and Remedies Following Termination Date.** Following a DIP Termination Declaration Date and unless the Court has entered an order prior to the expiration of the Waiting Period finding that an Event of Default has not occurred or is not continuing, the DIP Lender shall be entitled to exercise all rights and remedies in accordance with this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, the other DIP Documents (if any), applicable law, and the automatic stay of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code shall automatically, without further order of this Court, be lifted, to allow the DIP Lender to pursue all rights and remedies in accordance with the DIP Credit Agreement, the other DIP Documents (if any), this Interim Order, and applicable law.

23. **No Waiver by Failure to Seek Relief.** The rights and remedies of the DIP Lender specified herein are cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies that the DIP Lender may have under this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, applicable law, or otherwise. The failure or delay on the part of the DIP Lender to seek relief or otherwise exercise its rights and remedies under this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, or applicable law shall not constitute a waiver of any of its respective rights. Except as expressly set forth herein, none of the rights or remedies of the DIP Lender under this Interim Order or the DIP Credit Agreement shall be deemed to have been amended, modified, suspended, or waived unless such amendment, modification, suspension, or waiver is express, in writing and signed by the DIP Lender. No consents required hereunder by the DIP Lender shall be implied by any inaction or acquiescence by the DIP Lender.

24. **Carve Out.**

- a. **Priority of Carve Out.** The DIP Liens and the DIP Superpriority Claims, the Adequate Protection Liens (solely upon entry of a Final Order that so provides),

and Adequate Protection Superpriority Claims (solely upon entry of a Final Order that so provides) shall be subject and subordinate to payment of the Carve Out. The Carve Out shall be senior to all claims and liens over all assets of the Debtors, including any DIP Collateral, as set forth in the DIP Orders.

- b. **Carve Out.** The term “Carve Out” shall mean the sum of (i) all fees required to be paid to the Clerk of the Court and to the U.S. Trustee under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(a), together with any interest thereon pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3717 (“Statutory Fees”), which shall not be subject to the Approved Budget; (ii) Court-allowed fees and expenses of a trustee appointed under section 726(b) of the Bankruptcy Code in an amount not to exceed \$50,000; (iii) to the extent allowed at any time, whether by interim order, procedural order, or otherwise, all unpaid fees and expenses (the “Allowed Professional Fees”) incurred by persons or firms retained by the Debtors pursuant to sections 327, 328, or 363 of the Bankruptcy Code (the “Debtor Professionals”) or persons or firms retained by the Creditors’ Committee pursuant to sections 328 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code (if any) (together with the Debtor Professionals, the “Professional Persons”), at any time before or on the first calendar day following delivery by the DIP Lender of a Carve Out Trigger Notice (as defined below), whether allowed by the Court prior to or after delivery of a Carve Out Trigger Notice (the “Pre-Trigger Date Fees”), subject to the Approved Budget and any limits by the DIP Orders, provided that Professional Persons may carry forward budgeted but unused disbursements set forth in the Approved Budget for any week for use in any subsequent week; and (iv) Allowed Professional Fees of Professional Persons in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$75,000 incurred

after the first calendar day following delivery by the DIP Lender of the Carve Out Trigger Notice (the “Trigger Date”), to the extent allowed at any time, whether by interim order, procedural order, or otherwise (the amounts set forth in this clause (iv) being the “Post-Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap” or the “Carve Out Cap”); provided, however, that for the purposes of the foregoing, any plan success fee, financing fee, transaction fee, or other similar contingency fee shall not be included in the Post Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap and shall be paid, to the extent allowed, pursuant to any confirmed plan in these Chapter 11 Cases; provided, further, that nothing herein shall be construed to impair the ability of the DIP Lender to object to the fees, expenses, reimbursement or compensation described in clauses (iii) or (iv) above, on any grounds. In the event that Allowed Professional Fees exceed or are expected to exceed the amounts provided in the Approved Budget, the parties will negotiate in good faith (but without further obligation) regarding a proposed amendment to the Approved Budget to address such additional Allowed Professional Fees. For purposes of the foregoing, “Carve Out Trigger Notice” shall mean a written notice delivered by email (or other electronic means) by the DIP Lender or its counsel to the Debtors, their lead restructuring counsel, the U.S. Trustee, counsel to the Prepetition Secured Parties, and counsel to the Creditors’ Committee, if any, which notice may be delivered following the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default and acceleration of the DIP Loans under and as such terms are defined in the DIP Credit Agreement, stating that the Post-Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap has been invoked.

- c. **Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve.** The Debtors shall deposit the Pre-Trigger Date Fees in a segregated account in trust to pay such then unpaid Allowed Professional Fees (the “Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve”) prior to any and all other claims. The Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve shall be funded on a weekly basis, and shall contain an amount equal to the amount of fees reflected in the Approved Budget for Professional Persons from the Closing Date through the weekly date of funding.
- d. **Carve Out Draw.** Subject to exhaustion of the DIP Commitments, the Debtor shall be permitted to draw on the DIP Facility in the amount of the Carve Out less the Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve, notwithstanding any default, Event of Default, or the occurrence of a Trigger Date. Any Carve Out Trigger Notice shall be deemed a consent by the DIP Lender to the Debtor depositing DIP Facility proceeds into the Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve in an amount equal to the sum of the Post-Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap and any budgeted Pre-Trigger Date Fees reflected in the Approved Budget through the date of the Carve Out Trigger Notice that have not been deposited in the Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve.
- e. **Payment of Allowed Professional Fees Prior to the Trigger Date.** Any payment or reimbursement made prior to the occurrence of the Trigger Date in respect of any Allowed Professional Fees shall not reduce the Carve Out.
- f. **No Direct Obligation to Pay Professional Fees; No Waiver of Right to Object to Fees.** The DIP Lender shall not be responsible for the direct payment or reimbursement of any fees or disbursements of any of the Professional Persons incurred in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Cases under any



chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Nothing in the DIP Orders or otherwise shall be construed to obligate the DIP Lender in any way to pay compensation to, or to reimburse expenses of, any of the Professional Persons, or to guarantee that the Debtors or their estates has sufficient funds to pay such compensation or reimbursement. Nothing herein shall be construed as consent to the allowance of any fees and/or expenses of Professional Persons of any of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, if any, any other official or unofficial committee in these Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Cases, or of any other person or entity, or shall affect the right of the DIP Lender to object to the allowance and payment of any such fees and expenses.

25. **Approval of DIP Fees.** In consideration for the DIP Facility, the DIP Lender shall be paid all fees, expenses, and other amounts payable under the DIP Credit Agreement as such become due, including, without limitation, the reasonable and documented fees and expenses of the DIP Lender in connection with the DIP Facility (all such fees, together, the "DIP Fees"). Upon entry of this Interim Order, the DIP Fees are approved, on a final basis, and are deemed to be allowed, fully earned, non-refundable, and payable in accordance with the terms of the DIP Credit Agreement without the need for any further order of this Court. The DIP Fees shall be part of the DIP Obligations.

26. **DIP Lender's Professionals' Fees.** Professionals for the DIP Lender (Kilpatrick Townsend & Stockton LLP, Chipman Brown Cicero & Cole LLP, and Resurgence Financial Services, LLC, collectively, the "DIP Lender's Professionals"), shall provide summary copies of any invoices (which shall not be required to contain time entries and which may be redacted or modified to the extent necessary to delete any information subject to the attorney-client privilege,

any information constituting attorney work product or any other confidential information, and the provision of such invoices shall not constitute any waiver of the attorney-client privilege, the attorney work product doctrine or any other evidentiary privilege or protection recognized under applicable law) with: (i) a summary of the work performed during the relevant compensation period; (ii) the name of, hourly rate (if applicable) of, and number of hours worked by each professional and paraprofessional who worked on the matter during the relevant compensation period; and (iii) the total fee amount being requested by electronic mail to the U.S. Trustee and counsel to the Creditors' Committee (if appointed) contemporaneously with the delivery of such fee and expense statements to the Debtors. The Debtors shall promptly pay in full all such invoiced fees and expenses at the conclusion of the Review Period (as defined below) other than the Disputed Invoiced Fees (as defined below). Any objections raised by the Debtors, the U.S. Trustee or the Creditors' Committee, if any, with respect to such invoices (the "Disputed Invoiced Fees") must be in writing and state with particularity the grounds therefor and must be submitted to the applicable professional within ten (10) days of the receipt of such invoice (the "Review Period") (to be followed by the filing with the Court, if necessary, of a motion or other pleading, with at least ten (10) days' prior written notice by the submitting party of any hearing on such motion or other pleading). Notwithstanding the foregoing, on or about the Closing Date, the Debtors shall pay fees and expenses of the DIP Lender's Professionals incurred prior to such date, without the need to first deliver a copy of its invoice as provided for herein. No DIP Lender's Professionals shall be required to file an application seeking compensation for services or reimbursement of expenses with this Court.

27. **Indemnification.** The DIP Lender (and its affiliates and respective officers, directors, employees, advisors, and agents, solely in such capacity) (each such person, an

“Indemnitee”) will have no liability for, and will be indemnified and held harmless by the Debtors and their estates against, any losses, claims, damages, liabilities, or expenses incurred in respect of the financing contemplated hereby or the use or the proposed use of proceeds thereof, except to the extent they are found by a final, non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to arise from the gross negligence, bad faith, or willful misconduct of the relevant indemnified person (or any of its affiliates or any of its or its respective officers, directors, employees, advisors, or agents). Such indemnity shall not be available (a) to the extent arising from a material breach of any obligation of such Indemnitee under the DIP Credit Agreement or (b) to the extent arising out of any loss, claim, damage, liability, or expense that does not involve an act or omission of the Debtors and that is brought by an Indemnitee against another Indemnitee.

28. **Proofs of Claim.** The DIP Lender shall not be required to file a proof of claim in the Chapter 11 Cases or Successor Case, and the entry of this Interim Order shall be deemed to constitute a timely filed proof of claim. Any order entered by this Court in relation to the establishment of a bar date for any claim (including without limitation, administrative claims) in the Chapter 11 Cases or Successor Case shall not apply to the DIP Lender. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the DIP Lender may, in its sole discretion, file (and amend or supplement) a proof of claim or aggregate proofs of claim in the Chapter 11 Cases for any claim allowed herein.

29. **Limitations on Use of DIP Proceeds, the Carve Out, and Other Funds.** Except as otherwise permitted in this Interim Order and the Approved Budget, the DIP Facility, the DIP Collateral, and the Carve Out may not be used, directly or indirectly, by any of the Debtors, the Creditors’ Committee, if any, or any trustee or other estate representative appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases (or any Successor Case) or any other person or entity (or to pay any professional fees, disbursements, costs or expenses incurred in connection therewith) in connection with (a)

preventing, hindering, or delaying any of the DIP Lender's enforcement or realization upon any of the DIP Collateral; (b) using or seeking to use proceeds of the DIP Facility without the permission of the DIP Lender or selling or otherwise disposing of DIP Collateral without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender or as permitted by the DIP Credit Agreement; (c) using or seeking to use any insurance proceeds constituting DIP Collateral without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender; (d) seeking to amend or modify any of the rights granted to the DIP Lender under this Interim Order or the DIP Credit Agreement, including seeking to use proceeds of the DIP Facility or DIP Collateral on a contested basis; (e) litigating, objecting to, challenging, or contesting in any manner in any way the DIP Liens, DIP Obligations, DIP Superpriority Claims, DIP Collateral, or any other claims held by or on behalf of the DIP Lender; (f) litigating, objecting to, challenging, or contesting in any manner, or raising any defenses to, the validity, extent, amount, perfection, priority, or enforceability of any of the DIP Obligations, the DIP Liens, or any other liens or interests of the DIP Lender; (g) seeking to subordinate, recharacterize, disallow, or avoid the DIP Obligations; or (h) any other prohibited or otherwise restricted use of proceeds as set forth in the DIP Credit Agreement; provided, however, that, upon an Event of Default or DIP Termination Event, nothing herein shall limit the Debtors' right to move for an order of the Court authorizing the use of proceeds of the DIP Facility absent the DIP Lender's consent.

30. **Releases.** Upon entry of this Interim Order, the Debtors, on their own behalf and on behalf of their estates, forever and irrevocably: (a) release, discharge, and acquit the DIP Lender and each of its respective former or current officers, employees, directors, agents, representatives, owners, members, partners, financial advisors, legal advisors, shareholders, managers, consultants, accountants, attorneys, affiliates, and predecessors in interest, in each case solely in their capacity as such, from any and all claims, demands, liabilities, responsibilities, disputes, remedies, causes

of action, indebtedness, and obligations of every type, including, without limitation, any so-called “lender liability” or equitable subordination claims or defenses, solely with respect to or relating to the negotiation of and entry into the DIP Credit Agreement and the other DIP Documents; and (b) waive, discharge, and release any and all defenses (including, without limitation, offsets and counterclaims of any nature or kind) as to the validity, perfection, priority, enforceability, and avoidability of the DIP Liens and the DIP Obligations.

31. **Waivers.**

- a. **Limitation on Charging on Expenses.** Subject to entry of the Final Order that so provides, no costs or expenses of administering the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case shall be charged against or recovered from or against the DIP Lender with respect to the DIP Collateral pursuant to section 105 or section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, without the prior written consent of the DIP Lender.
- b. **No Marshaling.** Subject to entry of the Final Order that so provides, in no event shall the DIP Lender be subject to the equitable doctrine of “marshaling” or any similar doctrine with respect to the DIP Collateral or the DIP Obligations and all proceeds shall be received and applied in accordance with this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement.

32. **No Lender Liability.** In determining to make any loan (whether under the DIP Credit Agreement or otherwise), the DIP Lender shall not owe any fiduciary duty to the Debtors or their respective creditors, shareholders, or estate, and the DIP Lender shall not be deemed to be in control of the operations of the Debtors or to be acting as a “responsible person” or “owner or operator” with respect to the operation or management of the Debtors by virtue of making the DIP

Loans. Furthermore, nothing in this Interim Order shall impose or allow the imposition upon the DIP Lender of any liability for any claims arising from the prepetition or postpetition activities of any of the Debtors and their affiliates, if any (as defined in section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code).

33. **Limitation of Liability.** Nothing in this Interim Order, the DIP Credit Agreement, the Prepetition Credit Documents, or any other documents related to these transactions shall in any way be construed or interpreted to impose or allow the imposition upon the DIP Lender of (a) any liability for any claims arising from the prepetition or postpetition activities of the Debtors in the operation of their business, or in connection with their restructuring efforts or (b) any fiduciary duties to the Debtors, their respective creditors, shareholders, or estates. The DIP Lender shall not, in any way or manner, be liable or responsible for (i) the safekeeping of the DIP Collateral, (ii) any loss or damage thereto occurring or arising in any manner or fashion from any cause, (iii) any diminution in value thereof, or (iv) any act or default of any carrier, servicer, bailee, custodian, forwarding agency, or other person and all risk of loss, damage, or destruction of the DIP Collateral shall be borne by the Debtors.

34. **No Third-Party Beneficiaries.** Except as explicitly provided for herein, this Interim Order does not create any rights for the benefit of any Professional Person, third party, creditor, landlord, lessor, equity holder, or any direct, indirect, or incidental beneficiary.

35. **Insurance Proceeds and Policies.** The DIP Lender shall be, and shall be deemed to be, without any further action or notice, named as an additional insured and loss payee on each insurance policy maintained by the Debtors that in any way relates to the DIP Collateral.

36. **No Waivers or Modifications of Interim Order.** The Debtors have agreed not to and shall not seek any modification or extension of this Interim Order without the prior written

consent of the DIP Lender and no such consent shall be implied by any other action, inaction, or acquiescence of the DIP Lender.

37. **Binding Effect of this Interim Order.** Immediately upon entry of this Interim Order by this Court, the terms and provisions of this Interim Order shall become valid and binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, the DIP Lender, the Prepetition Secured Parties, all other creditors of any of the Debtors, the Creditors' Committee, if any, and all other parties in interest and their respective successors and assigns, including any trustee or other fiduciary hereafter appointed in the Chapter 11 Cases, any Successor Case, or upon dismissal of any of the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case; provided that the DIP Lender shall not have any obligation to permit the use of DIP Collateral by or extend any financing to any Chapter 7 trustee, Chapter 11 trustee, or similar responsible person appointed for the Debtors' estates.

38. **Discharge.** Except as otherwise agreed in writing by the DIP Lender, the DIP Obligations shall not be discharged by the entry of an order confirming any plan of reorganization or liquidation in any of the Chapter 11 Cases, notwithstanding the provisions of section 1141(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless the DIP Obligations have been indefeasibly paid in full in cash, on or before the effective date of such confirmed plan.

39. **Survival.** The provisions of this Interim Order and any actions taken pursuant hereto shall survive entry of any order which may be entered: (a) confirming any Chapter 11 plan in any of the Chapter 11 Cases; (b) converting any of the Chapter 11 Cases to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code; (c) dismissing any of the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case; or (d) pursuant to which this Court abstains from hearing the Chapter 11 Cases or Successor Case. The terms and provisions of this Interim Order, including the claims, liens, security interests, and other protections granted to the DIP Lender pursuant to this Interim Order and the DIP Credit

Agreement, and the adequate protection provided to the Prepetition Secured Parties pursuant to this Interim Order, shall continue in the Chapter 11 Cases, in any Successor Case, or following dismissal of any of the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, and shall maintain their priority as provided by this Interim Order until, in respect of the DIP Facility, all the DIP Obligations, pursuant to the DIP Credit Agreement and this Interim Order, have been paid in full (such payment being without prejudice to any terms or provisions contained in the DIP Facility which survive such discharge by their terms). The terms and provisions concerning the indemnification of the DIP Lender shall continue in the Chapter 11 Cases, in any Successor Case, following dismissal of any of the Chapter 11 Cases or any Successor Case, following termination of the DIP Facility or the indefeasible repayment of the DIP Obligations.

40. **Necessary Actions.** The Debtors are authorized and directed to take such actions as are reasonable or appropriate to implement the terms of this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement.

41. **Enforceability.** This Interim Order shall take effect and be enforceable immediately upon entry thereof. Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rules 4001(a)(4), or 6004(h) or any applicable Local Rule, this Interim Order shall be immediately effective and enforceable upon its entry and there shall be no stay of execution or effectiveness of this Interim Order.

42. **Interim Order Controls.** In the event of any conflict between or among the terms or provisions of this Interim Order and the DIP Credit Agreement, the terms and provisions of this Interim Order shall govern and control.

43. **Headings.** All paragraph headings used in this Interim Order are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation hereof.



44. **Retention of Jurisdiction.** This Court retains jurisdiction with respect to all matters arising from or related to the implementation, interpretation, and enforcement of the DIP Credit Agreement or this Interim Order.

45. **Final Hearing.** The final hearing (the “Final Hearing”) on the Motion shall be held on **April \_\_, 2025 at \_\_:\_\_ a/p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time)** before the Court.

46. **Objections.** Any party in interest objecting to the relief sought at the Final Hearing shall file and serve written objections, which objections shall be served upon (i) proposed counsel to the Debtors, Potter Anderson & Corroon LLP, 1313 North Market Street, 6th Floor, Wilmington, Delaware 19801 (Attn: Jeremy W. Ryan (jryan@potteranderson.com), R. Stephen McNeill (rmcneill@potteranderson.com), and Katelin A. Morales (kmorales@potteranderson.com)); (ii) Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware, J. Caleb Boggs Federal Building, 844 King Street, Suite 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, DE 19801 (Attn: Benjamin A. Hackman (benjamin.a.hackman@usdoj.gov)); (iii) counsel to the DIP Lender, Kilpatrick Townsend & Stockton LLP, 1100 Peachtree Street NE, Suite 2800, Atlanta, Georgia 30309 (Attn: Paul M. Rosenblatt (prosenblatt@ktslaw.com)); (iv) counsel to the Indenture Trustee, ArentFox Schiff LLP, 1301 Avenue of the Americas, 42nd Floor, New York, New York 10019 (Attn: Mark A. Angelov (mark.angelov@afslaw.com)); and (v) if any statutory committee has been appointed in these cases, counsel to such committee by March \_\_, 2025 at 4:00 p.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time). In the event no objections to entry of a final order on the Motion are timely received, this Court may enter such final order without need for the Final Hearing.

47. The requirements set forth in Bankruptcy Rule 6003(b) are satisfied. Notice of the Motion as provided therein shall be deemed good and sufficient notice of such Motion under the

circumstances, and the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and the Local Rules are satisfied by such notice.

48. Notwithstanding the applicability of Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), the terms and conditions of this Interim Order shall be immediately effective and enforceable upon its entry.

49. All time periods set forth in this Interim Order shall be calculated in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a).

**Exhibit A**

## Relative Priorities

<b>Bridge Loan Collateral</b>	<b>Prepetition Bond Collateral</b>	<b>Unencumbered Collateral</b>
Carve Out	Prior Permitted Senior Liens	Carve Out
DIP Liens	Carve Out	DIP Liens
Adequate Protection Liens	DIP Liens	Adequate Protection Liens
Bridge Loan Liens	Bridge Loan Liens	Bridge Loan Liens

**Exhibit 1**

DIP Credit Agreement

**SECURED, SUPER-PRIORITY DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION  
LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT**

**by and among**

**BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS RENEWAL LLC,  
BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS RENEWAL SERVICES LLC,  
BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS RENEWAL INDIANA LLC,  
THE OTHER BORROWERS PARTY HERETO**

**and**

**BRIGHTMARK PLASTIC ASHLEY HOLDCO LLC  
as Lender**

**Dated as of March 17, 2025**

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**SECURED, SUPER-PRIORITY DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION  
LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT**

**THIS SECURED, SUPER-PRIORITY DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT** (this “Agreement”), is entered into as of March 17, 2025 (the “Effective Date”), by and among Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“BPR”), Brightmark Plastics Renewal Services LLC, an Indiana limited liability company (“BPRS”), Brightmark Plastics Renewal Indiana LLC, an Indiana limited liability company (“BPRI”), the other borrowers signatory hereto (together with BPR, BPRS, and BPRI, collectively, jointly, and severally, the “Borrowers”), and Brightmark Plastics Ashley Holdco LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as lender (together with its successors and assigns, the “Lender”).

**WHEREAS**, on March 16, 2025 (the “Petition Date”), the Borrowers filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”), in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “Bankruptcy Court”), which are being jointly administered under the lead Case No. 25-10472 (LSS) filed by the Borrowers (each, a “Chapter 11 Case” and collectively, the “Chapter 11 Cases”);

**WHEREAS**, Borrowers remain in possession of their respective businesses and manage their respective properties as debtors and debtors-in-possession pursuant to Sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code;

**WHEREAS**, Borrowers have requested that Lender provide a non-amortizing, super-priority secured term loan facility to Borrowers in a total aggregate principal amount of up to **Thirteen Million Dollars (\$13,000,000)** (the “Facility”) pursuant to Sections 105, 363, 364(c), and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, consisting of (a) **Five Million Six Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$5,600,000)** of a term loan made available to, and fully drawn by, Borrowers, pursuant to the terms, conditions and covenants described in this Agreement (the “Interim Term Loan”) and (b) **Seven Million Four Hundred Thousand (\$7,400,000)** of delayed draw term loans subject to compliance with the terms, conditions, and covenants described in this Agreement and the DIP Orders (the “Delayed Draw Term Loan”, and collectively with the Interim Term Loan, the “Loans”);

**WHEREAS**, Lender has indicated its willingness to fund the Loans to Borrowers on the terms and conditions set forth herein and in the other Loan Documents and in accordance with Sections 105, 363, 364(c), and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, so long as all of the Obligations are (a) secured by priming first priority secured Liens on the Collateral granted by the Borrowers as provided herein and in the other Loan Documents, subject to the Permitted Liens and (b) given superpriority status as provided in the DIP Orders;

**WHEREAS**, each Borrower has agreed (a) to grant to Lender a fully perfected first priority lien on and security interest, subject only to the Carve Out and Permitted Liens, in all its assets in accordance with and as more fully set forth in the DIP Orders, and (b) that Lender shall have Superpriority Claims in the Chapter 11 Cases for the repayment of the Obligations pursuant to the DIP Orders;

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual covenants and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

## 1. DEFINITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION.

1.1 **Definitions.** As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

“Acceptable 363 Sale” means a Sale of all or substantially all of Borrowers’ assets pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, in accordance with a Sale Order, where either (a) the Sale, by itself or with one or more related transactions, (i) provides for the indefeasible payment in full in cash of the Obligations; (ii) the purchaser has demonstrated that it has (A) cash or cash equivalents in the amount of the purchase price set forth in any purchase agreement or other applicable transaction document(s), (B) a signed commitment, acceptable to Lender in its sole discretion, to lend from a recognized lender in the amount of such purchase price, or (C) a combination thereof, necessary to consummate any purchase agreement or other applicable transaction document(s); and (iii) the closing of the Sale shall occur on or prior to the Maturity Date; or (b) Lender provides its prior written consent to such Sale before same is approved by the Bankruptcy Court.

“Acceptable Plan” means a plan of reorganization or liquidation, in form and substance satisfactory to Lender, for the Chapter 11 Cases that is either (a) approved by Lender, or (b) provides for (i) the indefeasible payment, through sources acceptable to Lender, in full in cash of the Obligations, in exchange for full discharge thereof, on or prior to the effective date of such plan as a condition to the effectiveness thereof and (ii) releases, exculpations, waivers, and indemnification for Lender in form and substance acceptable to Lender, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law.

“Additional Documents” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.11.

“Advance” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(a).

“Affiliate” means, as to any Person, any other Person (a) that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, such Person, (b) who is a director or officer (i) of such Person, (ii) of any Subsidiary of such Person, or (iii) of any Person described in clause (a) above with respect to such Person, or (c) which, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, is the beneficial or record owner (as defined in Rule 13d-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as the same is in effect on the Effective Date) of ten percent (10%) or more of any class of the outstanding voting equity interests, securities or other ownership interests of such Person. For purposes of this definition, the term “control” (and the correlative terms, “controlled by” and “under common control with”) shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies, whether through ownership of securities or other interests, by contract or otherwise.

“Agreement” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Allowed Professional Fees” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Approved Budget” means (a) the initial budget, prepared by Borrowers, for a 9-week period commencing on the Petition Date that sets forth in reasonable detail all of Borrowers’ projected (i) Cash Receipts, (ii) Cash Operating Disbursements, and (iii) non-operating bankruptcy-related cash disbursements on a weekly basis, separated into line items for each category of receipt or disbursement, and is otherwise in form and substance acceptable to Lender in its sole discretion, and is attached hereto as Exhibit B and (b) an amended or otherwise modified budget adopted with the written consent of Lender in its reasonable discretion; provided that the total amount of Loans provided pursuant to such amended Approved Budget shall not exceed the total amount of the Commitments authorized by the DIP Orders.

“Authorized Person” means any of the individuals identified on Schedule A-1, which may be updated from time to time by written notice from Borrowers to Lender.

“Avoidance Actions” means any and all avoidance, recovery, subordination, derivative, or other claims, actions, or remedies that may be brought by or on behalf of one or more of the Borrowers or their estates or other authorized parties in interest under the Bankruptcy Code or other applicable law, including actions or remedies under Sections 544, 545, 547, 548, and 550 of the Bankruptcy Code or under similar, related, or comparable state or federal statutes or common law, including fraudulent transfer laws, or under other applicable law.

“Bond Liens” means the liens and security interests in all of BPRI’s right, title and interest in, to and under the following property, whether now owned by or existing, or hereafter acquired by or arising in favor of BPRI, and regardless of where located, held by UMB Bank, N.A. (“UMB”), pursuant to that certain Pledge and Security Agreement by and between BPRI and UMB and other ancillary, collateral, or related documents and agreements.

“Bankruptcy Code” has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

“Bankruptcy Court” has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

“Borrowing Notice” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.2.

“Borrower Representative” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.9.

“Borrowers” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Business Day” means any day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or other day on which banks are authorized or required to close in the State of Delaware.

“Capital Expenditures” means, with respect to any Person for any period, the aggregate of all expenditures by such Person during such period that are capital expenditures as determined in accordance with GAAP, whether such expenditures are paid in cash or financed.

“Capital Lease” means a lease that is required to be capitalized for financial reporting purposes in accordance with GAAP as in effect prior to the adoption and effectiveness of Accounting Standards Codification No. 842 or any successor or replacement accounting provisions.

“Carve Out” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Carve Out Advance” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.1(b).

“Carve Out Cap” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Carve Out Trigger Notice” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Cash Collateral” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Cash Management Order” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Cash Operating Disbursements” means cash operating disbursements of Borrowers.

“Cash Receipts” means the cash receipts of Borrowers.

“Change of Control” means the acquisition, through purchase or otherwise (including the agreement to act in concert without anything more), by any Person or group (as such term is used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), after the date of this Agreement, of (i) the beneficial ownership, directly or indirectly, of 50% or more of the voting equity interests of any Borrower or (ii) all or substantially all of the assets of the Borrowers, taken as a whole, except as permitted in this Agreement.

“Chapter 11 Case” and “Chapter 11 Cases” have the meanings set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

“Collateral” means, collectively, each Borrower’s right, title, and interest in, to and under all of such Borrower’s properties and assets of every kind or character, in each instance whether real, personal or mixed, whether tangible or intangible, whether now owned or existing or hereafter acquired, created or arising, whether arising before or after the Petition Date, and wherever located, including, without limitation, the following: (a) all contracts, contract rights, licenses, general intangibles, instruments, equipment, accounts, documents, goods, inventory, fixtures, documents, cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivables, chattel paper, letters of credit and letter of credit rights, investment property (including, without limitation, all equity interests owned by such Borrower in its current and future subsidiaries), commercial tort claims, arbitration awards, money, insurance, receivables, receivables records, deposit accounts, collateral support, supporting obligations and instruments, fixtures, all interests in leaseholds and real properties, all patents, copyrights, trademarks, all trade names and other intellectual property (whether such intellectual property is registered in the United States or in any foreign jurisdiction), all proceeds, and all products, accessions, rents and profits of or in respect of any of the foregoing (as such terms are defined in the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in the State of Delaware), (b) all causes of actions under section 549 of the Bankruptcy Code to recover any postpetition transfer of Collateral and any proceeds thereof and (c) all proceeds of Avoidance Actions.

“Commitments” means the commitments of Lender to fund the Loans hereunder. The aggregate amount of Lender’s Commitments, is the principal amount of up to Thirteen Million Dollars (\$13,00,000), subject to the terms of this Agreement and the DIP Orders.

“Committee” means the statutory committee of unsecured creditors appointed by the Bankruptcy Administrator in relation to the Chapter 11 Cases, if any.

“Compliance Certificate” means a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit A delivered by the Authorized Person of Borrowers to Lender.

“Daily Balance” means, as of any date of determination and with respect to any fixed monetary Obligations, the amount of such Obligations owed at the end of such day.

“Default” means an event, condition, or default that, with the giving of notice, the passage of time, or both, would be an Event of Default.

“Default Rate” has the meaning set forth in Section 2.5(b).

“Delayed Draw Term Loan” has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

“Delayed Draw Term Loan Commitment” means the commitment of Lender to fund Advances under the Delayed Draw Term Loan in an aggregate principal amount of **\$7,400,000** subject to the terms set forth herein and in the DIP Orders.

“Deposit Account Control Agreement” means, with respect to a Deposit Account, an agreement in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Lender that (a) is entered into among Lender, the financial institution or other person at which such Deposit Account is maintained, and such Borrower maintaining such Deposit Account, and (b) is effective for Lender to obtain “control” (within the meaning of Articles 8 and 9 of the UCC) of such Deposit Account.

“Designated Account” means the Deposit Account of Borrowers at the Designated Account Bank identified on Schedule D-1, which shall be an account existing within Borrowers’ cash-management system as of the Petition Date.

“Designated Account Bank” has the meaning set forth in Schedule D-1.

“DIP Orders” means the Interim Order and the Final Order, each as applicable.

“Dollars” or “\$” means United States dollars.

“Effective Date” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Environmental Action” means any written complaint, summons, citation, notice, directive, order, claim, litigation, investigation, judicial, or administrative proceeding, judgment, letter, or other written communication from any Governmental Authority, or any third party relating to or arising out of violations of Environmental Laws or releases of Hazardous Materials (a) from any Collateral, (b) from adjoining properties or businesses of any real properties that constitute

Collateral, or (c) from or onto any facilities, with respect to the Collateral, which received Hazardous Materials generated by Borrowers.

“Environmental Law” means any applicable federal, state, provincial, foreign, or local statute, law, rule, regulation, ordinance, code, binding and enforceable guideline, binding and enforceable written policy, or rule of common law now or hereafter in effect and in each case as amended, or any judicial or administrative interpretation thereof, including any judicial or administrative order, consent decree, or judgment, in each case, to the extent binding on Borrowers, relating to the environment, the effect of the environment on employee health, or Hazardous Materials, in each case as amended from time to time.

“Environmental Liabilities” means all liabilities, monetary obligations, losses, damages, costs, and expenses (including all reasonable fees, disbursements, and expenses of counsel, experts, or consultants, and costs of investigation and feasibility studies), fines, penalties, sanctions, and interest incurred as a result of any claim or demand, or Remedial Action required, by any Governmental Authority or any third party, and which relate to any Environmental Action.

“Environmental Lien” means any Lien in favor of any Governmental Authority for Environmental Liabilities.

“Event of Default” has the meaning set forth in Section 7.1.

“Facility” has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

“Fees” means all fees due to Lender under this Agreement, any Loan Document, or the DIP Orders.

“Final Order” means a final order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing and approving Borrowers’ entry into this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and with such modifications as are necessary to convert the Interim Order into a final order, in form and substance satisfactory to Lender, in its sole discretion, on a final basis and entered following a final hearing.

“Governmental Authority” means any federal, state, local, or other governmental or administrative body, instrumentality, board, department, or agency or any court, tribunal, administrative hearing body, arbitration panel, commission, or other similar dispute-resolving panel or body.

“Hazardous Materials” means (a) substances that are defined or listed in, or otherwise classified pursuant to, any applicable laws or regulations as “hazardous substances,” “hazardous materials,” “hazardous wastes,” “toxic substances,” or any other formulation intended to define, list, or classify substances by reason of deleterious properties such as ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, carcinogenicity, reproductive toxicity, or “EP toxicity,” (b) oil, petroleum, or petroleum derived substances, natural gas, natural gas liquids, synthetic gas, drilling fluids, produced waters, and other wastes associated with the exploration, development, or production of crude oil, natural gas, or geothermal resources, (c) any flammable substances or explosives or any radioactive materials, and (d) asbestos in any form or electrical equipment that contains any oil or dielectric fluid containing levels of polychlorinated biphenyls in excess of 50 parts per million.



“Indebtedness” means (a) all obligations for borrowed money, including, without limitation, the Obligations, (b) all obligations evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes, or other similar instruments and all reimbursement or other obligations in respect of letters of credit, bankers acceptances, or other financial products, (c) all obligations as a lessee under Capital Leases, (d) all obligations or liabilities of others secured by a Lien on any asset of such Person, irrespective of whether such obligation or liability is assumed, (e) all payment obligations to pay the deferred purchase price of assets (other than trade payables incurred in the Ordinary Course of Business and repayable in accordance with customary trade practices), (f) all indebtedness created or arising under any conditional sale or other title retention agreement, or incurred as financing, in either case with respect to property acquired by such Person, (g) the principal balance outstanding under any synthetic lease, off-balance sheet loan or similar off-balance sheet financing products, or (h) any obligation guaranteeing or intended to guarantee (whether directly or indirectly guaranteed, endorsed, co-made, discounted, or sold with recourse) any obligation of any other Person that constitutes Indebtedness under any of clauses (a) through (h) above. For purposes of this definition, (i) the amount of any Indebtedness represented by a guaranty or other similar instrument shall be the lesser of the principal amount of the obligations guaranteed and still outstanding and the maximum amount for which the guaranteeing Person may be liable pursuant to the terms of the instrument embodying such Indebtedness, and (ii) the amount of any Indebtedness described in clause (d) above shall be the lower of the amount of the obligation and the fair market value of the assets of such Person securing such obligation.

“Indemnified Liabilities” has the meaning set forth in Section 9.3.

“Indemnified Person” has the meaning set forth in Section 9.3.

“Information” has the meaning set forth in Section 16.

“Interim Order” means that interim order entered by the Bankruptcy Court in Chapter 11 Cases authorizing and approving Borrowers’ borrowing of the Interim Term Loan.

“Interim Term Loan” has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

“Interim Term Loan Commitment” means the commitment of the Lender to fund the Initial Advance in an aggregate principal amount of **\$5,600,000** subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.

“Lender” has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement and also includes the Roll-Up Lender.

“Lender Expenses” means all reasonable and documented (a) costs or expenses (including taxes and insurance premiums) required to be paid by Borrowers under any of the Loan Documents that are paid, advanced, or incurred by Lender, (b) out-of-pocket fees or charges paid or incurred by Lender in connection with its transactions with Borrowers under any of the Loan Documents, including, but not limited to, fees or charges for photocopying, notarization, couriers and messengers, telecommunication, public record searches (including tax lien, litigation, and UCC searches and including searches with the patent and trademark office, the copyright office, or the department of motor vehicles), filing, recording, publication, appraisal (including periodic

collateral appraisals or business valuations), real estate surveys, real estate title policies and endorsements, and environmental audits, (c) out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by Lender in the disbursement of funds to Borrowers (by wire transfer or otherwise), (d) out-of-pocket charges paid or incurred by Lender resulting from the dishonor of checks payable by or to Borrowers, (e) out-of-pocket costs, fees (including reasonable and documented external attorneys' fees) and expenses paid or incurred by Lender to correct any default or enforce any provision of the Loan Documents, or during the continuance of an Event of Default, in gaining possession of, maintaining, handling, preserving, storing, shipping, selling, preparing for sale, or advertising to sell the Collateral, or any portion thereof, irrespective of whether a sale is consummated, (f) out-of-pocket audit fees and reasonable and documented expenses of Lender (including travel, meals, and lodging) related to any inspections or audits, (g) out-of-pocket costs and expenses of third party claims or any other suit paid or incurred by Lender in enforcing or defending the Loan Documents or in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents or Lender's relationship with Borrowers, (h) out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including, reasonable and documented external attorneys' fees) incurred by Lender in advising, structuring, drafting, reviewing, administering (including travel, meals, and lodging), or amending the Loan Documents, (i) out-of-pocket fees and expenses of Lender (including travel, meals, and lodging) related to any due diligence in connection with the Facility or meetings with Borrowers in connection with the Facility, and (j) costs and expenses of Lender (including reasonable and documented external attorneys, accountants, consultants, and other advisors fees and expenses) incurred in terminating, enforcing (including reasonable and documented external attorneys, accountants, consultants, and other advisors fees and expenses incurred in connection with a "workout," a "restructuring," or an insolvency proceeding concerning Borrowers or in exercising rights or remedies under the Loan Documents), or defending the Loan Documents, irrespective of whether suit is brought, or in taking any Remedial Action concerning the Collateral.

"Lender Related Person" means Lender, together with its officers, directors, employees, attorneys, representatives, and agents.

"Lender's Liens" means the Liens granted by Borrowers in and to the Collateral in favor of Lender.

"Lien" means any pledge, hypothecation, assignment (which is intended as security), charge, deposit arrangement (which is intended as security), encumbrance, easement, lien (statutory or other), mortgage, security interest, or other security arrangement and any other preference, priority, or preferential arrangement of any kind or nature whatsoever (which is intended as security), including any conditional sale contract or other title retention agreement, the interest of a lessor under a Capital Lease, and any synthetic or other financing lease having substantially the same economic effect as any of the foregoing.

"Loan Account" means the loan accounts maintained by Lender in the name of Borrowers in which shall be recorded the date and amount of each Loan made by Lender and the amount of each payment in respect thereof.

"Loan Documents" means this Agreement, the DIP Orders, the Additional Documents, and any other notes, account control agreements, financing statements, or security agreements executed by Borrowers in connection with this Agreement in favor of Lender, any other agreement

entered into, now or in the future, by Borrowers and Lender in connection with this Agreement and designated a Loan Document, and all amendments, modifications, renewals, substitutions, and replacements of any of the foregoing; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, all Loan Documents shall be in form and substance satisfactory to Lender.

“Loans” has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

“Material Adverse Change” means the occurrence of any event, condition or change in circumstance subsequent to the Petition Date which (a) would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, properties, assets, performance, or financial condition of the Borrowers, taken as a whole, (b) has resulted in or would reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse effect on the validity or enforceability of, or the rights, remedies or benefits available to the Lender under, this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, or (c) has resulted in or would reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse effect on the ability of the Borrowers to perform their obligations under any Loan Documents.

“Material Contract” means each contract or agreement as to which the breach, nonperformance, cancellation, termination, loss, expiration, or failure to renew by any party thereto would reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

“Maturity Date” means the earliest of (a) May 18, 2025; (b) the effective date of any chapter 11 plan with respect to the Borrowers; (c) the consummation of any sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Borrowers pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code; (d) the date of the acceleration of the Loans and the termination of the Commitments following the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default in accordance with this Agreement; (e) dismissal of the Chapter 11 Cases or conversion of the Chapter 11 Cases into cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (f) thirty-five (35) days after the Petition Date (or such later date as agreed to by the Lender), unless the Final Order has been entered by the Bankruptcy Court on or prior to such date.

“Net Cash Proceeds” means with respect to any sale or disposition of the Collateral, in whole or in part, by any Person, the amount of cash proceeds received (directly or indirectly) from time to time (whether as initial consideration or through the payment of deferred consideration) by or on behalf of such Person, in connection therewith, after deducting therefrom only (a) fees, commissions, and expenses related thereto and required to be paid in connection with such sale or disposition, and (b) taxes paid or payable to any taxing authorities in connection with such sale or disposition, in each case, only to the extent, that the amounts so deducted are properly attributable to such transaction.

“Net Operating Variance” means, with respect to any period of analysis, the numerical difference, expressed as a percentage, between (i) the Borrowers’ actual net operating cash flow for such period, determined on a consolidated basis, and (ii) the Borrowers’ projected net operating cash flow for such period as set forth in the Approved Budget. In determining Net Operating Variance, the following expenses shall be excluded from the calculation of net operating cash flow: Bankruptcy Administrator fees and expenses; Lender Expenses; Fees; all direct costs and budgeted professional fees associated with the Chapter 11 Cases; interest expense, and; any other amounts payable hereunder or any Loan Document.

“Obligations” means all loans, including, without limitation, the Loans, the Advances, debts, principal, interest, contingent reimbursement or indemnification obligations, liabilities (including all amounts charged to the Loan Account pursuant to this Agreement), obligations (including indemnification obligations), Fees, Lender Expenses, premiums, costs, expenses, and indemnities, whether primary, secondary, direct, indirect, absolute, or contingent, due or to become due, now existing or hereafter arising, fixed or otherwise, guaranties, covenants, and duties of any kind and description owing by Borrowers to Lender pursuant to or evidenced by the Loan Documents and/or pursuant to or in connection with any one or more documents, instruments, or agreements described in clause (i) of the definition of Lender Expenses and, in each case, irrespective of whether for the payment of money, of Borrowers to Lender under the Loan Documents and the DIP Orders, and including all interest not paid when due and all other expenses or other amounts that Borrowers are required to pay or reimburse by the Loan Documents, by law, or otherwise in connection with the Loan Documents including, without limitation, in connection with the collection or enforcement of or preservation of rights of Lender under the Loan Documents.

“Ordinary Course” and “Ordinary Course of Business” shall mean, in respect of any Person, the ordinary course and reasonable requirements of such Person’s business, as conducted in accordance with past practices, and undertaken in good faith except as such conduct has been changed resulting from the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases.

“Organizational Documents” means (a) for any corporation, the certificate or articles of incorporation, the bylaws, any certificate of designation or other instrument relating to the rights of preferred shareholders or stockholders of such corporation, any shareholder rights agreement and all applicable resolutions of the board of directors (or any committee thereof) of such corporation; (b) for any partnership, the partnership agreement and, if applicable, the certificate of limited partnership; (c) for any limited liability company, the operating agreement or limited liability company agreement and articles or certificate of formation or organization and all applicable resolutions of any managing member of such limited liability company; and (d) any agreement between a Borrower and its shareholders, members, partners or its equity owners, or among any of the foregoing relating to the governance of such Borrower.

“Payment Account” means the Deposit Account of Lender identified on Schedule A-2, or otherwise identified to the Borrowers in writing by Lender.

“Permits” means any license, lease, power, permit, franchise, certificate, authorization, or approval issued by a Governmental Authority.

“Permitted Indebtedness” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.1.

“Permitted Liens” means:

- (a) the Bond Liens, to the extent permitted, as of the Petition Date;
- (b) Liens for taxes that are not delinquent or are the subject of a Permitted Protest, and any other taxes to the extent not required to be paid pursuant to Section 5.5;

(c) statutory or common law liens of landlords and liens of carriers, warehousemen, mechanics, materialmen, repairmen, construction contractors and suppliers and other like liens imposed by law or pursuant to customary reservations or retentions of title arising in the Ordinary Course of Business;

(d) (i) pledges or deposits in connection with workers' compensation, unemployment insurance and other social security legislation, other than any Lien imposed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and (ii) pledges and deposits of cash securing liability for reimbursement or indemnification obligations of (including obligations in respect of letters of credit or bank guarantees for the benefit of) insurance carriers providing property, casualty or liability insurance to any Borrower;

(e) liens on equipment arising from precautionary UCC financing statements regarding operating leases of equipment;

(f) non-exclusive licenses and sublicenses of intellectual property and other assets entered into in the Ordinary Course of Business that do not materially interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of the Borrowers, individually, or taken as a whole;

(g) normal and customary rights of setoff upon deposits of cash in favor of banks or other depository institutions incurred in connection with the maintenance of such deposits in the Ordinary Course of Business in connection with the issuance or repayment of indebtedness;

(h) (i) any zoning or similar law or right reserved to or vested in any governmental authority to control or regulate the use of any real property, and (ii) restrictions, covenants, conditions, and easements of record applicable to real property, in each case which do not materially interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of the Borrowers, individually, or taken as a whole;

(i) Liens securing Indebtedness incurred pursuant to Section 6.1(h); provided that (i) such Liens do not at any time encumber any property other than the property financed by such Indebtedness, replacements thereof and additions and accessions to such property and the proceeds thereof and (ii) such Liens do not at any time extend to or cover any assets (except for additions and accessions to such assets and the proceeds thereof) other than the assets subject to, or acquired, constructed, repaired or improved with the proceeds of such Indebtedness; provided that, in each case, individual financings provided by one lender may be cross collateralized to other financings provided by such lender or its Affiliates; and

(j) any other interest or title (and any encumbrances on such interest or title) of a lessor, sublessor, licensor, or sublicensor or secured by a lessor's, sublessor's, licensor's, or sublicensor's interest under leases or subleases (other than capitalized leases) or licenses or sublicenses, in each case entered into by a Borrower in the Ordinary Course of Business.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the designation of a prior Lien as a "Permitted Lien" shall not operate in any way to preclude or estop the Borrowers or any other party in interest in the Chapter 11 Cases from objecting to such Lien or the obligation that such Lien secures.

“Permitted Protest” means the right of any Borrower to protest any Lien (other than any Lien that secures the Obligations), taxes (other than payroll taxes or taxes that are the subject of a United States federal tax lien), or rental payment, provided, that (a) a reserve with respect to such obligation is established on such Borrower’s books and records in such amount as is required under GAAP, (b) any such protest is instituted promptly and prosecuted diligently by such Borrower in good faith, and (c) Lender is satisfied in its reasonable discretion that, while any such protest is pending, there will be no impairment of the enforceability, validity, or priority of any of Lender’s Liens.

“Permitted Transfers” means (a) dispositions of inventory and other assets in the Ordinary Course of Business, (b) sale of worn-out or obsolete Equipment that is, in the reasonable judgment of Borrowers, no longer economically practicable to maintain or useful in the Ordinary Course of Business, (c) dispositions of accounts receivable in connection with the collection or compromise thereof, (d) non-exclusive licenses and sublicenses of intellectual property and other assets entered into in the Ordinary Course of Business, (e) the sale or disposition of cash equivalents for fair market value and in a manner that is not otherwise prohibited by this Agreement or the Loan Documents, (f) the abandonment, transfer, cancellation or lapse of immaterial intellectual property that is, no longer economically practicable to maintain or useful in the Ordinary Course of Business, (g) dispositions among Borrowers and (h) any other dispositions contemplated by the Approved Budget.

“Permitted Variance” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.2(c).

“Person” means any natural person, corporation, limited liability company, limited partnership, general partnership, limited liability partnership, joint venture, trust, land trust, business or statutory trust, or other organization, irrespective of whether constituting a separate legal entity, and governments and agencies and political subdivisions thereof.

“Petition Date” has the meaning set forth in the recitals to this Agreement.

“Post-Carve Out Trigger Notice Cap” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Pre-Trigger Date Fees” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Prepetition Loan Agreements” means, the agreements listed on Schedule A-3.

“Prepetition Secured Parties” means, collectively, (i) the lenders, lessors, agents and other parties to the Prepetition Loan Agreements, and (ii) any Person with a valid, enforceable, non-avoidable and perfected Lien as of the Petition Date or a valid, enforceable, non-avoidable Lien in existence as of the Petition Date and perfected subsequent to the Petition Date as permitted under Section 546(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

“Prevailing Eastern Time” means either Eastern Standard Time or Eastern Daylight Savings Time in the United States, as in effect from time to time.

“Professional Fees” means all unpaid fees and expenses incurred by persons or firms retained by (a) the Borrowers pursuant to Sections 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 363, or 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code; or (b) the Committee pursuant to Sections 328 or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code.

Code; provided that, to the extent that any amount of the foregoing compensation or reimbursement is denied or reduced by the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction, such amount shall no longer constitute Professional Fees.

“Prohibited Variance” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.2(c).

“Record” means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

“Remedial Action” means all actions taken to (a) clean up, remove, remediate, contain, treat, monitor, assess, evaluate, or in any way address Hazardous Materials in the indoor or outdoor environment, (b) prevent or minimize a release or threatened release of Hazardous Materials so they do not migrate or endanger or threaten to endanger public health or welfare or the indoor or outdoor environment, (c) restore or reclaim natural resources or the environment, (d) perform any pre-remedial studies, investigations, or post-remedial operation and maintenance activities, or (e) conduct any other actions with respect to Hazardous Materials required by Environmental Laws.

“Remedies Notice” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Required Lien Priority” means, with respect to any Lien on the Collateral in favor of Lender, the priority set forth in the Final Order.

“Sale” means one or more sales or transactions that, when taken together, result in the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of any Borrower to any party pursuant to an Acceptable 363 Sale or pursuant to an Acceptable Plan.

“Sale Order” means each order or proposed order approving an Acceptable 363 Sale or any other sale of the Borrowers’ assets pursuant to Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, which order shall be in form and substance satisfactory to Lender.

“Schedules” means those certain schedules annexed hereto and made a part hereof.

“Security Documents” means (a) all UCC financing statements, or amendments or continuations thereof, and (b) all other security agreements, Deposit Account Control Agreements, documents or filings in connection with the perfection of the Liens granted or pledged pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, any other Loan Document or the DIP Orders, as same may be amended, modified, restated or supplemented from time to time.

“Site Lease” means a lease pursuant to which any location operated by a Borrower or a Subsidiary of a Borrower has been leased to such Person.

“Subsidiary” means, with respect to any Person, any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association, or other business entity of which more than fifty percent (50%) of the total voting power of shares of stock (or equivalent ownership or controlling interest) entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers, governors, or trustees thereof is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by that Person or one or more of the other Subsidiaries of that Person or a combination thereof.

“Superpriority Claims” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“Trigger Date” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

“UCC” means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of Delaware; provided, that, if perfection or the effect of perfection or non-perfection or the priority of any security interest in any Collateral is governed by the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in a jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware, “UCC” means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in such other jurisdiction for purposes of the provisions hereof relating to such perfection, effect of perfection, or non-perfection or priority.

“United States” means the United States of America.

“Variance Report” has the meaning set forth in Section 5.2(c).

“Voidable Transfer” has the meaning set forth in Section 13.7.

“Waiting Period” has the meaning set forth in the DIP Orders.

1.2 **Accounting Terms**. All accounting terms not specifically defined herein shall be construed in accordance with GAAP; provided that, if Borrowers notify Lender that Borrowers request an amendment to any provision hereof to eliminate the effect of any change occurring after the Effective Date in GAAP or in the application thereof on the operation of such provision (or if Lender notifies Borrowers that Lender requests an amendment to any provision hereof for such purpose), regardless of whether any such notice is given before or after such change in GAAP or in the application thereof, then Lender and Borrowers hereby agree that they will negotiate, in good faith, amendments to the provisions of this Agreement that are directly affected by such change in GAAP with the intent of having the respective positions of Lender and Borrowers after such change in GAAP conform as nearly as possible to their respective positions as of the date of this Agreement and, until any such amendments have been agreed upon, the provisions in this Agreement shall be interpreted on the basis of GAAP as in effect and applied immediately before such change shall have become effective. When used herein, the term “financial statements” shall include the notes and schedules thereto. Whenever the term “Borrower” is used in respect of a financial covenant or a related definition, it shall be understood to mean Borrowers on a consolidated basis, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

1.3 **UCC**. Any terms used in this Agreement that are defined in the UCC shall be construed and defined as set forth in the UCC unless otherwise defined herein; provided, that to the extent that the UCC is used to define any term herein and such term is defined differently in different Articles of the UCC, the definition of such term contained in Article 9 of the UCC shall govern.

1.4 **Construction**. Unless the context of this Agreement or the Loan Documents clearly requires otherwise, references to the plural include the singular, references to the singular include the plural, the terms “includes” and “including” are not limiting, and the term “or” has, except as otherwise indicated, the inclusive meaning represented by the phrase “and/or.” The words “hereof,” “herein,” “hereby,” “hereunder,” and similar terms in this Agreement or the Loan Documents refer to this Agreement or such other Loan Document, as the case may be, as a whole, and not to any



particular provision of this Agreement or such other Loan Document, as the case may be. Section, subsection, clause, schedule, and exhibit references herein are to this Agreement unless otherwise specified. Any reference in this Agreement or in any other Loan Document to any agreement, instrument, or document shall include all alterations, amendments, changes, extensions, modifications, renewals, replacements, substitutions, joinders, and supplements, thereto and thereof, as applicable (subject to any restrictions on such alterations, amendments, changes, extensions, modifications, renewals, replacements, substitutions, joinders, and supplements set forth herein). The words “asset” and “property” shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect and to refer to any and all tangible and intangible assets and properties, including cash, securities, accounts, and contract rights. Any reference herein or in any other Loan Document to the satisfaction, repayment, or payment in full of the Obligations shall mean the irrevocable and indefeasible payment in full in cash of all Obligations, other than continuing indemnification and expense reimbursement obligations for which no claim or demand has been asserted, and all Commitments shall have irrevocably, permanently and finally expired or shall have been terminated, cancelled and discharged. Any reference herein to any Person shall be construed to include such Person’s successors and permitted assigns. Any requirement of a writing contained herein or in any Loan Document shall be satisfied by the transmission of a Record.

1.5 **Schedules and Exhibits.** All of the schedules and exhibits attached to this Agreement shall be deemed incorporated herein by reference.

1.6 **Timing of Payment or Performance.** When the payment of any obligation or the performance of any covenant, duty or obligation is stated to be due or performance required on (or before) a day which is not a Business Day, the date of such payment or performance shall extend to the immediately succeeding Business Day, and such extension of time shall be reflected in computing interest or fees, as the case may be.

## 2. LOAN AND TERMS OF PAYMENT.

### 2.1 **Agreement to Lend; Delayed Draw; Security Documents; and Loan Documents.**

(a) (1) On the Effective Date and subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, and the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions precedent in Section 3.1, Lender agrees to fund proceeds of the Interim Term Loan (the “Initial Advance”) to the Borrower Representative in the aggregate amount up to the Interim Term Loan Commitment and (2) subject to the terms and conditions of the DIP Orders, this Agreement, and the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions precedent in Section 3.2, Lender agrees to fund proceeds of the Delayed Draw Term Loan (each, an “Advance” and collectively with the Initial Advance, the “Advances”) to the Borrower Representative in the aggregate amount up to the Delayed Draw Term Loan Commitment; provided that in no event shall the outstanding Loans exceed the lesser of (i) the Commitment, and (ii) the cumulative draw amounts provided for in the then Approved Budget. Each Advance shall be made in an aggregate minimum amount of \$500,000 (and multiples of \$100,000 in excess thereof) upon two (2) Business Days’ prior written notice (or such lesser notice as agreed by Lender in its sole discretion), up to the aggregate amount of the undrawn Delayed Draw Term Loan Commitment at any time prior to three (3) Business Days before the Maturity Date; provided,

however, that in no event shall the amount of any Advance exceed the amount budgeted therefore in the then Approved Budget.

(b) Notwithstanding clause (a) above, so long as there is availability under the Delayed Draw Term Loan Commitment, the Borrower Representative shall be permitted to request one or more Advances (or portions thereof), and Lender shall fund any such Advance (or portion thereof) (each, a “Carve Out Advance”), in an aggregate amount of up to the Carve Out Cap, less any amounts maintained in the Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve, all in accordance with the DIP Orders. Any Carve Out Trigger Notice shall be deemed a consent by Lender to the Borrowers depositing Cash Collateral or proceeds of the Advances into such account in an amount not to exceed the Carve Out Cap less the existing balance in such account, if any, provided, however, notwithstanding Lender’s agreement to fund any Carve Out Advance in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and the DIP Orders, nothing herein shall create any obligation on the part of Lender to satisfy any Allowed Professional Fees, which Allowed Professional Fees shall remain the sole obligation of the Borrowers, and the Lender shall not be obligated to lend more than the Commitments.

(c) Each Advance hereunder is subject to the satisfaction or waiver of the conditions precedent the DIP Orders and in Sections 3.1 and 3.2. Each Advance shall permanently decrease the Commitments, and any Loans, or portion thereof, that are repaid or prepaid (whether as an optional prepayment or a mandatory prepayment) cannot be reborrowed.

(d) The Loans shall be secured by the Collateral as set forth in this Agreement, the DIP Orders, and the other Loan Documents.

(e) Borrowers promise to indefeasibly pay the Obligations (including principal, interest, fees, costs, and expenses) in Dollars in full in cash on or before the Maturity Date.

2.2 **Borrowing Procedures.** Each Advance under Section 2.1(a) shall be made by a written request substantially in the form of the Borrowing Notice attached hereto as Exhibit D (each such written request, a “Borrowing Notice”) executed by an Authorized Person of the Borrower Representative, accompanied by a Compliance Certificate, and delivered to Lender no later than two (2) Business Days prior to the requested funding date in the case of each Advance (or such shorter period as Lender may permit in its sole discretion), but in no event later than three (3) Business Days before the Maturity Date; provided that, (a) the Borrower Representative shall submit such requests only after entry of the Final Order, and (b) the aggregate amount of all such Advances, including any Carve Out Advance, shall not exceed the Delayed Draw Term Loan Commitment. Upon satisfaction or waiver by Lender (in its sole discretion) of the conditions precedent set forth herein, Lender shall fund the Advance to the Borrower Representative on the requested funding date by causing the principal amount of the relevant Advance to be credited to the Designated Account.

2.3 **Payments; Reductions of the Commitments; Prepayments.**

(a) **Payments by the Borrowers.** Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all payments by Borrowers shall be made to the Payment Account for the account of Lender and shall be made in immediately available funds, no later than 4:00 p.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time)

on the dates set forth in this Section 2.4. Any payment received by Lender later than 4:00 p.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time) shall be deemed to have been received on the following Business Day and any applicable interest or fee shall continue to accrue until such following Business Day.

(b) **Application of Payments and Proceeds.** Subject to Section 7.3, all payments remitted to Lender and all proceeds of the Collateral received by Lender shall be applied as follows (unless otherwise directed by Lender):

(i) first, to pay any Lender Expenses (including reasonable and documented cost or expense reimbursements, such as reasonable and documented attorneys' fees) then owed to Lender or any Lender Related Person in accordance with the DIP Orders, or indemnities then due to Lender under the Loan Documents, until indefeasibly paid in full in cash;

(ii) second, to pay any Fees then due to Lender under the Loan Documents until indefeasibly paid in full in cash;

(iii) third, to pay interest due in respect of the Loans until indefeasibly paid in full in cash;

(iv) fourth, to pay the principal of all Loans until indefeasibly paid in full in cash;

(v) fifth, to pay any other Obligations until indefeasibly paid in full in cash; and

(vi) sixth, to Borrowers (to be wired to the Designated Account) or as otherwise required by applicable law.

In the event of a direct conflict between the priority provisions of this Section 2.3(b) and any other provision contained in any Loan Document (except for the DIP Orders), it is the intention of the parties hereto that such provisions be read together and construed, to the fullest extent possible, to be in concert with each other. In the event of any actual, irreconcilable conflict that cannot be resolved as aforesaid, the terms and provisions of this Section 2.3(b) shall control and govern. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent there is a conflict between the DIP Orders and any Loan Document, the DIP Orders shall control and govern.

(c) **Optional Prepayments.** Upon notice to Lender, Borrowers may prepay any Loan, in whole or in part, at any time; provided, that (i) the aggregate principal amount being prepaid shall be an amount not less than one million Dollars (\$1,000,000) (and multiples of \$1,000,000 in excess thereof) and (ii) any such prepayments under this Section 2.3(c) shall be applied in the order set forth in Section 2.3(b).

(d) **Mandatory Prepayments.**

(i) **Dispositions.** Subject to the DIP Orders and, so long as such order are acceptable to Lender in its sole discretion, any other applicable orders of the Bankruptcy Court, within one (1) Business Day of the date of receipt by any Borrower or

any of its Subsidiaries of the Net Cash Proceeds of any disposition (whether through a voluntary or involuntary sale, the loss, destruction, or damage thereof or any actual condemnation, confiscation, requisition, seizure, or taking thereof or otherwise) of Collateral (other than the disposition of Collateral in the Ordinary Course), such Borrower shall prepay such portion of the outstanding amount of the Obligations in accordance with Section 2.4(b) in an amount equal to 100% of the Net Cash Proceeds (including insurance proceeds, condemnation awards, and payments in lieu thereof) received in connection with such sales or dispositions, plus the accrued interest as applied to the amount of such prepayment. Nothing contained in this Section 2.4(d)(i) shall permit Borrowers to sell any Collateral other than in accordance with Section 6.4. In no event shall any amount paid to Lender under this Section 2.4(d)(i) exceed the outstanding amount of the Obligations.

(ii) **Indebtedness.** Within one (1) Business Day of the date on which any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries receives proceeds of any Indebtedness (other than Permitted Indebtedness), Borrowers shall prepay the outstanding principal amount of the Obligations in accordance with Section 2.4(b) in an amount equal to 100% of the Net Cash Proceeds received by such Person in connection with the incurrence of such Indebtedness plus the accrued interest as applied to the principal amount of such prepayment. The provisions of this Section 2.4(d)(ii) shall not be deemed to be implied consent to any such incurrence otherwise prohibited by the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

#### 2.4 **Interest Rates and Rates, Payments and Calculations.**

(a) **Interest Rate.** Except as provided in Section 2.5(b), all Advances shall bear interest on the Daily Balance thereof at a rate equal to twelve percent (12.0%) per annum. For the purpose of calculating interest, the Daily Balance shall exclude accrued but unpaid interest due or owing hereunder.

(b) **Default Rate.** Upon the occurrence and during the continuation of an Event of Default, all Obligations shall bear interest on the Daily Balance thereof at a per annum rate equal to fifteen percent (15.0%) (the “Default Rate”), upon notice from Lender of its election to impose interest at the Default Rate. Any such notice may impose interest at the Default Rate retroactively to the date of the occurrence of the related Event of Default. For the purpose of calculating interest under this Section 2.5(b), the Daily Balance shall exclude accrued but unpaid interest due or owing hereunder.

(c) **Payment.** Except to the extent provided to the contrary herein or as provided for in the DIP Orders, interest, all Fees payable hereunder or under any of the other Loan Documents, and all costs, expenses, and Lender Expenses payable hereunder or under any of the other Loan Document shall be due and payable in cash, in arrears, on the first (1<sup>st</sup>) day of each month at any time that Obligations or the Loans are outstanding and shall be paid to the Payment Account. Borrowers hereby agree that Lender has all rights of setoff and bankers’ lien provided by applicable law on account of any accounts maintained at Lender. Subject to the DIP Orders and without affecting Borrowers’ continuing obligation to pay all Obligations hereunder when due, in the event that any amounts are due hereunder and remain unpaid when due (with any such failure constituting an Event of Default hereunder), Borrowers shall be deemed to have made a request for an Advance in such amount and Lender shall charge the Loan Account in an amount equal to

the aggregate principal amount of such Advance and thereafter such Advance shall constitute Obligations hereunder and shall accrue interest at the rate then applicable to Obligations (including the Default Rate) until the indefeasible payment in full in cash of all Obligations.

(d) **Computation.** All interest and fees chargeable under the Loan Documents shall be computed on the basis of a 360-day year, in each case, for the actual number of days elapsed in the period during which the interest or fees accrue.

(e) **Intent to Limit Charges to Maximum Lawful Rate.** In no event shall the interest rate or rates payable under this Agreement, plus any other amounts paid in connection herewith, exceed the highest rate permissible under any law that a court of competent jurisdiction shall, in a final determination, deem applicable. Borrowers and Lender, in executing and delivering this Agreement, intend legally to agree upon the rate or rates of interest and manner of payment stated within it; provided, that, anything contained herein to the contrary notwithstanding, if said rate or rates of interest or manner of payment exceeds the maximum allowable under applicable law, then, *ipso facto*, as of the date of this Agreement, Borrowers are and shall be liable only for the payment of such maximum as allowed by law, and payment received from Borrowers in excess of such legal maximum, whenever received, shall be applied to reduce the principal balance of the Obligations to the extent of such excess.

2.5 **Crediting Payments; Clearance Charge.** The receipt of any payment item by Lender shall not be considered a payment on account unless such payment item is a wire transfer of immediately available federal funds made to the Payment Account or unless and until such payment item is honored when presented for payment. Should any payment item not be honored when presented for payment, then Borrowers shall be deemed not to have made such payment and interest shall be calculated accordingly. Anything to the contrary contained herein notwithstanding, any payment item shall be deemed received by Lender only if it is received into the Payment Account on a Business Day on or before 4:00 p.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time). If any payment item is received into the Payment Account on a non-Business Day or after 4:00 p.m. (Prevailing Eastern Time) on a Business Day, it shall be deemed to have been received by Lender as of the opening of business on the immediately following Business Day.

2.6 **Designated Account.** Borrowers hereby agree to maintain the Designated Account with the Designated Account Bank and to receive the proceeds of the Advances requested by Borrowers and made by Lender hereunder in such Designated Account. The Borrowers shall cause the Designated Account to be subject to a Deposit Account Control Agreement in form and substance acceptable to Lender in its sole discretion within fifteen (15) calendar days from the date of entry of the Final Order; provided, that the Borrowers may have an additional fifteen (15) calendar day cure period so long as the Borrowers are using commercially reasonable efforts to obtain such a Deposit Account Control Agreement. In addition, the Borrowers shall maintain only the proceeds of the Advances in the Designated Account segregated from all other funds.

2.7 **Statements of Obligations.** Lender shall maintain true, correct, and complete electronic or written records evidencing the Indebtedness and other Obligations owed by Borrowers to Lender, in which Lender will record in the Loan Account (a) the amount of all Advances made under this Agreement, (b) the amount of any principal or interest due and payable

or to become due and payable from Borrowers to Lender under this Agreement, and (c) all amounts received by Lender under this Agreement from Borrowers.

2.8 **Fees.** Upon the funding of the Initial Advance on the Effective Date, Borrowers shall pay to Lender the applicable Lender Expenses in full in cash, including attorney's fees and other Lender Expenses accrued or otherwise incurred prior to such date, from, as applicable, the proceeds of the Initial Advance. Except as otherwise expressly set forth herein, in the DIP Orders, or in any of the other Loan Documents, the Fees payable to Lender under this Agreement, the DIP Orders, or any of the other Loan Documents shall not be subject to proration and shall be non-refundable and non-avoidable obligations of the Borrowers and shall be paid by Borrowers in full in cash, or deducted from the applicable draw, as the case may be.

2.9 **Borrower Representative; Assumptions.** As of the Effective Date, BPR (i) is hereby designated and appointed by each Borrower as its representative and agent on its behalf (the "**Borrower Representative**") and (ii) accepts such appointment as the Borrower Representative, in each case, for the purposes of issuing Borrowing Notices, delivering certificates including Compliance Certificates, giving instructions with respect to the disbursement of the proceeds of the Loans, giving and receiving all other notices and consents hereunder or under any of the other Loan Documents and taking all other actions (including in respect of compliance with covenants, but without relieving any other Borrower of its joint and several obligations to pay and perform the Obligations) on behalf of any Borrower or the Borrowers under the Loan Documents. Lender may regard any notice or other communication pursuant to any Loan Document from the Borrower Representative as a notice or communication from all Borrowers. Each warranty, covenant, agreement and undertaking made on behalf of a Borrower by the Borrower Representative shall be deemed for all purposes to have been made by such Borrower and shall be binding upon and enforceable against such Borrower to the same extent as if the same had been made directly by such Borrower.

### 3. **CONDITIONS; TERM OF AGREEMENT.**

3.1 **Conditions Precedent to the Initial Advance on the Effective Date.** The effectiveness of this Agreement and the agreements of Lender to make the Initial Advance hereunder shall be subject to the satisfaction of the conditions set forth below (unless waived in writing by Lender in its sole discretion):

(a) The parties shall have executed and delivered this Agreement and all other documents required by Lender as a condition to the Effective Date and in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement and shall be in form and substance satisfactory to Lender.

(b) Lender shall have received evidence satisfactory to Lender that all Uniform Commercial Code financing statements necessary, or, in the opinion of the Lender, desirable to provide Lender with a valid, perfected priming security interest in the Collateral pledged by the Borrowers have been filed or will be filed by Lender promptly upon the Effective Date.

(c) Subject to the availability of the Bankruptcy Court, the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered the Interim Order not later than four (4) Business Days after the Petition Date,

in form and substance satisfactory to Lender in its reasonable discretion and no order shall have been entered reversing, amending, staying, vacating, terminating or otherwise modifying the Interim Order or any material provision thereof in any manner without Lender's prior written consent. Borrowers and Lender shall be entitled to rely in good faith upon the Interim Order and shall be permitted and required to perform their respective obligations in compliance with this Agreement notwithstanding any such objections thereto, unless the relevant order has been stayed by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(d) Lender shall have received copies of UCC, tax, and judgment lien searches and title reports, in each case satisfactory to Lender in its sole discretion.

(e) Lender shall have received from Borrowers an Approved Budget, acceptable to Lender in its sole discretion, attached hereto as Exhibit B.

(f) The Borrowers shall have provided Lender with evidence of insurance coverage satisfying the requirements of Section 5.6 of this Agreement.

(g) Each Borrower shall be a debtor and debtor in possession in the Chapter 11 Cases.

(h) All accrued and unpaid Lender Expenses for which invoices have been presented in connection with this Agreement and all other Loan Documents required to be paid on or before the Effective Date, if any, shall have been paid.

(i) No Material Adverse Change shall have occurred and be continuing.

(j) The following statements shall be true and correct: (i) the representations and warranties of the Borrowers contained in this Agreement or in the other Loan Documents shall be true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) on and as of the Effective Date, as though made on and as of such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date) and (ii) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing on the Effective Date or would immediately result from this Agreement or the other Loan Documents becoming effective in accordance with its or their respective terms.

3.2 **Conditions Precedent to All Advances.** In addition to the conditions set forth in Section 3.1 above, subject to Section 2.1(c), Lender shall not be required to fund any Loans or fund any Advances unless and until all of the conditions set forth below shall have been satisfied or waived in writing by Lender in its sole discretion, subject to Section 2.1(c); provided that clauses (a) and (b)(i) and (ii) below must be satisfied as determined by Lender in its sole discretion for any Advances to be made under any circumstances, including a Carve Out Advance:

(a) no order has been entered reversing, amending, staying, vacating, terminating or otherwise modifying in any manner adverse to the Lender the DIP Orders.

(b) (i) no trustee, examiner, or receiver shall have been appointed or designated with respect to the Borrowers' business, properties or assets and no motion shall be pending

seeking similar relief or any other relief, which, if granted, would result in a person other than the Borrowers exercising control over their assets, and (ii) no Person other than the Borrowers shall have been granted control over the Collateral by the Bankruptcy Court in any of the Chapter 11 Cases.

(c) The Borrowers shall be in compliance in all respects with the Interim Order.

(d) The Bankruptcy Court shall have entered into a Final Order approving the Facility not later than thirty-five (35) days following the Petition Date, which Final Order shall be in the form of the Interim Order with such changes as are customary for a final order or otherwise in form and substance acceptable to the Lender.

(e) The representations and warranties of Borrowers contained in this Agreement or in the other Loan Documents shall be true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) on and as of the date of such Advance, as though made on and as of such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date).

(f) No Default or Event of Default under any of the Loan Documents (including a DIP Termination Event under the DIP Orders) shall have occurred and be continuing on the date of such Advance, nor shall either result from the making thereof.

(g) No injunction, writ, restraining order, or other order of any nature restricting or prohibiting, directly or indirectly, the extending of such credit shall have been issued and remain in force by any Governmental Authority against Borrowers or Lender.

(h) No action, proceeding, investigation, regulation, or legislation shall have been instituted or threatened before any Governmental Authority to enjoin, restrain, or prohibit, or to obtain damages in respect of, or which is related to or arises out of this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby and which, in Lender's reasonable judgment, would make it inadvisable to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents.

(i) The Borrowers shall be in compliance in all respects with the Loan Documents (including the DIP Orders).

(j) Lender shall have received a fully executed and delivered Borrowing Notice and Compliance Certificate from Borrowers in accordance with Section 2.2.

(k) Lender shall have received in advance, or will receive from the proceeds of such Advance, (i) all Fees required to be paid upon or before the date of any such Advance, and (ii) all Lender Expenses (including the fees and expenses of legal counsel) for which invoices have been presented before any such Advance, subject in all respects to the DIP Orders. All such amounts shall be reflected in the funding instructions annexed to the relevant Borrowing Notice delivered in accordance with Section 2.2.



(l) Since the Petition Date, there shall not have occurred any event, condition, circumstance or contingency that, individual or in the aggregate, constitutes or would reasonably be expected to constitute a Material Adverse Change.

(m) Lender shall have received from the Borrowers an updated Approved Budget to the extent required to be delivered by Section 5.2(b) on or before the making of such draw, which such updated Approved Budget shall be subject to Section 5.2(b) and the DIP Order.

3.3 **Maturity**. This Agreement shall continue in full force and effect until the indefeasible payment in full in cash of the Obligations (other than continuing Obligations with respect to indemnification). All Obligations including, without limitation, the outstanding unpaid principal balance and all accrued and unpaid interest and all Fees on the Advances shall be due and payable on the Maturity Date.

3.4 **Effect of Maturity**. On the Maturity Date the obligation of the Lender to provide any additional credit or other accommodations under the Loan Documents shall automatically terminate and all Obligations (other than continuing Obligations with respect to indemnification) shall immediately become due and payable without notice or demand. No termination of the obligations of Lender (other than payment in full in cash of the Obligations and termination of the Commitments) shall relieve or discharge any Borrower of its duties, obligations, or covenants hereunder or under any Loan Document and Lender's Liens in the Collateral shall continue to secure the Obligations and shall remain in effect until all Obligations (other than continuing Obligations with respect to indemnification) have been indefeasibly paid in full in cash and the Commitments have been terminated. When all of the Obligations (other than continuing Obligations with respect to indemnification) have been indefeasibly paid in full in cash in immediately available funds and Lender has no further obligation hereunder to fund further Advances, Lender will, at the Borrowers' expense, execute and deliver any payoff letters, termination statements, lien releases, discharges of security interests, and other similar discharge or release documents (and, if applicable, in recordable form) as are necessary to evidence and confirm the repayment in full of the Obligations (other than continuing Obligations with respect to indemnification) and to release, as of record, Lender's Liens and all notices of security interests and Liens previously filed by Lender with respect to the Obligations.

#### **4. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES.**

In order to induce Lender to enter into this Agreement, each Borrower hereby makes the following representations and warranties to Lender. Each Borrower hereby further represents that such representations and warranties shall be true, correct, and complete, in all respects, as of the Effective Date, and shall be true, correct, and complete, in all respects, as of the date of the making of each Advance (or other extension of credit) made thereafter, as though made on and as of the date of such Advance (or other extension of credit) (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date) and such representations and warranties shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement until all Obligations have been indefeasibly paid in full in cash:

4.1 **Due Organization and Qualification**. Such Borrower (a) is duly formed and existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its formation, (b) where the

ownership of Collateral requires such qualification, is qualified to do business in any state where the failure to be so qualified would reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change, and (c) subject to the Bankruptcy Court's entry of the DIP Orders, and any limitation under the Bankruptcy Code or other debtor relief law, has all requisite power and authority to own and operate its properties, to carry on its business as now conducted and as proposed to be conducted, to enter into the Loan Documents to which it is a party and to carry out the transactions contemplated thereby. Schedule 4.1(a) sets forth an organizational chart showing the complete and accurate ownership structure of the Borrowers as of the Effective Date.

4.2 **Due Authorization.** Subject to the Bankruptcy Court's entry of the Final Order, the execution, delivery, and performance by such Borrower of the Loan Documents to which it is a party have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or limited liability company action on the part of such Borrower and, with respect to such Borrower.

4.3 **Binding Obligations.** Each Loan Document has been duly executed and delivered by each Borrower that is a party thereto and, subject to the entry of the DIP Orders, as applicable, is the legally valid and binding obligation of such Borrower, enforceable against such Borrower in accordance with its respective terms, except as enforcement may be limited by equitable principles or by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or similar laws relating to or limiting creditors' rights generally (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding at law or in equity).

4.4 **Title to Properties.** Borrowers have good, sufficient, and legal title to (and in the case of real property marketable title to), all of Borrowers' right, interest, and title in the Collateral, subject to Permitted Liens.

4.5 **Jurisdiction of Formation; Location of Chief Executive Office; Organizational; Identification Number; Commercial Tort Claims.**

(a) The name (within the meaning of Section 9-503 of the UCC), jurisdiction of organization, type of entity, direct equity owner and, to the extent required to be set forth in a financing statement under the UCC, organizational identification number (if any) of such Borrower is as set forth on Schedule 4.5 (as such Schedule may be updated from time to time by notice from such Borrower to Lender).

(b) A primary mailing address of such Borrower is located at the address indicated on Schedule 4.5 (as such Schedule may be updated from time to time by notice from such Borrower to Lender).

4.6 **Litigation.** Other than the Chapter 11 Cases and except as stayed by the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, there are no actions, suits, proceedings, claims, or disputes pending or, to the actual knowledge of such Borrower, threatened in writing, at law, in equity, in arbitration, or before any Governmental Authority, by or against such Borrower or against any of its properties or revenues that (a) purport to affect or pertain to this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or any of the transactions contemplated hereby (other than objections or pleadings that may have been filed in the Chapter 11 Cases with respect to such Borrower seeking authorization to enter into the Loan Documents and incur the Obligations under this Agreement), or (b) except as set

forth on Schedule 4.6, either individually or in the aggregate, would reasonably be expected to cause a Material Adverse Change if determined adversely to the interests of any Borrower. As of the Effective Date, Schedule 4.6 sets forth all of the commercial tort claims any Borrower has against another Person known to any Borrower as of the Petition Date.

4.7 **Fraudulent Transfer.** No transfer of property is being made by such Borrower and no obligation is being incurred by such Borrower in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or the Loan Documents with the intent to hinder, delay, or defraud either present or future creditors of such Borrower.

4.8 **Full Disclosure.** The representations, warranties and other written statements made by any Borrower to Lender in connection with this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, taken as a whole, do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact, or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements contained herein or therein not materially misleading in light of the circumstances in which they were made.

4.9 **Payment of Taxes.** Except as provided on Schedule 4.9 or as would not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change and subject to the terms of the DIP Orders and any required approval by the Bankruptcy Court, all United States federal, state, and other material tax returns and reports of the Borrowers required to be filed by the Borrowers with respect to the Collateral have been timely filed, and all taxes due with respect to the period covered by such tax returns and all material assessments, fees, and other governmental charges upon any Collateral that are due and payable have been paid when due and payable, other than taxes that are the subject of a Permitted Protest.

4.10 **Approved Budget.** Attached to this Agreement as Exhibit B is a true and complete copy of the Approved Budget as of the Effective Date. The Approved Budget may be amended or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 5.2(b) of this Agreement; provided that, the total amount of Loans provided pursuant to the Approved Budget shall not exceed the total amount of the Commitments.

4.11 **Site Leases.**

(a) Except as would not, individually or in the agreement, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change, each location maintained by a Borrower or a Subsidiary of a Borrower, including but not limited to all buildings and other improvements comprising any real property, is (i) in an operable condition and state of repair, ordinary wear and tear and casualty or condemnation events excepted; (ii) reasonably equipped for purposes of the business operated therein in the Ordinary Course of such Borrower or Subsidiary of a Borrower; (iii) to each Borrower's knowledge, free from structural defects; and (iv) to each Borrower's knowledge, in compliance in all respects with all applicable regulations relating to public safety.

(b) Schedule 4.11(b) attached hereto lists each Site Lease and each Site Lease is in full force and effect and the applicable Borrower or Subsidiary is the sole owner of the entire leasehold interest thereunder, and such Person's interest in such Site Lease has not been assigned, transferred, subleased, mortgaged, hypothecated, or otherwise encumbered, except for the Liens expressly permitted by Section 6.2. As of the Effective Date, to each Borrower's knowledge, no

event has occurred and no condition exists that, with the giving of notice or the lapse of time or both, would constitute a material default by any Borrower or any of its respective Subsidiaries under any Site Lease, except for those set forth on Schedule 4.11(b) and the defaults as to which enforcement is stayed by the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases or which are otherwise excused by the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code or an order of the Bankruptcy Court.

4.12 **Permits.** Except as set forth on Schedule 4.12, such Borrower has, all Permits required for the operation of its business and for the execution, delivery, and performance by, and enforcement against, such Borrower of each Loan Document. Except as set forth in Schedule 4.12, such Borrower is not in breach of or default under the provisions of any such Permit, nor is there any event, fact, condition, or circumstance which, with notice or passage of time or both, would constitute or result in any of the foregoing, which in each case would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change.

## 5. AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS.

Each Borrower hereby covenants and agrees that, until termination of the Commitments and indefeasible payment in full in cash of the Obligations (other than continuing Obligations with respect to indemnification), it shall comply with each of the following, as applicable:

5.1 **Notice of Certain Events.** The Borrowers shall deliver to Lender (a) promptly, but in any event within three (3) Business Days, upon becoming aware of any Default or Event of Default, notice of such Default or Event of Default; (b) promptly upon becoming aware of any litigation threatened in writing against any Borrower or filed (other than any adversary proceeding or other pleading filed in the Chapter 11 Cases), or any event (other than events of public knowledge in the Chapter 11 Cases), in each case which would reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change, notice of such litigation or event; and (c) at the time a Borrowing Notice is furnished to Lender in connection with any requested Advance, a Compliance Certificate. In addition, the Borrowers hereby agree to maintain a system of accounting that enables the Borrowers to produce unaudited financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

### 5.2 **Reporting; Budget; Conference Calls.**

(a) The Borrowers shall comply with the agreements, requirements, covenants, and undertakings applicable to it set forth in Exhibit C, in accordance with the terms thereof.

(b) The Borrowers will, on Wednesdays, commencing on April 16, 2025, and every four (4) weeks thereafter, or more frequently at the reasonable discretion of both the Borrowers and Lender, prepare and deliver to Lender a supplement to the initial Approved Budget (or the previously supplemented Approved Budget) updating or extending the period covered by the initial Approved Budget (or the previously supplemented Approved Budget) so that it covers at least a 13 week period from the date of such initial Approved Budget or supplemental Approved Budget, as applicable, which supplemental Approved Budget shall be subject to Lender's approval in its reasonable discretion and without further order of the Bankruptcy Court. To the extent the Lender provides written notice rejecting the updates (or any amendments) within five (5) Business Days after the delivery by the Borrowers of any such update or amendment, the then existing Approved Budget shall continue to constitute the applicable Approved Budget until such time as

an update or amendment is approved by the Lender. In the event the Lender does not provide written notice of its rejection of the supplemental Approved Budget within such five (5) Business Day period, such supplemental Approved Budget shall become effective as the Approved Budget.

(c) On Wednesday of each week following the delivery of the first supplemental Approved Budget, the Borrowers shall deliver to the Lender a variance report in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Lender showing the calculation of Net Operating Variance for the cumulative rolling four-week period ending the prior Friday, and explaining in reasonable detail all material variances (each such report, a “Variance Report”). If any Variance Report reveals a negative Net Operating Variance that exceeds fifteen percent (15.00%), the same shall constitute a “Prohibited Variance” and an Event of Default under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents. As used herein, the term “Permitted Variance” means any Net Operating Variance set forth in a Variance Report which is not a Prohibited Variance.

(d) The Borrowers shall participate in a conference call occurring every week, if requested by Lender, commencing on the first week following the Effective Date regarding the Approved Budget, the Chapter 11 Cases and other financial matters.

5.3 **Existence.** At all times, each Borrower shall (a) maintain and preserve in full force and effect its existence (including being in good standing in its jurisdiction of incorporation or formation) and (b) maintain all its rights and franchises, licenses and permits, except where the failure to be in good standing or maintain any such rights and franchises, or licenses and permits would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

5.4 **Maintenance of Properties; Permits.** The Borrowers shall (a) maintain and preserve the Collateral that is necessary to the proper conduct of its business in a condition and state of repair no worse than existed on the Petition Date, with ordinary wear, tear, and casualty excepted, to the extent permitted by the Approved Budget, (b) comply with the material provisions of all material leases related to the Collateral pledged by it, so as to prevent the loss or forfeiture thereof, unless (i) such provisions are the subject of a Permitted Protest, (ii) such lease is a Site Lease that is rejected in the exercise of the Borrowers’ reasonable judgment or (iii) compliance is not permitted or contemplated by the Approved Budget or is otherwise excused by the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code or an order of the Bankruptcy Court; and (c) maintain, comply with, and keep in full force and effect its Permits with respect to the Collateral pledged by it, except where failure to so comply would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change. Such Borrower shall comply with and maintain all Permits required for the operation of its business, except where failure to so comply would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change.

5.5 **Taxes.** Except to the extent such payment is excused by, or is otherwise prohibited by, the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code or an order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Borrowers shall, and shall cause each Subsidiary to pay in full or discharge all assessments and taxes imposed, levied, or assessed after the Petition Date against any Collateral to be paid in full, before delinquency (giving effect to any extension period), except to the extent that any such assessments and taxes shall be paid pursuant to a Sale Order or the Approved Budget or that is subject to a Permitted Protest.

5.6 **Insurance.** At the Borrowers' sole costs and expense, the Borrowers shall maintain insurance with respect to the Collateral in which the Borrowers have any right, interest, or title, covering loss or damage by fire, theft, explosion, and all other hazards and risks as ordinarily are insured against by other Persons engaged in the same or similar businesses and consistent with the Borrowers' insurance policies in effect on the Petition Date. The Borrowers shall maintain general liability, director's and officer's liability insurance, fiduciary liability insurance, employment practices liability insurance, title insurance as well as insurance against larceny, embezzlement, and criminal misappropriation, consistent with the Borrowers' insurance policies in effect on the Petition Date. All such policies of insurance shall be with responsible and reputable insurance companies and in such amounts as is carried generally in accordance with sound business practice by companies in similar businesses similarly situated and located. The Borrowers shall use their commercially reasonable efforts to cause, within fifteen (15) days following the Effective Date, all property insurance policies covering the Collateral to be made payable to the Lender, in case of loss, pursuant to a standard lender loss payable endorsement with a standard non-contributory "lender" or "secured party" clause and are to contain such other provisions as the Lender may reasonably require to fully protect the Lender's interest in the Collateral and any payments to be made under such policies. The Borrowers shall use their commercially reasonable efforts to cause, within fifteen (15) days following the Effective Date, all certificates of property and general liability insurance are to be delivered to the Lender, with the loss payable (but only in respect of Collateral) and additional insured endorsements in favor of the Lender and shall provide for not less than thirty (30) days (ten (10) days in the case of non-payment) prior written notice to Lender of the exercise of any right of cancellation. If the Borrowers fail to maintain the insurance required by this Section 5.6, the Lender may arrange for such insurance, but at the Borrowers' sole cost and expense and without any responsibility on the Lender's part for obtaining the insurance, the solvency of the insurance companies, the adequacy of the coverage, or the collection of claims. The Borrowers shall give the Lender prompt notice of any loss covered by their casualty or business interruption insurance. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Lender shall have the sole right to file claims under any property and general liability insurance policies in respect of the Collateral, to receive, receipt, and give acquittance for any payments that may be payable thereunder, and to execute any and all endorsements, receipts, releases, assignments, reassignments or other documents that may be necessary to effect the collection, compromise, or settlement of any claims under any such insurance policies.

5.7 **Inspection.** Borrowers shall permit Lender and each of its duly authorized representatives or agents, to visit any of its properties and inspect any of its Collateral or books and records, to examine and make copies of its books and records, and to discuss its affairs, finances, and accounts with, and to be advised as to the same by, its officers and employees at such reasonable times during regular business hours and intervals as Lender may require, in each case other than information subject to confidentiality obligations and/or attorney client or other privilege, provided, that all such visits and inspections shall be made in accordance with the standard safety, visit, and inspection procedures of the Borrowers and their tenants, as applicable, and no such visit or inspection shall unreasonably interfere with the normal business operation of the Borrowers and their tenants, and provided, further that absent the existence of a Default or Event of Default, Lender shall provide Borrowers with reasonable prior notice before any such inspections.

5.8 **Environmental.** The Borrowers shall:

(a) Keep the Collateral owned or operated by it free of any Environmental Liens.

(b) Comply with all applicable Environmental Laws, except where the failure to so comply would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

(c) Promptly notify Lender of any release of which any Borrower has knowledge of a Hazardous Material in any reportable quantity from or onto property owned or operated by such Borrower that would reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

(d) Promptly, but in any event within five (5) Business Days of its receipt thereof, provide Lender with written notice of any of the following: (i) written notice that an Environmental Lien has been filed against any of the Collateral, (ii) commencement of any Environmental Action or written notice that an Environmental Action will be filed against such Borrower, and (iii) written notice of a violation, citation, or other administrative order from a Governmental Authority concerning violations or alleged violations of Environmental Laws, which seeks to impose liability therefor or otherwise would reasonably be expected to cause a Material Adverse Change.

5.9 **Compliance with Laws.** Each Borrower shall comply with the requirements of all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and orders of any Governmental Authority, other than laws, rules, regulations, and orders the non-compliance with which, individually, would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

5.10 **Disclosure Updates.** The Borrowers shall promptly, but in any event within five (5) Business Days after obtaining actual knowledge thereof, notify Lender of any written information, exhibit, or report (other than materials marked as drafts and forward-looking information, projections, estimates, and information of a general economic nature and general information about the Borrowers' industry) furnished (after giving effect to any supplements thereto and when taken as a whole) to Lender contained, at the time it was furnished, any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statements contained therein (taken as a whole) not materially misleading in light of the circumstances in which made. Any notification pursuant to the foregoing provision will not cure or remedy the effect of the prior untrue statement of a material fact or omission of any material fact nor shall any such notification have the effect of amending or modifying this Agreement or any of the Schedules or reports hereto.

5.11 **Further Assurances.** Upon written notice from Lender, the Borrowers shall promptly execute and/or deliver to Lender any and all Security Documents, financing statements, fixture filings, endorsements of certificates of title, mortgages, deeds of trust, leasehold mortgages, and all other documents (collectively, the "Additional Documents") that Lender may request in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Lender, to create, perfect, and continue Lender's Liens in all the Collateral (whether now owned or hereafter arising or acquired, tangible or intangible, real or personal).

5.12 **Approved Budget.** The Borrowers shall comply with the Approved Budget (as updated and supplemented in accordance with this Agreement), subject to the Permitted Variances.

5.13 **Carve Out Reserve; Pre-Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve.** The Borrowers shall deposit and hold in a segregated account the amounts necessary to (a) fund the Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve to pay such then unpaid Allowed Professional Fees prior to any and all other claims and, as applicable (b) satisfy the Carve Out. The Carve Out Trigger Notice Reserve shall be funded by the Borrowers in accordance with the DIP Orders and as set forth in the Approved Budget.

5.14 **Deposit Account Control Agreements.** The Borrowers shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause each relevant financial institution or other person at which each Deposit Account that constitutes Collateral is maintained to, enter into a Deposit Account Control Agreement with respect to such Deposit Account, in each case, promptly, and in no later than thirty (30) days, following the request of Lender at any time after the Effective Date.

5.15 **Material Contracts; Sale Offers.** Other than defaults existing as of the Effective Date which have already been disclosed to Lender or events of public knowledge in the Chapter 11 Cases, any Borrower shall deliver to Lender (a) promptly (but in any event within five (5) Business Days) of a Borrower becoming aware of any default (other than the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases) or other material breach under any Material Contract to which any Borrower is a party, notice of such defaults or breaches, and (b) prompt notification of any written offer by a third party to purchase all or substantially all of the assets of any Borrower or a segment thereof, or to purchase all or substantially all of the equity interests of any Borrower, or otherwise explore or enter into a transaction to acquire a material portion of the assets or equity of the Borrowers outside the Ordinary Course of Business.

## **6. NEGATIVE COVENANTS.**

Each Borrower hereby covenants and agrees that, until termination of the Commitments and the indefeasible payment in full in cash of the Obligations (other than continuing Obligations with respect to indemnification), such Borrower will not do any of the following without the prior written consent of Lender:

6.1 **Indebtedness.** Create, incur, assume, suffer to exist, guarantee, or otherwise become or remain, directly or indirectly, liable with respect to any Indebtedness with respect to the Collateral, except for the following (“Permitted Indebtedness”):

(a) Indebtedness evidenced by this Agreement and the Loan Documents (including the Carve Out);

(b) Indebtedness outstanding as of the Petition Date;

(c) unsecured obligations (contingent or otherwise) of any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries existing or arising under any swap contract, provided, that (i) such obligations are (or were) entered into by such Person in the Ordinary Course of Business for the purpose of directly mitigating risks associated with liabilities, commitments, investments, assets, or property held or reasonably anticipated by such Person, or changes in the value of securities issued by such Person,



and not for purposes of speculation or taking a “market view,” and (ii) such swap contract is not for speculative purposes;

(d) obligations under any cash management agreement and other Indebtedness in respect of netting services, automatic clearinghouse arrangements, overdraft protections, employee credit card programs, and other cash management and similar arrangements incurred in the Ordinary Course of Business;

(e) unsecured Indebtedness consisting of (i) the financing of insurance premiums or (ii) take-or-pay obligations contained in supply arrangements, in each case, incurred in the Ordinary Course of Business;

(f) unsecured Indebtedness incurred by any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries in respect of letters of credit, bank guarantees, bankers’ acceptances, warehouse receipts, or similar instruments issued or created in the Ordinary Course of Business, including in respect of workers compensation claims, health, disability, or other employee benefits or property, casualty, or liability insurance or self-insurance, or other Indebtedness with respect to reimbursement-type obligations regarding workers compensation claims, provided, that upon the drawing of such letter of credit, the reimbursement of obligations in respect of bankers’ acceptances and the incurrence of such Indebtedness, and such obligations are reimbursed promptly (but no more than five (5) Business Days) following such drawing, reimbursement obligation or incurrence;

(g) Indebtedness in respect of surety bonds, performance bonds and other similar obligations incurred in the Ordinary Course of Business;

(h) Indebtedness incurred to finance the acquisition, development, construction, restoration, replacement, rebuilding, maintenance, upgrade or improvement of any fixed or capital assets, including real property, as a lessee under Capital Leases and any Indebtedness assumed in connection with the acquisition of any such assets; provided that such Indebtedness is incurred prior to or within 90 days after such acquisition or the completion of such development, construction, restoration, replacement, rebuilding, maintenance, upgrade or improvement; provided that aggregate principal amount of all such Indebtedness shall not exceed \$500,000 (or such greater amount approved in writing by the Lender in its sole discretion) at any time outstanding;

(i) Indebtedness representing deferred compensation or similar arrangements to current, future or former officers, directors, employees, members of management, or consultants of the Borrowers in the Ordinary Course of Business consistent with past practice;

(j) Indebtedness representing any taxes to the extent such taxes are permitted to not be paid or discharged at such time in accordance with Section 5.5;

(k) Other Indebtedness permitted by the Approved Budget (including any Permitted Variance);

(l) Indebtedness permitted by the DIP Orders, including Adequate Protection claims;

(m) all premiums (if any), interest (including post-petition interest), fees, expenses, charges, and additional or contingent interest on obligations described in clauses (a) through (l) above; or

(n) guarantees with respect to Indebtedness permitted under this Section 6.1.

## 6.2 **Liens**

(a) Create, incur, assume, or suffer to exist on or after the date of this Agreement, directly or indirectly, any Lien on or with respect to any of the Collateral, of any kind, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, or any income or profits therefrom, except for Permitted Liens; or

(b) Create, incur, assume, or suffer to exist on or after the date of this Agreement, directly or indirectly, any Lien that is equal to or superior to the priority of any Liens granted by this Agreement and the DIP Orders to or in favor of the Lender on or with respect to any of the Collateral, of any kind, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, or any income or profits therefrom, except for the Carve Out.

6.3 **Restrictions on Fundamental Changes.** Except in connection with an Acceptable Plan or Acceptable 363 Sale approved by the Bankruptcy Court or otherwise with the prior written consent of Lender, no Borrower shall:

(a) enter into any merger, consolidation, reorganization, or recapitalization, or reclassify its equity interests;

(b) liquidate, wind up, or dissolve itself (or suffer any liquidation or dissolution); or

(c) suspend or close a substantial portion of its business.

6.4 **Disposal of Assets.** Except in connection with an Acceptable Plan or Acceptable 363 Sale, convey, sell, lease, license, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of (or enter into an agreement to convey, sell, lease, license, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of) any Collateral pledged by the Borrowers, other than Permitted Transfers.

6.5 **Change Name.** Change any Borrower's name, state of organization, or organizational identity.

6.6 **Nature of Business.** Make any change in the nature of any Borrower's business or acquire any properties or assets that are not reasonably related to the conduct of such business activities; provided, that the foregoing shall not prevent any Borrower from (a) engaging in any business that is reasonably related or ancillary to its business, or (b) complying with any requirement of the Bankruptcy Code.

6.7 **Material Leases or Contracts; Amendments.** Change or modify (a) the material terms of any material lease or contract in connection with the Collateral except in a manner that

would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change or (b) any of its Organizational Documents in a manner that is adverse to Lender.

6.8 **Change of Control**. Except in connection with an Acceptable Plan or Acceptable 363 Sale, cause, permit, or suffer, directly or indirectly, any Change of Control.

6.9 **Accounting Methods**. Modify or change its fiscal year or its method of accounting (other than as may be required to conform to GAAP).

6.10 **Transactions with Affiliates**. Directly or indirectly enter into or permit to exist any transaction with any Affiliate of any Borrower, except for transactions (a) that are in the Ordinary Course of Business of such Borrower, (b) otherwise approved by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to an order in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Lender, (c) pursuant to arrangements or agreements in effect on the Petition Date, or (d) permitted pursuant to the Approved Budget (including any Permitted Variance).

6.11 **Use of Advances**. Use the proceeds of the Advances for any purpose other than to fund payments, subject in all respects to the Approved Budget and the Permitted Variances, related to the: (a) working capital and other general corporate purposes of the Borrowers, and any other subsidiaries, if applicable, if such subsidiaries are Borrowers; (b) professional fees and expenses of administering the Chapter 11 Cases (including fees incurred prior to the Effective Date) in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and any orders of the Bankruptcy Court, as applicable; (c) fees and expenses payable under this Agreement, including, without limitation, the legal fees and expenses of the Lender (including fees and expenses incurred prior to the Effective Date); and (d) interest and other amounts payable under this Agreement.

6.12 **Limitation on Capital Expenditures**. Except permitted by the Approved Budget (including any Permitted Variance), make or incur any Capital Expenditure.

6.13 **Chapter 11 Cases**. Directly or indirectly, seek, consent, or suffer to exist, without the prior written consent of the Lender, (a) any modification, stay, vacation, or amendment to the DIP Orders, (b) in connection with the Collateral, a priority claim for any administrative expense or unsecured claim against any Borrower (now existing or hereafter arising of any kind or nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, any administrative expense of any kind set forth in Section 503(b), 506(b) or (c) or 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code) equal to or superior to the priority claim of Lender in respect to the Collateral or otherwise, other than those permitted by the DIP Order (including the Carve Out), and (c) any Lien on the Collateral having a priority equal or superior to the Liens in favor of Lender in respect of the Obligations other than as required under a purchase agreement with respect to the good faith deposit thereunder and the Carve Out.

6.14 **Certain Transactions**. Propose or support any chapter 11 plan that is not an Acceptable Plan or any sale of all or substantially all of the assets or equity of the Borrowers that is not an Acceptable 363 Sale.

6.15 **Acquisitions, Loans, or Investments**. Make any acquisition, advance, loan or any other investment of any kind or nature except for the following:

(a) acquisitions of, and advances made in connection with, inventory, equipment, goods or services in the Ordinary Course of Business;

(b) intercompany loans and advances in the Ordinary Course of Business or consistent with past practice;

(c) investments in negotiable instruments deposited or to be deposited for collection in the Ordinary Course of Business;

(d) investments received in settlement of amounts due to any Borrower effected in the Ordinary Course of Business or owing to any Borrower as a result of Insolvency Proceedings involving an account debtor or upon the foreclosure or enforcement of any Lien in favor of a Borrower;

(e) investments in Equity Interests, obligations or securities received in settlement of debts created in the Ordinary Course of Business and owing to any Borrower or in satisfaction of judgments or pursuant to any plan of reorganization or similar arrangement upon the bankruptcy or insolvency of a debtor;

(f) investments in receivables owing to any Borrower created or acquired in the Ordinary Course of Business and payable or dischargeable in accordance with customary trade terms; provided, however, that such trade terms may include such concessionary trade terms as any Borrower deems reasonable under the circumstances;

(g) investments in payroll, travel and similar advances to cover matters that are expected at the time of such advances ultimately to be treated as expenses for accounting purposes and that are made in the Ordinary Course of Business consistent with past practice;

(h) guarantees of operating leases or of other obligations that do not constitute Indebtedness, in each case, in the Ordinary Course of Business;

(i) investments in swap contracts of the type permitted Section 6.1(c);

(j) defined contribution pension scheme, unfunded pension fund, phantom equity, cash-settled equity-based awards and other employee benefit plan obligations and liabilities to the extent that they are permitted to remain unfunded under applicable laws;

(k) investments in any captive insurance subsidiary not to exceed the minimum amount of capitalization required pursuant to regulatory capital requirements; and

(l) other investments permitted by the Approved Budget (including any Permitted Variance).

6.16 **Payments on Indebtedness.** Other than with respect to the Obligations or pursuant to the Approved Budget (including any Permitted Variance), make any payment with respect to any Indebtedness.

6.17 **Distributions or Redemptions.** Pay any dividends or distributions on, or make any redemptions of, any equity interest of any Borrower; provided that the foregoing shall not prevent any wholly-owned Subsidiary (other than JHC) from making any distribution to its direct parent.

6.18 **Formation of Subsidiaries.** Form any direct or indirect Subsidiary or acquire any direct or indirect Subsidiary after the Effective Date, without the prior written consent of Lender in its sole discretion, unless such Subsidiary is joined as a Borrower under this Agreement.

## 7. **EVENTS OF DEFAULT.**

7.1 **Event of Default.** Any one or more of the following events shall constitute an event of default upon giving any applicable notice (if required) and the expiration of the applicable cure period (if any) (each, an “Event of Default”) under this Agreement:

(a) the entry of the Final Order shall have occurred no later than 35 days after the Petition Date;

(b) the Borrowers fail to comply with any of the following milestones:

(i) No later than two (2) days after the Petition Date, the Debtors shall have filed a motion (the “Sale and Bidding Procedures Motion”) to sell, and to approve bidding procedures for the sale of substantially all of the Debtors’ assets (the “Assets”);

(ii) No later than five (5) days after the Petition Date, the Court shall have entered the Interim DIP Order in form and substance satisfactory to the DIP Lender;

(iii) No later than seventeen (17) days after the Petition Date, the Court shall have entered an order (the “Bidding Procedures Order”) approving the bidding procedures set forth in the Sale and Bidding Procedures Motion;

(iv) No later than 35 days after the Petition Date, the Court shall have entered the Final DIP Order in form and substance satisfactory to the DIP Lender;

(v) No later than fifty (50) days after the Petition Date, all competing bids under the Bidding Procedures Order shall have been submitted;

(vi) No later than fifty-eight (58) days after the Petition Date, the Court shall have entered an order (the “Sale Order”) approving the sale of all or substantially all of the Assets; and

(vii) No later than sixty-three (63) days after the Petition Date, the Debtors shall have consummated a Sale Transaction for all of Debtors’ Assets;

(c) any Borrower shall fail to pay when due and payable, any principal (including, without limitation, pursuant to Section 2.4(d)), interest, or any Fees, Lender Expenses, or any other Obligations under this Agreement or any other Loan Document;

(d) any Borrower shall fail to comply with its obligations under (i) Sections 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.8, 5.11, 6, or 8;

(e) other than as set forth in any other sub-section of this Section 7.1, any Borrower shall fail to perform, or otherwise breach, any of its covenants or obligations contained in this Agreement, which failure or breach shall continue for fifteen (15) days after the earlier to occur of (i) the date on which such failure to comply is known to any officer of such Borrower, and (ii) the date on which the Lender shall have notified such Borrower or its applicable representative of such failure; provided, however, that such fifteen (15) day grace period shall not apply in the case of any failure that is not capable of being cured at all or within such fifteen (15) day period;

(f) any representation or warranty made by any Borrower in this Agreement or in any agreement, certificate, instrument, financial statement, or other statement delivered to Lender pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement shall prove to have been incorrect in any material respect when made or deemed made;

(g) except upon Lender's prior written request or with Lender's express prior written consent (and no such consent shall be implied from any other action, inaction, or acquiescence of Lender), any Borrower shall file a motion with the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction seeking an order (or such order is otherwise entered), that by its terms modifies, reverses, revokes, stays, rescinds, vacates, or amends the DIP Order (or any material provision thereof), this Agreement, any other Loan Documents, or the relief or transactions otherwise contemplated in the foregoing Loan Documents (or, in each case, purports to effect any of the foregoing);

(h) the occurrence of a Change of Control;

(i) without the prior written consent of Lender, any Borrower shall file, or the Bankruptcy Court shall otherwise order, grant, confirm, or approve (including any approval on an interim or conditional basis), as applicable, (i) any motion seeking approval of a sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Borrowers that is not an Acceptable 363 Sale; or (ii) any chapter 11 plan or related disclosure statement (including any amendment, modification or supplement to such plan or disclosure statement), that is not an Acceptable Plan;

(j) except with respect to the Carve Out, any Borrower shall file any motion or application, or the Bankruptcy Court allows the motion or application of any other Person, which seeks approval for or allowance of any claim, lien, or security interest ranking equal or senior in priority to the claims, liens, and security interests granted to Lender under the DIP Orders, or with respect to the Collateral or any such equal or prior claim, lien, or security interest shall be established in any manner, except, in any case, as expressly permitted under the DIP Orders;

(k) one or more final non-appealable judgments (and the same shall remain undischarged for a period of thirty (30) consecutive calendar days during which execution shall not be effectively stayed) and orders for the payment of money exceeding \$100,000 in the aggregate (in each case to the extent not paid or covered by insurance or indemnities as to which the insurer or indemnifying party has been notified of such judgment or order and the applicable

insurance company or indemnifying party has not denied coverage thereof) shall be rendered against any Borrower and shall be subject to immediate collection and remain unsatisfied;

(l) any damage to, or loss, theft or destruction of, any Collateral having a value in excess of \$500,000 in the aggregate, unless such Collateral is insured in amounts acceptable to Lender, the insurance company has been notified of the occurrence of such event and has not denied coverage thereof and the claim has been settled within 30 days (or such longer time as Lender may agree) of the occurrence of such event;

(m) the occurrence of any default or event of default under the DIP Orders and the continuance thereof after any applicable grace or cure period provided in the DIP Orders, if any, or granted by order of the Bankruptcy Court;

(n) the entry of an order appointing a trustee or an examiner having expanded powers (beyond those set forth under Sections 1106(a)(3) and (4) of the Bankruptcy Code) under Section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code (other than a fee examiner) in the Chapter 11 Cases, or the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered an order providing for such appointment, in each case without the prior written consent of Lender in its sole discretion;

(o) the entry of an order which provides relief from the automatic stay otherwise imposed pursuant to Section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, which order permits any creditor or party in interest, other than Lender (other than any creditor or party in interest having a Lien on specific Collateral that is senior to Lender), to realize upon, or to exercise any right or remedy with respect to, any of the Collateral with a value in excess of \$500,000;

(p) the entry of an order (i) surcharging any of the Collateral under Sections 105, 506(c), or any other section of the Bankruptcy Code or applicable law; (ii) allowing any administrative expense claim having priority over or ranking in parity with Lender's claims or rights (subject to the Carve Out) under the Loan Documents; or (iii) otherwise adversely impacting Lender's Liens and priority in the Collateral, as set forth in Section 8 of this Agreement and the DIP Order;

(q) the conversion of any Chapter 11 Case to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, or the dismissal of any Chapter 11 Case or any subsequent case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, either voluntarily or involuntarily, and the Obligations are not indefeasibly paid in full in cash at the time of such conversion or dismissal;

(r) the DIP Orders, or any material provision thereof, (i) cease to be in full force and effect from and after the date of entry thereof by the Bankruptcy Court or (ii) are modified, reversed, revoked, remanded, stayed, rescinded, vacated, or amended on appeal or by the Bankruptcy Court without the prior written consent of Lender (and no such consent shall be implied from any other authorization or acquiescence by Lender);

(s) any Borrower brings any action to, or otherwise supports such action to, (i) challenge the rights and remedies of Lender under this Agreement or any other Loan Document in the Chapter 11 Cases or acts in a manner inconsistent with the Loan Documents or (ii) avoid or require disgorgement by Lender of any amounts received in respect of the Obligations;

(t) any Borrower shall seek, or the Bankruptcy Court shall enter, an order authorizing any Borrower to obtain financing from a Person other than Lender pursuant to Section 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, unless (i) Lender consents in writing to such financing, or (ii) Lender is indefeasibly paid in full in cash in connection with such financing;

(u) any Borrower shall make any material payments in respect of prepetition obligations other than (i) as permitted by the DIP Orders, (ii) as permitted by any “first day” or “second day” orders satisfactory to Lender (and Lender acknowledges that all orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court as of the Effective Date are satisfactory to it), (iii) as permitted by any other order of the Bankruptcy Court satisfactory to Lender, (iv) as permitted under this Agreement or any other Loan Documents in accordance with the Approved Budget (subject to Permitted Variance), or (v) as otherwise agreed to by Lender in writing before such payment is made;

(v) the entry of an order by the Bankruptcy Court terminating or modifying the exclusive right of any Borrower to file a chapter 11 plan pursuant to Section 1121 of the Bankruptcy Code, without the prior written consent of Lender;

(w) any Borrower shall seek, or support any other person’s motion, to (i) disallow in whole or in part the Obligations, (ii) challenge the validity and enforceability of Lender’s Liens, or (iii) contest any material provision of this Agreement or any Loan Document;

(x) the entry of an order granting the relief sought in a motion which seeks to prosecute or settle a claim or controversy on account of, or that is part of, the Collateral (including, without limitation, any commercial tort claims held by any Borrower or its estate), without the prior written consent of Lender;

(y) the Borrowers shall fail to execute and deliver to the Lender any agreement, financing statement, trademark filing, copyright filing, notices of lien or similar instruments or other documents that the Lender may reasonably request from time to time to more fully evidence, confirm, validate, perfect, preserve and enforce the Liens created in favor of the Lender, subject to the time periods and terms set forth in this Agreement; or

(z) any Variance Report shall indicate a Prohibited Variance.

## 7.2 **Rights and Remedies.**

Subject to the terms of the DIP Orders (including, as applicable, Borrowers’ rights with respect to the Remedies Notice and the Waiting Period (each as defined in the DIP Orders)), upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, and notwithstanding Section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code and without further order of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction or the initiation of any further proceeding with Borrowers, in addition to taking any other action or exercising any other rights or remedies (including, without limitation, with respect to the Liens in favor of the Lender) provided for hereunder or under any Loan Document (including the DIP Orders) or by the UCC or any other applicable law, Lender may do any one or more of the following:

(i) declare the Obligations, whether evidenced by this Agreement or by any Loan Document, are due and payable, and the Commitments are terminated,



whereupon the Obligations shall become and be immediately due and payable, without presentment, demand, protest, further notice, or other requirements of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived by the Borrowers;

(ii) terminate, restrict, or reduce Borrowers' ability to use Cash Collateral as provided by the DIP Orders;

(iii) charge interest at the Default Rate;

(iv) obtain and liquidate the Collateral, it being understood and agreed that (1) if notice of disposition of any personal property Collateral is required by law, ten (10) days prior notice by Lender to Borrowers designating the time and place of any public sale or the time after which any private sale or other intended disposition of such personal property Collateral is to be made, shall be deemed to be reasonable notice thereof and shall constitute "authenticated notice of disposition" within the meaning of Section 9-611 of the UCC, and Borrowers hereby waive any other notice, (2) Lender may foreclose upon any real property Collateral in the manner provided by applicable law, (3) Lender may bid for and purchase any real or personal property Collateral at any public sale and (4) Lender may bid and purchase any personal property Collateral at a private sale if the Collateral in question has a readily ascertainable market value;

(v) exercise all voting and consensual rights and powers on account of any pledged securities;

(vi) require Borrowers to assemble all of the Collateral constituting personal property without judicial process pursuant to Section 9-609 of the UCC;

(vii) take possession of all Collateral constituting tangible personal property without judicial process pursuant to Section 9-609 of the UCC; and

(viii) exercise any of its other rights and remedies under the Loan Documents, any rights granted under the Final Order, and applicable law.

7.3 **Application of Proceeds upon Event of Default.** Lender shall apply the cash proceeds actually received from any foreclosure sale, other disposition of the Collateral upon an Event of Default as follows: (a) first, to fund the Carve Out (to the extent not fully funded by Borrowers at such time), (b) second, to the Lender Expenses consisting of reasonable and documented attorneys' fees and all reasonable and documented expenses (including, but not limited to, court costs, advertising expenses, auctioneer's fees, premiums for any required bonds, auditor's fees, amounts advanced for taxes, and other expenses) incurred by Lender in attempting to enforce this Agreement or in the prosecution or defense of any action or proceeding related to the subject matter of this Agreement; (c) third, to the discharge of any accrued but unpaid Fees, (d) fourth, to the discharge of any accrued but unpaid interest on the Obligations, (e) fifth, to the outstanding principal balance of any Obligations, and (f) sixth, to pay any remaining surplus to Borrowers or as otherwise directed by the Bankruptcy Court.

7.4 **Remedies Cumulative.** The rights and remedies of Lender under this Agreement, the Loan Documents, and all other agreements shall be cumulative. Lender shall have all rights

and remedies not inconsistent herewith or with the DIP Orders, as provided under the UCC, by law, or in equity. No exercise by Lender of one right or remedy shall be deemed an election, and no waiver by Lender of any Event of Default shall be deemed a continuing waiver. No delay by Lender shall constitute a waiver, election, or acquiescence by it.

## 8. COLLATERAL SECURITY.

### 8.1 Grant of Security Interest in the Collateral; Superpriority Claims.

(a) Except for the Permitted Liens, subject to the terms and conditions of, and entry of, the DIP Orders, to secure the payment and performance of the Obligations, each Borrower hereby (i) grants, collaterally pledges, and assigns to Lender a fully perfected first lien on and security interest in all of each Borrower's right, title and interest in and to the Collateral (subject to the Carve Out ), (ii) grants to Lender Superpriority Claims in the Chapter 11 Cases for the repayment of the Obligations.

(b) In the event any of the Collateral is transferred to any Borrower, such transfer shall be subject in all respects to Lender's Liens.

(c) Nothing herein shall be construed to impair the ability of Lender to object to the fees, expenses, reimbursement, or compensation described in the definition in the DIP Orders of the term Carve Out on any grounds.

8.2 Representations and Warranties in Connection with Security Interest. Each Borrower represents and warrants to the Lender as follows, that subject to the entry of the DIP Orders:

(a) The Borrowers have the full right and power to grant to the Lender a perfected, security interest and Lien, in accordance with the Required Lien Priority, on the Borrowers' respective interests in the Collateral pursuant to this Agreement and the other Loan Documents;

(b) Upon execution of this Agreement, the Lender will have valid and automatically perfected Liens and security interests in the Collateral granted by the applicable Borrower, in accordance with the Required Lien Priority, subject to no transfer or other restrictions or Liens of any kind in favor of any other Person, other than restrictions or Liens expressly permitted by Section 6.2; provided that, notwithstanding the automatic perfection and priority of Lender's Liens under the DIP Orders, Lender may, in its sole discretion, file any financing statements and other appropriate filings or recordations and/or delivery of any necessary certificates, as applicable, in respect of the Collateral and the Liens granted hereunder (including, without limitation, as contemplated in Section 8.6);

(c) As of the Effective Date, no financing statement, mortgage, or any other evidence of lien relating to any of the Collateral granted by such Borrower is on file in any public office except those on behalf of the Lender, other than the filings made by the Prepetition Secured Parties and in respect of Liens expressly permitted by Section 6.2; and

(d) As of the Effective Date, such Borrower is not party or otherwise subject to any agreement, document or instrument that conflicts with this Section 8.2 unless enforcement of such agreement, document or instrument is stayed by the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases or performance thereunder is otherwise excused by the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code or an order of the Bankruptcy Court.

8.3 **Superpriority Nature of Obligations and Liens.** The Liens and Superpriority Claims referred to in Section 8.1 shall have the priority afforded to such Liens and Superpriority Claims in the DIP Orders.

8.4 **Power of Attorney.** Lender is hereby irrevocably made, constituted and appointed the true and lawful attorney for each Borrower (without requiring Lender to act as such) with full power of substitution to, do the following (which appointment is irrevocable and coupled with an interest): subject to the DIP Orders, (a) execute in the name of such Person any financing statements, schedules, assignments, instruments, documents, and statements that it is or they or are obligated to give Lender under any of the Loan Documents; (b) do such other and further lawful acts and deeds in the name of such Person that Lender may deem necessary or desirable to perfect Lender's security interest or lien in any Collateral or (c) after the occurrence of an Event of Default which is continuing, (i) enforce an Account, (ii) exercise any voting or consensual rights with respect to the pledged securities, (iii) settle, compromise, compound, adjust or defend any actions, suits or proceedings relating to all or any of the Collateral, (iv) notify, or to require any Borrower to notify, account debtors to make payment directly to Lender, (v) make, settle and adjust claims in respect of Collateral under policies of insurance, indorsing the name of such Borrower on any check, draft, instrument or other item of payment for the proceeds of such policies of insurance and for making all determinations and decisions with respect thereto; provided that, nothing herein contained shall be construed as requiring or obligating Lender to make any commitment or to make any inquiry as to the nature or sufficiency of any payment received by Lender, or to present or file any claim or notice, or to take any action with respect to the Collateral or any part thereof or the moneys due or to become due in respect thereof or any property covered thereby, or (vi) commence and prosecute any and all suits, actions or proceedings at law or in equity in any court of competent jurisdiction to collect or otherwise realize on all or any of the Collateral or to enforce any rights in respect of any Collateral. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the foregoing power of attorney is a right and not an obligation of Lender and neither Lender nor its officers, directors, employees or agents shall be responsible to any Borrower for failure to exercise any of the foregoing rights.

8.5 **Lender's Ability to Perform Obligations on Behalf of Borrower with Respect to the Collateral.** Lender shall have the right, but not the obligation, to perform on the Borrowers' behalf, any or all of the Borrowers' obligations under this Agreement with respect to the Collateral, when such obligations are due, at the expense, for the account, and at the sole risk of such Borrower.

8.6 **Filing of Financing Statements.** Each Borrower irrevocably authorizes the Lender without notice to such Borrower to prepare and file financing statements provided for by the UCC, including, without limitation, describing such property as "all assets, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, developed or created" or words of similar effect, to perfect the Lender's security interest in the Collateral, in all jurisdictions in which the Lender believes in its sole opinion that such filing is appropriate. Each Borrower also irrevocably authorizes the Lender to file such continuation statements and amendments and to take such other action as may be required or

appropriate, in either case in Lender's sole judgment, in order to perfect and to continue the perfection of Lender's security interests in the Collateral, unless prohibited by law.

8.7 **No Discharge; Survival of Claims.** Pursuant to Section 1141(d)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code, each Borrower hereby waives any discharge of the Obligations with respect to any chapter 11 plan that is not an Acceptable Plan.

## 9. WAIVERS; INDEMNIFICATION.

9.1 **Demand; Protest; etc.** To the extent permitted by applicable law or as expressly required pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, each Borrower hereby waives demand, protest, notice of protest, notice of default or dishonor, notice of payment and nonpayment, nonpayment at maturity, release, compromise, settlement, extension, or renewal of documents, instruments, chattel paper, and guarantees at any time held by Lender on which such Borrower may in any way be liable.

9.2 **Lender's Liability for Collateral.** As long as Lender complies with its obligations, if any, under the UCC, Lender shall not in any way or manner be liable or responsible for: (a) the safekeeping of the Collateral, (b) any loss or damage thereto occurring or arising in any manner or fashion from any cause, (c) any diminution in the value thereof, or (d) any act or default of any carrier, warehouseman, bailee, forwarding agency, or other Person. All risk of loss, damage, or destruction of the Collateral shall be borne by Borrowers, except any thereof resulting from the gross negligence, bad faith, fraud, or willful misconduct of Lender or its representatives or agents as finally determined by the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction.

9.3 **Indemnification.** Borrowers shall pay, indemnify, defend, and hold any Lender Related Person (each, an "Indemnified Person") harmless (to the fullest extent permitted by law) for any losses, claims, damages, liabilities, expenses, penalties, fines, actions, judgements, and disbursements of any kind or nature whatsoever (including reasonable and documented out of pocket fees and disbursements of attorneys, experts, consultants, and all other costs and expenses actually incurred in connection therewith or in connection with the enforcement of this indemnification (as and when they are incurred and irrespective of whether suit is brought)), at any time asserted against imposed upon, or incurred by any of them (a) in connection with, as a result of, or related to the execution and delivery, enforcement, performance, or administration (including any restructuring or workout with respect hereto) of this Agreement, any of the Loan Documents, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby or the monitoring of Borrowers' compliance with the terms of the Loan Documents, (b) with respect to any investigation, litigation, or proceeding related to this Agreement, any Loan Document, or the use of the proceeds of the credit provided hereunder (irrespective of whether any Indemnified Person is a party thereto), or any act, omission, event, or circumstance in any manner related thereto, and (c) in connection with or arising out of any presence or release of Hazardous Materials at, on, under, to or from any Collateral or any Environmental Actions, Environmental Liabilities, or Remedial Actions related in any way to any Collateral (each and all of the foregoing, the "Indemnified Liabilities"). The foregoing notwithstanding, Borrowers shall have no obligation to any Indemnified Person under this Section 9.3 with respect to any Indemnified Liability that the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction finally determines to have resulted from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Indemnified Person. This provision shall survive the

termination of this Agreement and the repayment of the Obligations. If any Indemnified Person makes any payment to any other Indemnified Person with respect to an Indemnified Liability as to which any Borrower was required to indemnify the Indemnified Person receiving such payment, the Indemnified Person making such payment is entitled to be indemnified and reimbursed by such Borrower with respect thereto. **WITHOUT LIMITATION OF THE FOREGOING, THE INDEMNITY ABOVE SHALL APPLY TO EACH INDEMNIFIED PERSON WITH RESPECT TO INDEMNIFIED LIABILITIES WHICH IN WHOLE OR IN PART ARE CAUSED BY OR ARISE OUT OF ANY NEGLIGENT ACT OR OMISSION OF SUCH INDEMNIFIED PERSON EXCEPT FOR ANY ACT OR OMISSION THAT CONSTITUTES GROSS NEGLIGENCE OR WILLFUL MISCONDUCT OF SUCH INDEMNIFIED PERSON.**

## 10. NOTICES.

All notices or demands relating to this Agreement or any Loan Document shall be in writing and shall be personally delivered or sent by registered or certified mail (postage prepaid, return receipt requested), overnight courier, or electronic mail (at such email addresses as a party may designate in accordance herewith). In the case of notices or demands to any party hereunder or any service of process to any party hereunder, they shall be sent to the respective addresses set forth below:

If to the Borrowers:

c/o Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC  
1725 Montgomery St. FL 3  
San Francisco, CA 94111-1018  
Attention: General Counsel  
Email: Legal@brightmark.com

with a copy to (which shall not constitute notice):

Potter Anderson & Corroon LLP  
1313 North Market Street, 6th Floor  
Wilmington, Delaware 19801  
Attn: Jeremy W. Ryan, R. Stephen McNeill  
Email: jryan@potteranderson.com,  
rmcneill@potteranderson.com

If to the Lender:

Brightmark Plastic Ashley Holdco LLC  
1725 Montgomery St., FL 3  
San Francisco, CA 94111-1018  
Attention: General Counsel  
Email: Legal@brightmark.com

with a copy to (which shall not constitute notice):

Kilpatrick Townsend & Stockton LLP  
Attn: Mr. Paul Rosenblatt  
1100 Peachtree Street NE  
Suite 2800  
Atlanta, GA 30345  
E-mail: [prosenblatt@ktslaw.com](mailto:prosenblatt@ktslaw.com)

Any party hereto may change the address at which they are to receive notices hereunder, by notice in writing in the foregoing manner given to the other party. All notices or demands sent in accordance with this Section 10, shall be deemed received on the earlier of the date of actual receipt or five (5) Business Days after the deposit thereof certified, return receipt requested in the mail; provided, that (a) notices sent by overnight courier service shall be deemed to have been given when received, and (b) notices by electronic mail shall be deemed received when sent upon confirmation of transmission as evidenced by a delivery receipt or similar electronic mail function.

#### **11. CHOICE OF LAW AND VENUE; JURY TRIAL WAIVER.**

(a) THE VALIDITY OF THIS AGREEMENT AND THE LOAN DOCUMENTS (UNLESS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED TO THE CONTRARY IN THE LOAN DOCUMENT IN RESPECT OF SUCH OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT), THE CONSTRUCTION, INTERPRETATION, AND ENFORCEMENT HEREOF AND THEREOF, AND THE RIGHTS OF THE PARTIES HERETO AND THERETO WITH RESPECT TO ALL MATTERS ARISING HEREUNDER OR THEREUNDER OR RELATED HERETO OR THERETO SHALL BE DETERMINED UNDER, GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE.

(b) THE PARTIES AGREE THAT ALL ACTIONS OR PROCEEDINGS ARISING IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS SHALL BE TRIED AND LITIGATED ONLY IN THE BANKRUPTCY COURT. BORROWERS AND LENDER HEREBY WAIVE, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED UNDER APPLICABLE LAW, ANY RIGHT EACH MAY HAVE TO ASSERT THE DOCTRINE OF FORUM NON CONVENIENS OR TO OBJECT TO VENUE TO THE EXTENT ANY PROCEEDING IS BROUGHT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION 11(b); PROVIDED, FURTHER, HOWEVER, THAT ALL PARTIES HEREBY AGREE THAT THEY HAVE CONSENTED TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE BANKRUPTCY COURT AND THAT THE BANKRUPTCY COURT WILL RETAIN EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION WITH RESPECT TO ALL DISPUTES SO LONG AS THE CHAPTER 11 CASES REMAINS PENDING.

(c) **BORROWERS AND LENDER HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVE ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THE LOAN DOCUMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED THEREBY AND AGREE THAT ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING SHALL BE TRIED BEFORE A COURT AND NOT BEFORE A JURY. BORROWERS AND LENDER ACKNOWLEDGE THAT THIS WAIVER IS A MATERIAL INDUCEMENT TO ENTER INTO A BUSINESS RELATIONSHIP, THAT EACH HAS RELIED ON THE WAIVER IN ENTERING INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND THE LOAN DOCUMENTS, AND THAT EACH WILL**

**CONTINUE TO RELY ON THIS WAIVER IN THEIR RELATED FUTURE DEALINGS. BORROWERS AND LENDER EACH WARRANTS AND REPRESENTS THAT IT HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY OF REVIEWING THIS JURY WAIVER WITH LEGAL COUNSEL, AND THAT IT KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WAIVES ITS JURY TRIAL RIGHTS.**

**12. AMENDMENTS; WAIVERS; SUCCESSORS.**

12.1 **Amendments and Waivers.** No amendment, waiver, or other modification of any provision of this Agreement or any Loan Document, and no consent with respect to any departure therefrom, shall be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by Lender and Borrowers that are party thereto and then any such waiver or consent shall be effective, but only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given.

12.2 **No Waivers; Cumulative Remedies.** No failure by Lender to exercise any right, remedy, or option under this Agreement or any Loan Document, or delay by Lender in exercising the same, will operate as a waiver thereof. No waiver by Lender will be effective unless it is in writing, and then only to the extent specifically stated. No waiver by Lender on any occasion shall affect or diminish Lender's rights thereafter to require strict performance by Borrowers of any provision of this Agreement. Lender's rights under this Agreement and the Loan Documents will be cumulative and not exclusive of any other right or remedy that Lender may have.

12.3 **Successors.** This Agreement shall bind and inure to the benefit of the respective successors and permitted assigns of each of the parties; provided, that no Borrower may assign this Agreement or any rights or duties hereunder without Lender's prior written consent and such consent shall not, unless otherwise provided in such consent, release such Borrower from its Obligations. Any assignment by such Borrower which is not explicitly permitted hereunder shall be void *ab initio*. Lender (with the consent of Borrowers, which shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed, nor shall such consent be required if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, and which consent shall be deemed given if Borrowers do not respond to such request within three (3) Business Days) may freely assign all or part of its rights and duties hereunder to any Person.

**13. GENERAL PROVISIONS.**

13.1 **Effectiveness.** This Agreement shall be binding and deemed effective when executed by Borrowers and Lender.

13.2 **Section Headings.** Headings and numbers have been set forth herein for convenience only. Unless the contrary is compelled by the context, everything contained in each Section applies equally to this entire Agreement.

13.3 **Interpretation.** Neither this Agreement nor any uncertainty or ambiguity herein shall be construed against Lender or Borrowers, whether under any rule of construction or otherwise. On the contrary, this Agreement has been reviewed by all parties and shall be construed and interpreted according to the ordinary meaning of the words used so as to accomplish fairly the purposes and intentions of all parties hereto.

13.4 **Severability of Provisions.** Each provision of this Agreement shall be severable from every other provision of this Agreement for the purpose of determining the legal enforceability of any specific provision.

13.5 **Debtor-Creditor Relationship.** The relationship between Lender, on the one hand, and Borrowers, on the other hand, is solely that of creditor and debtor, as applicable. Lender has not (and shall not be deemed to have) any fiduciary relationship or duty to Borrowers arising out of or in connection with the Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated thereby, and there is no agency or joint venture relationship between Lender, on the one hand, and Borrowers, on the other hand, by virtue of any Loan Document or any transaction contemplated therein.

13.6 **Counterparts; Electronic Execution.** This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties on separate counterparts, each of which, when executed and delivered, shall be deemed to be an original, and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute but one and the same agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Agreement by facsimile or other electronic method of transmission shall be equally as effective as delivery of an original executed counterpart of this Agreement. Any party delivering an executed counterpart of this Agreement by facsimile or other electronic method of transmission also shall deliver an original executed counterpart of this Agreement but the failure to deliver an original executed counterpart shall not affect the validity, enforceability, and binding effect of this Agreement. The foregoing shall apply to each other Loan Document *mutatis mutandis*.

13.7 **Revival and Reinstatement of Obligations.** If the incurrence or payment of the Obligations by Borrowers or the transfer to Lender of any property should for any reason subsequently be asserted, or declared, to be void or voidable under any state or federal law relating to creditors' rights, including provisions of the Bankruptcy Code relating to fraudulent conveyances, preferences, or other voidable or recoverable payments of money or transfers of property (each, a "Voidable Transfer"), and if Lender is required to repay or restore, in whole or in part, any such Voidable Transfer, or elects to do so upon the reasonable advice of its counsel, then, as to any such Voidable Transfer, or the amount thereof that Lender is required or elects to repay or restore, and as to all reasonable, documented, and actual out-of-pocket costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees of Lender related thereto, the liability of Borrowers automatically shall be revived, reinstated, and restored and shall exist as though such Voidable Transfer had never been made.

13.8 **Lender Expenses.** Subject to the applicable provisions of the DIP Orders, if any, the Borrowers hereby agree to pay any and all Lender Expenses promptly after written demand therefor by Lender and that such Obligations shall survive payment or satisfaction in full of all other Obligations.

13.9 **Integration.** This Agreement, together with the other Loan Documents, reflects the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby and shall not be contradicted or qualified by any other agreement, oral or written, before the date hereof.

#### **14. JOINT AND SEVERAL OBLIGATIONS.**



IN ADDITION TO, AND WITHOUT LIMITING ANY TERM OR PROVISION OF, THIS AGREEMENT, ALL OBLIGATIONS HEREUNDER AND UNDER THE LOAN DOCUMENTS OF EACH BORROWER IS JOINT AND SEVERAL. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE OBLIGATIONS OF EACH BORROWER SHALL NOT BE AFFECTED BY (A) THE FAILURE OF LENDER TO ASSERT ANY CLAIM OR DEMAND OR TO ENFORCE OR EXERCISE ANY RIGHT OR REMEDY AGAINST ANY OTHER BORROWER UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THIS AGREEMENT, ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT OR OTHERWISE, (B) ANY RESCISSION, WAIVER, AMENDMENT OR MODIFICATION OF, OR ANY RELEASE FROM ANY OF THE TERMS OR PROVISIONS OF, THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT, OR (C) THE FAILURE TO PERFECT ANY SECURITY INTEREST IN, OR THE RELEASE OF, ANY OF THE COLLATERAL OR OTHER SECURITY HELD BY LENDER.

**15. ADDITIONAL BORROWERS.**

In the event a Borrower is added to this Agreement as required hereunder, all references herein to the Borrowers shall also apply to any such additional Borrower, including, without limitation and to the extent applicable, the granting of a security interest in the Collateral and all representations, warranties, covenants and other obligations of the Borrowers hereunder.

**16. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN INFORMATION.**

Lender agrees to use reasonable precautions to keep confidential, in accordance with its customary procedures for handling confidential information of the same nature, all non-public information regarding any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries pursuant to this Agreement which (a) is clearly identified by such Person as being confidential at the time the same is delivered to Lender or (b) constitutes any financial statement, financial projections or forecasts, budget, compliance certificate, audit report, management letter or accountants' certification delivered hereunder ("Information"); provided, however, that nothing herein shall limit the disclosure of any such Information (i) to any Lender Related Person as need to know such Information, (ii) to the extent required by applicable laws or regulations or by any subpoena or similar legal process, or requested by any bank regulatory authority, (iii) to auditors or accountants, and any analogous counterpart thereof, (iv) in connection with any litigation to which Lender is a party arising from or related to this Agreement or the Loan Documents, (v) to the extent such Information (A) becomes publicly available other than as a result of a breach of this Agreement, (B) becomes available to Lender on a confidential basis from a source other than any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, so long as such source is not known by Lender to be bound by obligations of confidentiality with respect to such Information, or (C) was available to Lender on a non-confidential basis prior its disclosure to Lender by any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, or any of their advisors, and (vi) to the extent that any Borrower shall have consented to such disclosure in writing.

[Signature pages follow]

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed and delivered as of the date first above written.

**BORROWERS:**

BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS RENEWAL LLC, a  
Delaware limited liability company

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: Bob Powell

Title: CEO

BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS RENEWAL SERVICES  
LLC, an Indiana limited liability company

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: Bob Powell

Title: CEO

BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS RENEWAL INDIANA  
LLC, an Indiana limited liability company

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: Bob Powell

Title: CEO

[Signature Page to Secured, Super-Priority DIP Loan and Security Agreement]

**LENDER:**

BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS ASHLEY HOLDCO  
LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Justin Goldstein  
Title: CFO

**EXHIBIT A**

**Form of Compliance Certificate**

Date: \_\_\_\_\_, 2025

This Compliance Certificate (this “Certificate”) is given to Brightmark Plastic Ashley Holdco LLC (together with its successors and assigns, “Lender”), by Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “Borrower Representative”), for itself and on behalf of the other Borrowers party to that certain Secured, Super-Priority Debtor-In-Possession Loan and Security Agreement dated as of March [\_\_], 2025 (as the same has been amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time through the date hereof, the “Loan Agreement”), by and among the Borrower Representative, the other Borrowers from time to time party thereto and Lender. Capitalized terms used in this Certificate without definition shall have the same meanings herein as they have in the Loan Agreement. This Certificate constitutes a Loan Document.

The Borrower Representative, for itself and on behalf of each of the other Borrowers, hereby certifies that:

(a) The representations and warranties of each Borrower contained in the Loan Agreement and in the other Loan Documents are true and correct in all material respects (except that such materiality qualifier shall not be applicable to any representations and warranties that already are qualified or modified by materiality in the text thereof) on and as of the date of this Certificate, as though made on and as of such date (except to the extent that such representations and warranties relate solely to an earlier date).

(b) No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing on the date of this Certificate, nor shall either result from the making of the Advance requested in connection with this Certificate;

(c) The applicable DIP Orders remain in full force and effect on the date hereof and have not been, from the time of the entry of such orders, modified or amended (unless otherwise approved by Lender), reversed, stayed, or subject to a motion for re-argument or reconsideration, or appealed; and

(d) No injunction, writ, restraining order, or other order of any nature restricting or prohibiting, directly or indirectly, the Loans has been issued and remains in force by any Governmental Authority against any Borrower.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Borrower Representative has caused this Certificate to be executed as of the date first written above.

**BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS ASHLEY HOLDCO  
LLC**

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Exhibit A-2

**EXHIBIT B**

**Approved Budget**

See attached.

Exhibit B-1

## EXHIBIT C

### Reporting Requirements

(a) **Financial Reports.** Borrowers shall furnish to Lender, which, subject to the following sentence, shall be in a form satisfactory to Lender, as soon as available and in any event within 35 days after the end of each calendar month or, in the case of the last calendar month of each fiscal quarter, 45 days after the end of such calendar month:

(i) unaudited consolidated financial statements for such calendar month or quarter, as applicable, of Borrowers consisting of a balance sheet, and related statements of income and cash flows, all of which shall be certified on behalf of Borrowers by an Authorized Person as being in compliance with this paragraph (a); and

(ii) solely with respect to the last month of each fiscal quarter, a management report signed by an Authorized Person of Borrowers, describing in reasonable detail Borrowers' operations and financial condition for such quarter.

Delivery of the monthly operating reports required to be filed in the Chapter 11 Cases as and when required thereunder shall satisfy the requirement of this clause (a).

All financial statements shall be prepared, and shall be complete and correct in all material respects, and fairly presenting in all material respects, in each case in accordance with GAAP, consistently applied, the financial position and results of operations of Borrowers on a consolidated basis, in each case, subject to the absence of footnote disclosure and may be subject to normal year-end adjustments.

(b) **Other Materials.** Borrowers shall furnish to Lender as soon as available and in any event within five (5) Business Days after the preparation, receipt, or issuance thereof or request therefor by Lender, (A) copies of any reports and management control letters provided by Borrowers' independent accountants and (B) such additional information, documents, statements, and other materials as Lender may reasonably request from time to time and which is reasonably capable of being obtained, produced, or generated by Borrowers; provided, that in no event shall Borrowers be required to provide any information, documents, statements, and other materials that is subject to attorney-client or other privilege or that consists of attorney work product.

(c) **Notices.** Each Borrower for itself, promptly, and in any event within five (5) Business Days after such Borrower or any Authorized Person thereof obtains knowledge thereof, shall notify Lender in writing of:

(i) other than in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, any pending or threatened (in writing) action, suit, proceeding, or investigation involving any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, or any such Person's property to the extent the amount in controversy exceeds \$500,000 the aggregate or any injunctive relief is sought;

(ii) other than in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases, (A) the receipt of any notice or request from any Governmental Authority regarding any liability or claim

Exhibit C-1

equal to or exceeding \$500,000 in the aggregate or (B) any material action taken or threatened to be taken by any Governmental Authority (or any notice of any of the foregoing);

(iii) any notice regarding termination by the lessor of any lease of material real property (other than any such termination resulting from the scheduled expiration thereof, pursuant to the agreed upon terms in effect on the date of this Agreement) or of any senior officer, or the loss or termination (other than any such termination resulting from the scheduled expiration thereof, pursuant to the agreed upon terms in effect on the date of this Agreement) of any Material Contract to which any Borrower or its assets are bound; and

(iv) the filing, recording, or assessment of any federal, state, local, or foreign tax Lien against any Collateral (other than real estate taxes and municipal charges related to Collateral consisting of real property).

(d) **Updates.** Borrowers shall furnish to Lender revisions to the schedules to any Loan Document to the extent necessary or appropriate (as determined by Borrowers in the good faith exercise of its business judgment); provided, that delivery or receipt thereof by Lender shall not constitute a waiver by Lender or a cure of any Default or Event of Default resulting therefrom.

(e) **Material Adverse Change.** Promptly upon an Authorized Person of Borrowers obtaining knowledge of any development or event pertaining to Borrowers constituting a Material Adverse Change with respect to which notice is not otherwise required to be given pursuant to this Exhibit C, a certificate signed by an Authorized Person of Borrowers setting forth the details of such development or event and stating what action Borrowers has taken or proposes to take with respect thereto; provided, that in no event shall Borrowers be subject to provide any detail or action-related decision that is subject to attorney-client or other privilege or that consists of attorney work product.

(f) **Management Letters.** Promptly after the receipt thereof by Borrowers, copies of any management letters and any reports as to material inadequacies in accounting controls (including reports as to the absence of any such inadequacies) submitted to Borrowers by its independent accountants in connection with any audit of Borrowers made by such accountants.



**EXHIBIT D**

**Borrowing Notice**

Brightmark Plastics Ashley Holdco LLC and/or its designees or its assignees,  
as Lender

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The undersigned, Brightmark Plastics Renewal LLC (the “Borrower Representative”; and together with its affiliated debtors, as debtors in possession), refers to the Secured, Super-Priority Debtor-In-Possession Loan and Security Agreement dated as of March [\_\_\_], 2025 (as the same has been amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time through the date hereof, the “Loan Agreement”) between Borrowers and Brightmark Plastics Ashley Holdco LLC (together with its successors and assigns, “Lender”). Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the respective meanings ascribed to such terms in the Loan Agreement. This Borrowing Notice constitutes a Loan Document.

In accordance with the Loan Agreement, the undersigned hereby gives you notice of its request for an Advance in the amount of [•] Million Dollars (\$[•]) to be funded on [•], 202[•] by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account of the Borrower Representative set forth on Annex A hereto. The Borrower Representative, for itself and on behalf of the other Borrowers, acknowledges and agrees that the requested Advance shall be funded net of the invoiced fees and expenses of Kilpatrick Townsend & Stockton LLP, counsel to the Lender (the “Netted Amounts” and the excess of the principal amount of the requested Advance and Netted Amounts, the “Net Proceeds”). For the avoidance of doubt, the funding of the Net Proceeds shall constitute the full funding of the requested Advance.

The Borrower Representative, for itself and on behalf of the other Borrowers, hereby represent and warrant to Lender that: (i) as of the date of this Borrowing Notice, the sum of the outstanding principal of the Loans under the Loan Agreement (after giving effect to the Advance requested to be made on such date pursuant to this Borrowing Notice) plus the amount requested in any outstanding but unfunded Borrowing Notice does not violate Section 2.1 of the Loan Agreement or any other Loan Document; and (ii) the Borrowers are in compliance with the conditions precedent set forth in Sections 3.1 and 3.2 of the Loan Agreement.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

Exhibit D-1

**BORROWER REPRESENTATIVE:**

**BRIGHTMARK PLASTICS RENEWAL LLC**

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Exhibit D-2

**Exhibit 2**

Initial DIP Budget

Brightmark Plastics Renewal  
 Projected Weekly Cash Forecast

	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Total
Week Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Week Beg.	03/17/2025	03/24/2025	03/31/2025	04/07/2025	04/14/2025	04/21/2025	04/28/2025	05/05/2025	05/12/2025	Total
Week Ending	03/23/2025	03/30/2025	04/06/2025	04/13/2025	04/20/2025	04/27/2025	05/04/2025	05/11/2025	05/18/2025	Total
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS</b>										
<i>Operating Disbursements:</i>										
Materials/Suppliers	-	-	-	(564,931)	-	(564,931)	-	(388,684)	-	(1,518,546)
Critical Vendors and Suppliers (prepetition)	-	(400,000)	-	(450,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(850,000)
Payroll (Includes taxes and benefits)	(125,750)	(354,000)	(100,496)	(325,496)	(100,496)	(475,496)	(100,496)	(325,496)	(100,496)	(2,008,223)
Utilities	-	(219,278)	-	-	-	(185,523)	-	-	-	(404,801)
Rent/Leases	-	(54,691)	-	(28,900)	-	(28,900)	-	(19,267)	-	(131,758)
IT	-	(27,025)	-	(20,908)	-	(20,908)	-	(11,289)	-	(80,131)
Property Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(344,273)	-	(344,273)
Other Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities Deposit	(93,888)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(93,888)
General Contingency	-	(41,667)	-	(41,667)	-	(41,667)	-	(41,667)	-	(166,667)
Brightmark Direct Charged Costs	-	(335,295)	-	-	-	(806,832)	-	-	-	(1,142,127)
HSE and Maintenance	-	(431,431)	-	(777,825)	-	(777,825)	-	(485,858)	-	(2,472,938)
<b>Total Operating Disbursements</b>	<b>(219,638)</b>	<b>(1,863,387)</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(2,209,727)</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(2,902,082)</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(1,616,533)</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(9,213,350)</b>
<b>Total Cash Flow from Operations</b>	<b>(219,638)</b>	<b>(1,863,387)</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(2,209,727)</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(2,902,082)</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(1,616,533)</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(9,213,350)</b>
<b>OTHER CASH ACTIVITIES</b>										
<i>Non-Operating Disbursements:</i>										
Debtor Counsel	-	(500,000)	-	-	-	(500,000)	-	(250,000)	-	(1,250,000)
Debtor Investment Banker	-	-	-	(50,000)	-	-	-	(675,000)	-	(725,000)
Debtor Financial Advisor	-	(92,500)	-	(32,500)	-	-	-	(32,500)	-	(157,500)
Claims Agent	-	(56,250)	-	(56,250)	-	(56,250)	-	(56,250)	-	(225,000)
Professional Fees - Entity Wind Down	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(200,000)	-	(200,000)
Bondholders Professional Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lender Professional Fees	-	(350,000)	-	-	-	(190,000)	-	(190,000)	-	(730,000)
UST Fees	-	-	-	-	-	(33,164)	-	-	-	(33,164)
<b>Total Non-Operating Disbursements</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(998,750)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(138,750)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(779,414)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1,403,750)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(3,320,664)</b>
<b>DIP Funding</b>	<b>137,000</b>	<b>2,965,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,447,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,782,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,126,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12,457,000</b>
<b>Total Non-Operating Receipts</b>	<b>137,000</b>	<b>2,965,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,447,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,782,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,126,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12,457,000</b>
<b>Net Weekly Cash Flow</b>	<b>(82,638)</b>	<b>102,863</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>98,523</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>100,504</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>105,717</b>	<b>(100,496)</b>	<b>(77,014)</b>
Beginning Cash	187,809	105,171	208,035	107,538	206,062	105,566	206,070	105,574	211,291	
Net Weekly Cash Flow	(82,638)	102,863	(100,496)	98,523	(100,496)	100,504	(100,496)	105,717	(100,496)	
<b>Weekly Ending Cash</b>	<b>105,171</b>	<b>208,035</b>	<b>107,538</b>	<b>206,062</b>	<b>105,566</b>	<b>206,070</b>	<b>105,574</b>	<b>211,291</b>	<b>110,795</b>	
<b>DIP Loan</b>										
Beginning Balance	-	137,000	3,102,299	3,109,074	5,562,864	5,575,012	9,369,187	9,389,648	12,536,154	
(+) Additions	137,000	2,965,000	-	2,447,000	-	3,782,000	-	3,126,000	-	
(+) Accrued Interest	-	299	6,775	6,790	12,148	12,175	20,461	20,506	27,377	
(-) Repayment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ending Balance	137,000	3,102,299	3,109,074	5,562,864	5,575,012	9,369,187	9,389,648	12,536,154	12,563,531	
<b>RESTRICTED CASH UNAVAILABLE FOR USE (UMB ACCOUNTS)</b>										
<i>Estimated Cash Receipts:</i>										
A/R Collections	-	-	288,838	-	-	-	369,200	-	-	658,038
Insurance Refund	-	-	-	-	176,905	-	103,568	-	-	280,473
<b>Funds Deposited into UMB Accounts</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>288,838</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>176,905</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>472,768</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>938,511</b>
Weekly Beginning Cash	913,786	913,786	913,786	1,202,624	1,202,624	1,379,528	1,379,528	1,852,297	1,852,297	
Master Revenue Fund	-	-	288,838	-	176,905	-	472,768	-	-	
Disbursements from UMB Accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Weekly Ending Cash	913,786	913,786	1,202,624	1,202,624	1,379,528	1,379,528	1,852,297	1,852,297	1,852,297	